



SUNNY TRIPOWER X 30-US

STP13-US-50 (208V) / STP 20-US-50 / STP 25-US-50 / STP 30-US-50

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Status: Thursday, September 25, 2025

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Table of Contents

1	Information on this Document.....	7
1.1	Validity.....	7
1.2	Target Group	7
1.3	Content and Structure of this Document.....	7
1.4	Levels of Warning Messages.....	7
1.5	Symbols in the Document.....	8
1.6	Typographies in the document.....	8
1.7	Designations in the Document.....	8
1.8	Additional Information.....	8
2	Safety	10
2.1	Intended Use.....	10
2.2	IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS	10
3	Scope of delivery	16
4	Product overview	18
4.1	Device function.....	18
4.2	System Overview	18
4.2.1	Sunny Tripower X 30-US as SMA System Manager	18
4.2.2	Sunny Tripower X 30-US with SMA Data Manager as System Manager.....	19
4.3	Product Description.....	20
4.4	Symbols on the Product.....	20
4.5	Interfaces and Functions.....	21
4.5.1	User Interface	21
4.5.2	Device Key (DEV KEY)	21
4.5.3	Diagnostic function.....	22
4.5.4	Digital inputs.....	22
4.5.5	Integrated Plant Control.....	22
4.5.6	Arc-Fault Circuit Interrupter (AFCI)	22
4.5.7	Modbus	23
4.5.8	Multifunction relay (MFR)	23
4.5.9	Grid Management Services	23
4.5.10	Rapid Shutdown Equipment	23
4.5.11	Fast stop function.....	24
4.5.12	SMA Dynamic Power Control	24
4.5.13	SMA ShadeFix	24
4.5.14	SMA Smart Connected.....	24
4.5.15	SMA Speedwire.....	25
4.5.16	Surge arrester type 1+2 or type 2.....	25
4.5.17	Wi-Fi.....	25
4.6	LED Signals.....	25
5	Mounting	27
5.1	Requirements for Mounting	27
5.1.1	Requirements for the Mounting Location	27
5.1.2	Permitted and prohibited mounting positions	27
5.1.3	Dimensions for mounting.....	28
5.1.4	Recommended clearances for mounting	28
5.2	Mount the product.	29
5.3	Mounting equipment grounding bar	31
5.4	Mount the DC terminal cover (optional)	31

6	Electrical Connection	33
6.1	Requirements for the electrical connection	33
6.1.1	Permitted grid configurations	33
6.1.2	Residual-current monitoring unit	33
6.1.3	Load-break switch and cable protection	33
6.1.4	Overvoltage category	34
6.1.5	Requirements on the AC conductors	34
6.1.6	Network cable requirements	34
6.1.7	Requirements for the PV modules per input	34
6.1.8	Requirements on the equipment grounding conductor of the PV modules	34
6.1.9	Requirements on DC Conductors	35
6.1.10	Signal cable requirements	35
6.1.11	Additionally required material for the connection to digital inputs	35
6.2	Overview of the Connection Area	35
6.2.1	View from Below	35
6.2.2	Interior View	36
6.3	Electrical connection procedure	36
6.4	Connecting the AC conductors	37
6.5	Connecting the Network Cables	39
6.6	Connection to the Multifunction Relay	40
6.6.1	Digital output (MFR)	40
6.6.2	Pin assignment MFR	40
6.6.3	Connect signal source to MFR	41
6.7	Connection to digital input DI 1-4	42
6.7.1	Digital input DI 1-4	42
6.7.2	Pin assignment DI 1-4	42
6.7.2.1	Digital input DI 1-4	42
6.7.3	Circuitry overview DI 1-4	42
6.7.3.1	Digital input DI 1-4	42
6.7.4	Connecting signal source to DI 1-4	43
6.8	Connection to digital input DI 5-6	44
6.8.1	Digital input DI 5-6	44
6.8.2	Pin assignment DI 5-6	44
6.8.3	Circuitry overview DI 5	45
6.8.4	Circuitry overview DI 6	45
6.8.5	Connecting Signal Source to Digital Input DI 5-6	45
6.9	DC connection	47
6.9.1	Assembling the DC Connectors	47
6.9.2	Connecting the PV Array	48
7	Commissioning	51
7.1	Procedure for commissioning as a subordinate device	51
7.2	Procedure for commissioning as System Manager	51
7.3	Commissioning the Inverter	52
8	Operation	54
8.1	Establishing a Connection to the User Interface	54
8.1.1	Connection in the local network	54
8.1.1.1	Access addresses for the product in the local network	54
8.1.1.2	Ports for data communication in the local network	54
8.1.1.3	Establishing a Connection via Ethernet in the local network	55
8.1.1.4	Establishing a Connection via WLAN in the Local Network	55
8.1.2	Direct connection via Wi-Fi	56
8.1.2.1	Connection options for Wi-Fi direct connection	56
8.1.2.2	Access information for direct Wi-Fi connection	56

8.1.2.3	Establishing a direct Wi-Fi connection with WPS	56
8.1.2.4	Establishing direct Wi-Fi connection with Wi-Fi network search.....	57
8.2	WPS function.....	57
8.2.1	Connection options with WPS.....	57
8.2.2	Activating WPS for automatic connection	57
8.2.3	Activating WPS for direct connection to a smart device	57
8.3	Design of the User Interface.....	58
8.4	Access rights to the user interface.....	58
8.5	Changing parameters.....	59
8.6	Bookmarking Instantaneous Values.....	59
8.7	Arc-Fault Circuit Interrupter (AFCI).....	60
8.8	Digital output (MFR)	60
8.8.1	Use of the digital output (MFR)	60
8.8.2	Configure the digital output (MFR)	61
8.9	Digital input.....	61
8.9.1	Configure digital inputs.....	61
8.9.2	Configuring the digital input DI 1-4 for the external setpoint.....	62
8.9.3	Control and Regulation of Grid Management Services via Digital Inputs	62
8.9.4	Instantaneous Values for Verifying Active Power Limitation	63
8.10	Generating the I-V Characteristic Curve.....	63
8.11	Activating a Digital Product.....	63
8.12	Energy management	64
8.12.1	Activating the energy management	64
8.12.2	Deactivating the energy management.....	64
8.12.3	Predefined operating modes	65
8.12.4	Available operating modes	66
8.12.5	Add new operating mode	66
8.12.6	Setting options for peak load shaving	67
8.12.7	Create a new schedule.....	68
8.12.8	Export schedules	68
8.12.9	Import schedules	68
8.13	Backup file.....	69
8.13.1	Function and content of the backup file.....	69
8.13.2	Creating a Backup File	69
8.14	Carry out a manual firmware update.....	69
8.15	Device Administration.....	70
8.15.1	Register Devices	70
8.15.2	Delete devices	70
8.16	Restart the inverter via the user interface.....	71
8.17	Resetting the product to default setting	71
8.18	Delete user accounts	71
8.19	Configuring Service Access	72
8.20	Q on Demand 24/7	72
8.21	Country standard.....	73
8.22	Overview of Grid Types.....	73
9	Disconnecting the Inverter from Voltage Sources.....	75
10	Cleaning.....	78
11	Troubleshooting	79
11.1	Event messages.....	79
11.2	Calculating the insulation resistance	98

11.3	Checking the PV System for Ground Faults.....	99
11.4	Cleaning the Fans.....	100
11.5	Manual restart after electric arc	101
11.6	Create Diagnostics Data	101
12	Decommissioning the Product.....	102
13	Disposal	103
14	Technical Data	104
14.1	General Data.....	104
14.2	DC Input	105
14.3	AC Output.....	105
14.4	Digital inputs	107
14.5	Digital output (multifunction relay).....	107
14.6	Communication	107
14.7	Data Storage Capacity	107
14.8	Efficiency	107
14.9	Protective Devices	108
14.10	Climatic Conditions.....	108
14.11	Equipment.....	108
14.12	Torques.....	108
15	Accessories	110
16	Compliance Information.....	111
17	Contact	112

1 Information on this Document

1.1 Validity

This document is valid for:

- STP 13-US-50 (208 V) (Sunny Tripower X 13-US) from firmware version 3.14.22.R
- STP 20-US-50 (Sunny Tripower X 20-US) from firmware version 03.06.15.R
- STP 25-US-50 (Sunny Tripower X 25-US) from firmware version 03.06.15.R
- STP 30-US-50 (Sunny Tripower X 30-US) from firmware version 03.06.15.R

1.2 Target Group

This document is intended for qualified persons and end users. Only qualified persons are allowed to perform the activities marked in this document with a warning symbol and the caption "Qualified person". Tasks that do not require any particular qualification are not marked and can also be performed by end users. Qualified persons must have the following skills:

- Knowledge of how to safely disconnect SMA inverters
- Knowledge of how an inverter works and is operated
- Training in how to deal with the dangers and risks associated with installing, repairing and using electrical devices and installations
- Training in the installation and commissioning of electrical devices and installations
- Knowledge of all applicable laws, regulations, standards, and directives
- Knowledge of and compliance with this document and all safety information

1.3 Content and Structure of this Document

This document describes the mounting, installation, commissioning, configuration, operation, troubleshooting and decommissioning of the product.

The latest version of this document and additional information about the product can be found in PDF format and as an eManual at www.SMA-Solar.com. You can also call up the eManual via the user interface of the product.

Illustrations in this document are reduced to the essential information and may deviate from the real product.

1.4 Levels of Warning Messages

The following levels of warning messages may occur when handling the product.

DANGER

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Indicates a situation which, if not avoided, can result in property damage.

1.5 Symbols in the Document

Symbol	Explanation
	Information that is important for a specific topic or goal, but is not safety-relevant
	Indicates a requirement for meeting a specific goal
	Required result
	Example
 QUALIFIED PERSON	Sections describing activities to be performed by qualified persons only

1.6 Typographies in the document

Typography	Use	Example
bold	• Messages • Terminals • Elements on a user interface • Elements to be selected • Elements to be entered	• Connect the insulated conductors to the terminals X703:1 to X703:6. • Enter 10 in the field Minutes.
>	• Connects several elements to be selected	• Go to Settings > Date.
[Button] [Key]	• Button or key to be selected or pressed	• Select [Enter].
#	• Placeholder for variable components (e.g., parameter names)	• Parameter WCtHz.Hz#

1.7 Designations in the Document

Complete designation	Designation in this document
Sunny Tripower X 30-US	Inverter, product

1.8 Additional Information

Additional information is available at www.SMA-Solar.com.

Title and information content	Type of information
"PUBLIC CYBER SECURITY - Guidelines for a Secure System Communication"	Technical Information
"Efficiency and Derating" Efficiency and derating behavior of the SMA inverters	Technical Information
"Parameters and Measured Values" Device-specific overview of all parameters and measured values and their setting options Information about the SMA Modbus registers	Technical Information

Title and information content	Type of information
"SMA Modbus ®-interface - ennexOS" Information on the SMA Modbus interface	Technical Information
"SunSpec Certified Rapid Shutdown Devices" Overview of approved SMA inverters with SunSpec Certified Rapid Shutdown Devices	Technical Information
"SunSpec Modbus ®-interface - ennexOS" Information about the SunSpec Modbus interface and supported information models	Technical Information
Answers to frequently asked questions	FAQ on product page

2 Safety

2.1 Intended Use

The Sunny Tripower is a transformerless PV inverter with 3 MPP trackers that converts the direct current of the PV modules to grid-compliant three-phase current and feeds it into the utility grid.

The product is suitable for indoor and outdoor use.

If the product is operated with a medium-voltage transformer, the low-voltage side must be configured in a star formation and the neutral point grounded (for information about the requirements of the medium-voltage transformer, consult the technical information "Important Requirements for Medium-Voltage Transformers" under www.SMA-Solar.com).

The product must only be operated with PV arrays (PV modules and cabling) that are approved by the electrical standards applicable on-site and the *National Electrical Code*® ANSI/NFPA 70 or the *Canadian Electrical Code*® CSA C22.1.

i Transformerless (Non-isolated)

The product is not equipped with a transformer and therefore has no galvanic isolation.

The neutral conductor of the AC output is not bonded to ground within the product.

- Do not operate grounded PV modules together with the product. If grounded PV modules are connected to the product, an event will occur. The event will be displayed, along with the associated message, in the event list on the user interface of the product.
- Only ground the mounting frames of the PV modules.
- The neutral conductor of the AC output is not bonded to ground within the product. When connecting a utility grid without neutral conductor, N and PE of the AC terminal must be bridged.

PV modules with a high capacity to ground must only be used if the coupling capacity of all PV modules does not exceed 6 μF .

All components must remain within their permitted operating ranges and their installation requirements at all times.

The product is approved for the US and Canadian market.

Use SMA products only in accordance with the information provided in the enclosed documentation and with the locally applicable laws, regulations, standards and directives. Any other application may cause personal injury or property damage.

The documentation must be strictly followed. Deviations from the described actions and the use of materials, tools, and aids other than those specified by SMA Solar Technology AG are expressly forbidden.

Alterations to SMA products, e.g., changes or modifications, are only permitted with the express written permission of and according to the instructions from SMA Solar Technology AG. Unauthorized alterations can be dangerous and lead to personal injury. In addition, an unauthorized alteration as well as disregard of the documentation will void guarantee and warranty claims and in most cases terminate the operating license. SMA Solar Technology AG shall not be held liable for any damage caused by such changes.

Any use of the product other than that described in the Intended Use section does not qualify as appropriate.

The documentation supplied is an integral part of SMA products. Keep the documentation in a convenient, dry place for future reference and observe all instructions contained therein.

This document does not replace any regional, state, provincial, federal or national laws, regulations or standards that apply to the installation, electrical safety and use of the product. SMA Solar Technology AG assumes no responsibility for the compliance or non-compliance with such laws or codes in connection with the installation of the product.

The type label must remain permanently attached to the product.

2.2 IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Keep the manual for future reference.

This section contains safety information that must be observed at all times when working.

The product has been designed and tested in accordance with international safety requirements. As with all electrical or electronical devices, some residual risks remain despite careful construction. To prevent personal injury and property damage and to ensure long-term operation of the product, read this section carefully and observe all safety information at all times.

DANGER

Danger to life due to electric shock when using PV strings with and without module switches

A rapid shutdown can only be reliably initiated if all PV strings that are connected to an inverter are equipped with module switches. If individual PV strings are not equipped with module switches, voltage will still be present at the DC installation even after a rapid shutdown has been initiated. Touching live parts and cables results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Equip all PV strings that are connected to an inverter with module switches.

DANGER

Danger to life due to electric shock when live components or DC cables are touched

When exposed to light, the PV modules generate high DC voltage which is present in the DC cables. Touching live DC cables results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Do not touch non-insulated parts or cables.
- Disconnect the product from voltage sources and ensure it cannot be reconnected before working on the device.
- Do not disconnect the DC connectors under load.
- Wear suitable personal protective equipment for all work on the product.

DANGER

Danger to life due to electric shock from touching an ungrounded PV module or array frame

Touching ungrounded PV modules or array frames results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Connect and ground the frame of the PV modules, the array frame and the electrically conductive surfaces so that there is continuous conduction. Observe the applicable local regulations.

DANGER

Danger to life due to electric shock when touching live system components in case of a ground fault

If a ground fault occurs, parts of the system may still be live. Touching live parts and cables results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Disconnect the product from voltage sources and ensure it cannot be reconnected before working on the device.
- Only touch the cables of the PV modules on their insulation.
- Do not touch any parts of the substructure or frame of the PV array.
- Do not connect PV strings with ground faults to the inverter.
- Ensure that no voltage is present and wait 5 minutes before touching any parts of the PV system or the product.

⚠ DANGER**Danger to life due to electric shock in case of overvoltages and if surge protection is missing**

Overvoltages (e.g., in the event of a flash of lightning) can be further conducted into the building and to other connected devices in the same network via the network cables or other data cables if there is no surge protection. Touching live parts and cables results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Ensure that all devices in the same network are integrated in the existing overvoltage protection.
- When laying the network cable outdoors, ensure that there is suitable surge protection at the network cable transition from the product outdoors to the network inside the building.
- The Ethernet interface of the product is classified as "TNV-1" and offers protection against overvoltages of up to 1.5 kV.

⚠ WARNING**Danger to life due to fire and deflagration**

In rare cases, an explosive gas mixture can be generated inside the product under fault conditions. In this state, switching operations can cause a fire and, in very rare cases, a deflagration inside the product. Death or lethal injuries due to the spread of a fire can result.

- In the event of a fault, do not perform any direct actions on the product.
- In the event of a fault, ensure that unauthorized persons have no access to the product.
- In case of failure, disconnect the PV module via an external disconnection device. If there is no disconnection device present, wait until no more DC power is applied to the inverter.
- In the event of a fault, disconnect the AC circuit breaker, or keep it disconnected in case it has already tripped, and secure it against reconnection.

⚠ WARNING**Risk of injury due to toxic substances, gases and dusts**

In rare cases, damages to electronic components can result in the formation of toxic substances, gases or dusts inside the product. Touching toxic substances and inhaling toxic gases and dusts can cause skin irritation, burns or poisoning, trouble breathing and nausea.

- Only perform work on the product (e.g., troubleshooting, repair work) when wearing personal protective equipment for handling of hazardous substances (e.g., safety gloves, eye and face protection, respiratory protection).
- Ensure that unauthorized persons have no access to the product.

⚠ WARNING**Danger to life due to electric shock from destruction of the measuring device due to overvoltage**

Overvoltage can damage a measuring device and result in voltage being present in the enclosure of the measuring device. Touching the live enclosure of the measuring device results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Only use measuring devices with a DC input voltage range of 1000 V or higher.

⚠ CAUTION**Risk of fire**

- To reduce the risk of fire, connect only to a circuit provided with maximum branch-circuit overcurrent protection 60 A in accordance with the *National Electrical Code*® ANSI/NFPA 70 or the *Canadian Electrical Code*® CSA C22.1.

⚠ CAUTION**Risk of burns due to hot enclosure parts**

The enclosure and the enclosure lid may get hot during operation. The DC load-break switch can not become hot.

- Do not touch hot surfaces.
- Wait until the inverter has cooled down before touching the enclosure or enclosure lid.

⚠ CAUTION**Risk of injury due to weight of product**

Injuries may result if the product is lifted incorrectly or dropped while being transported or mounted.

- Transport and lift the product carefully. Take the weight of the product into account.
- Use the carrying handles or hoist when transporting the product. To attach the hoist system, eye bolts must be screwed into the threads provided, which are located on the right and left of the product's mounting lugs.
- Wear suitable personal protective equipment for all work on the product.

NOTICE**Damage to the enclosure seal in subfreezing conditions**

If you open the product when temperatures are below freezing, the enclosure seals can be damaged. Moisture can penetrate the product and damage it.

- Only open the product if the ambient temperature is not below -5 °C.
- If a layer of ice has formed on the enclosure seal when temperatures are below freezing, remove it prior to opening the product (e.g. by melting the ice with warm air).

NOTICE**Damage to the product due to sand, dust and moisture ingress**

Sand, dust and moisture penetration can damage the product and impair its functionality.

- Only open the product if the humidity is within the thresholds and the environment is free of sand and dust.
- Do not open the product during a dust storm or precipitation.
- Close tightly all enclosure openings.
- Only use listed rain-tight or liquid-tight conduit fittings to attach the conduits to the product.

NOTICE**Damage to the inverter due to electrostatic discharge**

Touching electronic components can cause damage to or destroy the inverter through electrostatic discharge.

- Ground yourself before touching any component.

NOTICE**Manipulation of system data in networks**

You can connect the supported SMA products to the Internet. When connected to the Internet, there is a risk that unauthorized users can access and manipulate the data of your system.

- Set up a firewall.
- Close unnecessary network ports.
- If absolutely necessary, only enable remote access via a virtual private network (VPN).
- Do not use the port forwarding feature. This also applies to the used Modbus ports.
- Disconnect system components from other network components (network segmentation).

NOTICE**High costs due to inappropriate Internet tariff**

Depending on use, the data volume of the product transferred via the Internet may vary in size. The data volume depends, for example, on the number of devices in the system, the frequency of device updates, the frequency of data transfer to Sunny Portal or the use of FTP push. High costs for the Internet connection can be the result.

- SMA Solar Technology AG recommends using an Internet flat rate.

NOTICE**Damage to the product due to cleaning agents**

The use of cleaning agents may cause damage to the product and its components.

- Clean the product and all its components only with a cloth moistened with clear water.

i Communication disturbances in the local network

The IP address range 192.168.12.0 to 192.168.12.255 is occupied for communication amongst SMA products and for direct access to SMA products.

Communication problems might occur if this IP address range is used in the local network.

- Do not use the IP address range 192.168.12.0 to 192.168.12.255 in the local network.

i DHCP Server is recommended

The DHCP server automatically assigns the appropriate network settings to your nodes in the local network. A manual network configuration is therefore not necessary. In a local network, the Internet router is usually the DHCP server. If the IP addresses in the local network are to be assigned dynamically, DHCP must be activated in the Internet router (see the Internet router manual). In order to receive the same IP address by the internet router after a restart, set the MAC address binding.

In networks where no DHCP server is active, proper IP addresses must be assigned from the free address pool of the network segment to all network participants to be integrated during commissioning.

i A country data set must be set for feed-in operation

A country data set must be set (e.g. via the product commissioning wizard or a System Manager) in order for the inverter to start feed-in operation during commissioning.

If no country data set is set, then feed-in operation will be stopped. This state is signaled by the green and red LEDs flashing simultaneously.

The inverter will automatically start feed-in operation only after the inverter configuration is completed.

i The country data set must be set correctly.

If you select a country data set which is not valid for your country and purpose, it can cause a disturbance in the PV system and lead to problems with the grid operator. When selecting the country data set, you must always observe the locally applicable standards and directives as well as the properties of the PV system (e.g. PV system size, grid-connection point).

- If you are not sure which standards and directives are valid for your country or purpose, contact the grid operator.

i Electrical installations (for North America)

All installations must conform with the laws, regulations, codes and standards applicable in the jurisdiction of installation (e.g. *National Electrical Code*® ANSI/NFPA 70 or *Canadian Electrical Code*® CSA-C22.1.).

- Before connecting the product to the utility grid, contact your local grid operator. The electrical connection of the product must be carried out by qualified persons only.
- Ensure that the cables or conductors used for electrical connection are not damaged.

3 Scope of delivery

Check the scope of delivery for completeness and any externally visible damage. Contact your distributor if the scope of delivery is incomplete or damaged.

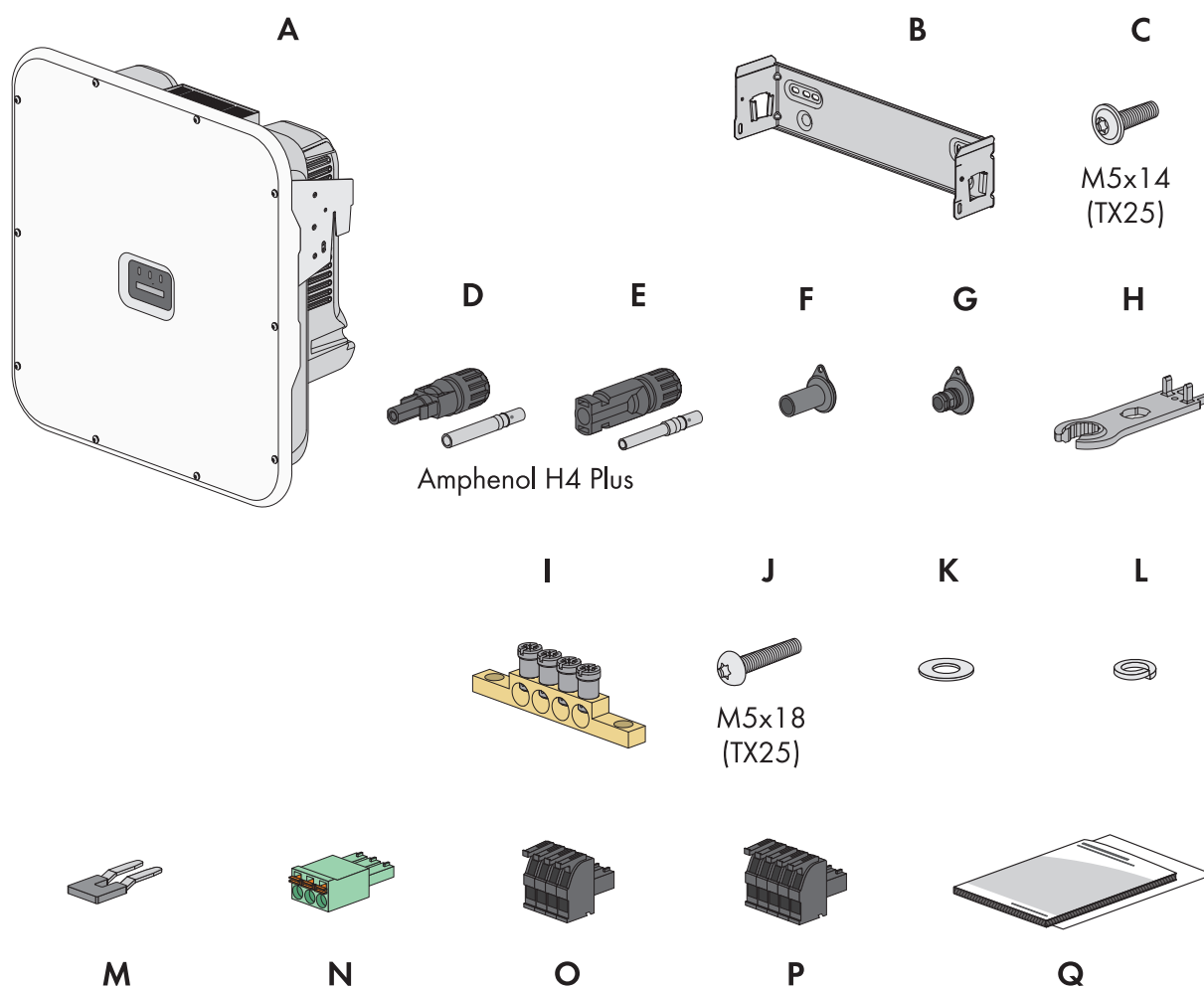


Figure 1: Components included in scope of delivery

Position	Quantity	Designation
A	1	Inverter
B	1	Mounting bracket
C	2	Screw M5x14
D	6	Positive DC connector
E	6	Negative DC connector
F	6	Sealing plug for unused negative DC inputs
G	6	Sealing plug for unused positive DC inputs
H	1	Unlocking tool for DC connectors

Position	Quantity	Designation
I	1	Equipment grounding bar
J	2	Screw M5x18
K	2	Washer
L	2	Conical spring washer
M	1	Jumper
N	1	3-pole terminal block
O	1	4-pole terminal block
P	1	5-pole terminal block
Q	1	Documentation package consists of: • Quick reference guide with password label on the rear side containing the following information: - PIC (Product Identification Code) identification key for registering the system in Sunny Portal - RID (Registration Identifier) registration ID for registering the system in Sunny Portal - Wi-Fi password WPA2-PSK (WiFi Protected Access 2 - Preshared Key) for direct connection to the product via Wi-Fi - Device Key (DEV KEY) for resetting the administrator password • Production test report

4 Product overview

4.1 Device function

It is possible to use and configure the inverter either as a system manager or as a subordinate device.

When using an inverter as a System Manager, ensure that the system size does not exceed 150 kVA and that a maximum of up to 5 additional devices (e.g., 4 inverters and 1 energy meter) can be integrated into the system.

You can set the device function using the commissioning wizard.

Inverter as System Manager

If you configure the inverter as System Manager, the inverter as a main device in conjunction with an energy meter takes over the control at the point of interconnection and can receive control signals. The inverter can control other subordinate devices, takes over the monitoring of the system and the communication to the Sunny Portal powered by ennexOS.

Subordinate device

If you configure the inverter as a subordinate device, it does not take over control. The subordinate inverter receives specifications from the System Manager (e.g. an SMA Data Manager) and implements them. Before a subordinate device can be recorded in a System Manager, you must commission all subordinate devices.

4.2 System Overview

4.2.1 Sunny Tripower X 30-US as SMA System Manager

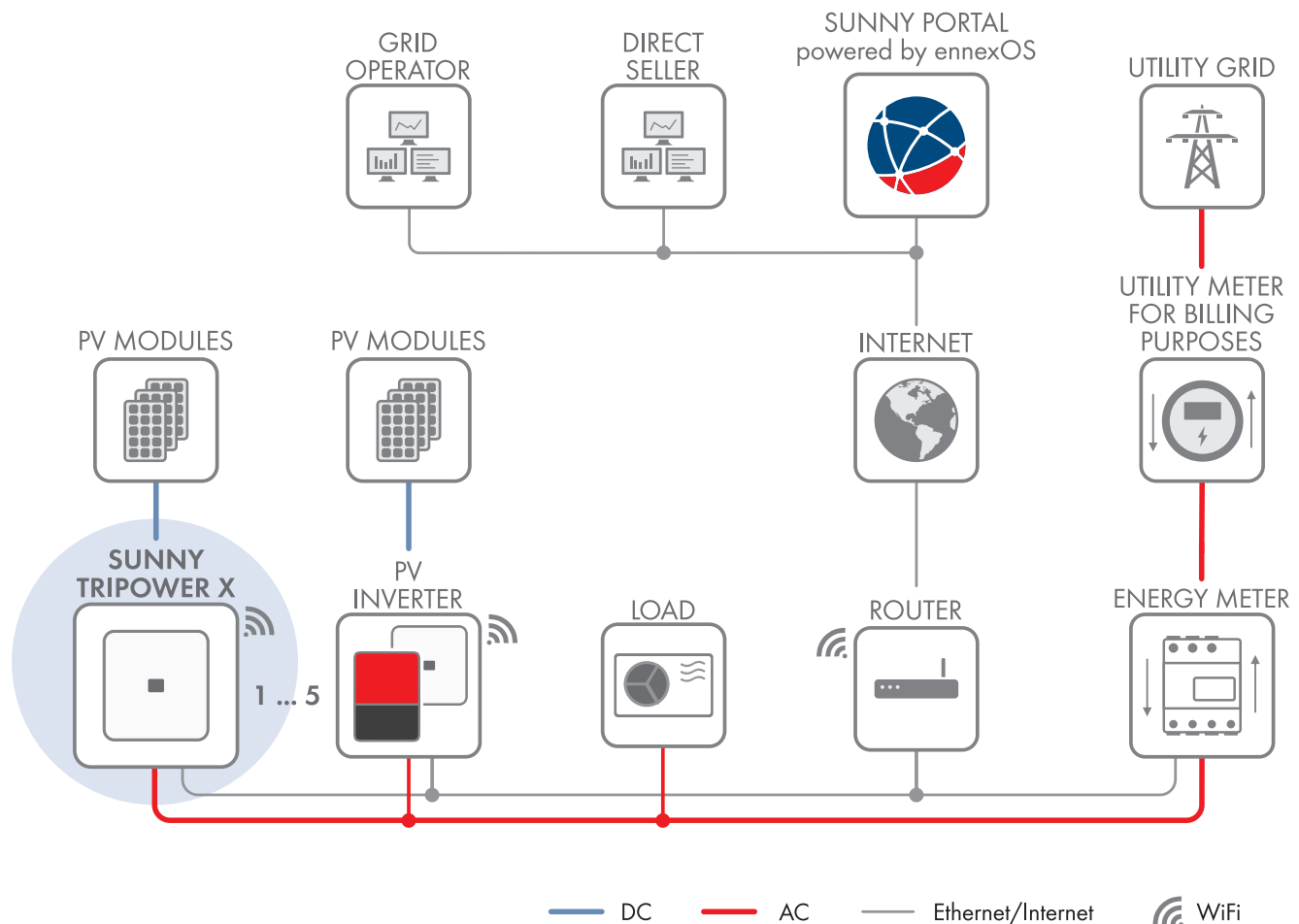


Figure 2: System with Sunny Tripower X 30-US as SMA System Manager and one energy meter

4.2.2 Sunny Tripower X 30-US with SMA Data Manager as System Manager

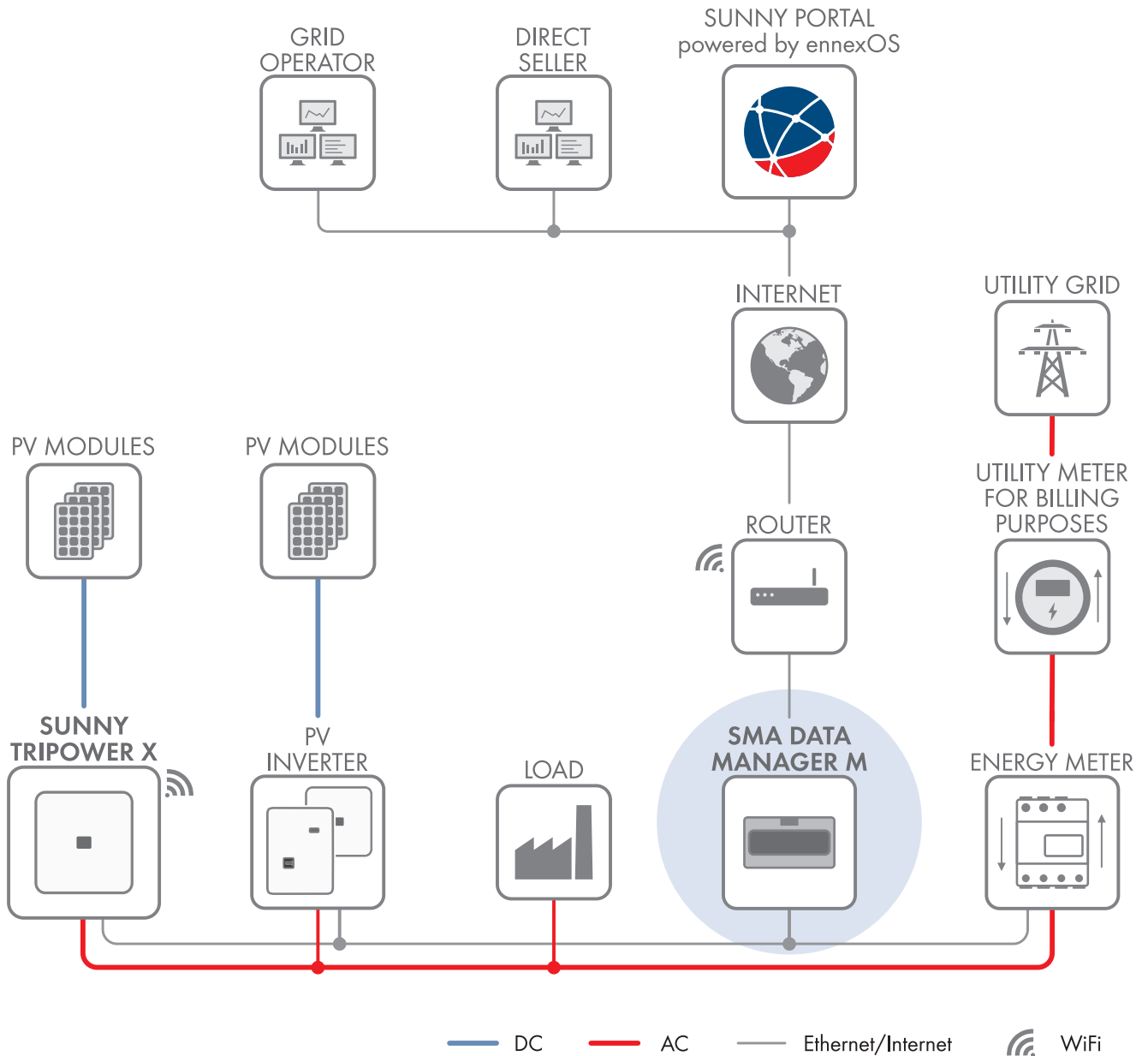


Figure 3: System with Sunny Tripower X 30-US and SMA Data Manager as System Manager

4.3 Product Description

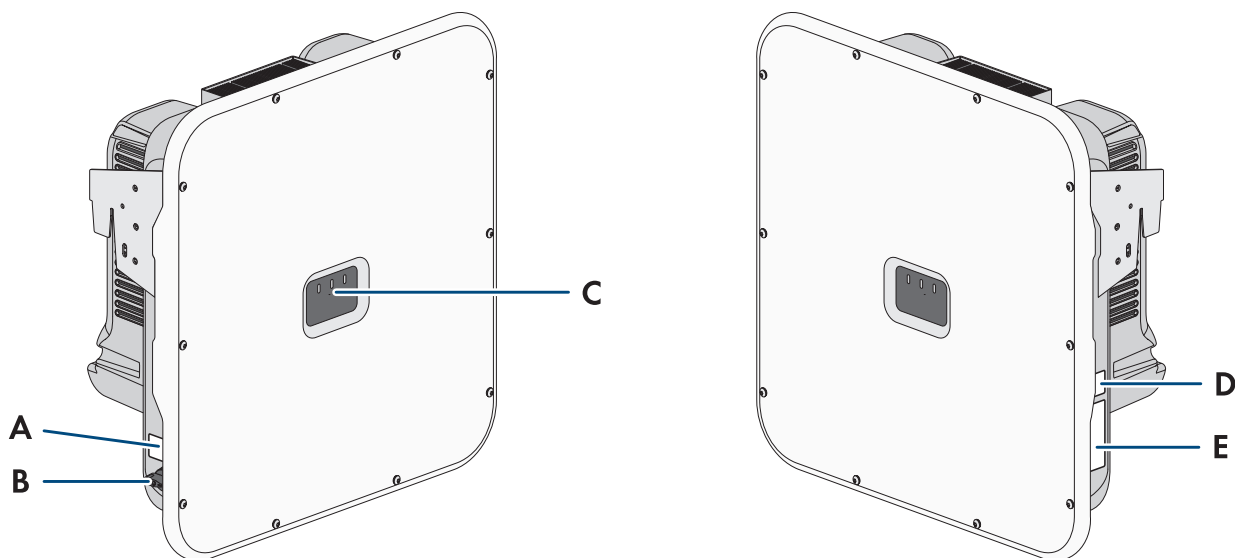


Figure 4: Design of the product

Position	Designation
A	Warning label
B	DC load-break switch
C	LEDs The LEDs indicate the operating state of the product.
D	A label with a QR code to be scanned using the SMA apps
E	Type label The type label clearly identifies the product. The type label must remain permanently attached to the product. You will find the following information on the type label: • Device type (Model) • Serial number (Serial No. or S/N) • Date of manufacture • Device specific characteristics

Also see:

- [LED Signals](#) ⇒ page 25

4.4 Symbols on the Product

Symbol	Explanation
	Beware of electrical voltage The product operates at high voltages.
	Beware of hot surface The product can get hot during operation.

Symbol	Explanation
	Danger to life due to high voltages in the inverter; observe a waiting time of 5 minutes. High voltages that can cause lethal electric shocks are present in the live components of the inverter. Before carrying out any work on the inverter, always de-energize the inverter as described in this document and secure it against reconnection.
	Observe the documentation Observe all documentations supplied with the product.
	Inverter Together with the green LED, this symbol indicates the operating state of the inverter.
	Observe the documentation Together with the red LED, this symbol indicates an error.
	Data transmission Together with the blue LED, this symbol indicates the status of the network connection.
	Shielded ground wire This symbol indicates the position for the connection of an additional equipment grounding conductor.
	FCC designation The product complies with the requirements of the applicable FCC standards.
	UL 62109-1 and CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 62109-1:16 are the standards applied by Underwriters Laboratories to the product to certify that it meets the requirements of the <i>National Electrical Code</i>®, the <i>Canadian Electrical Code</i>® and IEEE 1547.

4.5 Interfaces and Functions

4.5.1 User Interface

The product is equipped as standard with an integrated webserver, which provides a user interface for configuring and monitoring the product.

Once the connection has been established to the smart device, use a device (e.g. smartphone, tablet or laptop) to connect to the product's user interface using a web browser.

Also see:

- [Design of the User Interface ⇒ page 58](#)
- [Access rights to the user interface ⇒ page 58](#)

4.5.2 Device Key (DEV KEY)

If you have forgotten the administrator password for the product, you can reset the administrator account with the Device Key and assign a new password. The Device Key can be used to prove the identity of the product in digital communication. The Device Key is located on the back of the quick reference guide that comes with the product. Keep the Device Key safe in case you forget the administrator password.

4.5.3 Diagnostic function

The inverter has a diagnostic function for measuring the current/voltage characteristic curve (I-V characteristic curve) of the PV modules connected to DC inputs. The characteristic curve shows deviations and changes from the ideal curve. By this, problems in the PV modules can be detected at an early stage.

Also see:

- [Generating the I-V Characteristic Curve ⇒ page 63](#)

4.5.4 Digital inputs

The product is equipped with digital inputs as standard.

Digital input **DI 1-4** is intended for connection of an external signal source for active power limitation.

Digital input **DI 5-6** is intended for connection of an external signal source for fast stop.

4.5.5 Integrated Plant Control

The inverter can display the Q(V) characteristic curve specified by the grid operator by means of Integrated Plant Control without measuring on the grid-connection point. The inverter can automatically compensate equipment installed between the inverter and the point of interconnection after having activated the function (for information on the system configuration refer to the Technical Information "Integrated Plant Control" at www.SMA-Solar.com).

4.5.6 Arc-Fault Circuit Interrupter (AFCI)

The inverter is equipped with an integrated photovoltaic (PV) arc-fault circuit interrupter as required for PV systems by *National Electrical Code*® ANSI/NFPA 70 (NEC). The inverters' arc-fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) functionality is certified to Standard UL 1699B Edition 1 (August 2018), Photovoltaic (PV) DC Arc-Fault Circuit Protection, which defines requirements for PV arc-fault protection devices intended for use in solar photovoltaic electrical energy systems as described in NEC 690.11.

The arc-fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) is activated as standard and is set so that the current flow is interrupted after each electric arc and restarts automatically. If 5 electric arcs are detected within 24 hours, the inverter interrupts feed-in operation permanently and a manual restart must be carried out. If the installation conditions permit this, you can change the default setting.

The arc-fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) can detect electric arcs in the PV modules and the module wiring of connected strings. The arc-fault circuit interrupter ensures that the inverter ceases operations and interrupts any electric arcs as soon as they are detected. This involves halting the flow of current.

The arc-fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) has proved extremely reliable, meaning that the inverter dependably detects and interrupts electric arcs that actually occur in the PV electric circuit and is generally not susceptible to false tripping. AFCI incidents output by the inverter should be regarded as reliable indicators of actual errors in the PV electric circuit displayed and should be investigated immediately and thoroughly by qualified persons to localize and rectify errors in the PV electric circuit.

i Arc-fault circuit interrupter without permanent operation interruption

If the arc-fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) is configured with automatic restart, the system should be monitored closely and recurring faults in the AFCI should be investigated immediately by qualified persons. If it is not possible to identify the cause of the error, the inverter should be taken out of operation until the investigation and corrective action can be completed. Recurring errors may cause damage to neighboring conductors and system components, which could result in more extensive system failures and damage and even to uncontrolled electric arcs and fires.

Also see:

- [Arc-Fault Circuit Interrupter \(AFCI\) ⇒ page 60](#)
- [Manual restart after electric arc ⇒ page 101](#)

4.5.7 Modbus

The product is equipped with a Modbus interface. The Modbus interface is deactivated by default and must be configured as needed.

The Modbus interface of the supported SMA products is designed for industrial use – via SCADA systems, for example – and has the following tasks:

- Remote query of measured values
- Remote setting of operating parameters
- Setpoint specifications for system control

4.5.8 Multifunction relay (MFR)

The inverter is equipped with a multifunction relay as standard. The multifunction relay is an interface that can be configured for the operating mode used by a particular system.

The multifunction relay can only be used if the inverter is configured as System Manager.

Also see:

- [Use of the digital output \(MFR\) ⇒ page 60](#)

4.5.9 Grid Management Services

The inverter is a grid support interactive inverter.

The inverter was tested in accordance with UL 1741 SB / IEEE 1547-2018 (10/2022) to be compliant with the source requirements documents of the states available at the time of the test.

For connecting the inverter to the utility grid, no additional grid monitoring equipment is necessary.

4.5.10 Rapid Shutdown Equipment

The inverter is listed as PV Rapid Shutdown Equipment (PVRSE) according to UL 1741.

All PV inputs and AC outputs of this product meet the photovoltaic rapid shutdown requirements for controlled conductors located outside the PV array.

A complete PV Rapid Shutdown System (PVRSS) consists of the PV inverter, PV array disconnect switches, and a Rapid Shutdown initiation device. The Rapid Shutdown initiation device serves to initiate a rapid shutdown. The PV Rapid Shutdown System must limit the DC conductors to < 30 V within 30 seconds.

NOTICE - The inverter's Rapid Shutdown function is initiated by disconnecting the inverter from the AC grid voltage, for example, by opening the main PV system AC disconnect. The AC circuit breaker that serves as the rapid shutdown initiator must be readily accessible and clearly marked in accordance with *National Electrical Code*®. The Rapid Shutdown status of the PV system will be indicated by the On/Off (Closed/Open) position of this AC disconnect. The Off (Open) position indicates that a rapid shutdown has been initiated.

If PV array disconnect switches compliant with the SunSpec communication signal for Rapid Shutdown systems are installed, the inverter can transmit a SunSpec-compliant "permission to operate" signal to them via its DC input conductors. When a rapid shutdown is initiated, the inverter will stop transmitting the SunSpec signal. When the SunSpec signal is not being received, the PV array disconnect switches are responsible for reducing line voltages within the PV array in accordance with *National Electrical Code*®. For rapid shutdown via the SunSpec communication signal to function properly, ensure all PV modules connected to the inverter are equipped with SunSpec-compliant PV module switches. For reliable discharge of the DC connection conductors, it is necessary for the sum of the standby voltages of all PV array disconnect switches of a string to be > 3.6 V and < 30 V. In addition, the recommended total length of all DC lines of a string should not exceed 300 m (1000 ft). The total length defines the length of the entire string wiring including the connection cable of the PV module switch in the string (measured from the positive DC terminal to the negative DC terminal of the inverter).

A PV Rapid Shutdown system can also be installed using PV array disconnect switches initiated in case of power failures or other means. In such cases, it is essential that the PV system rapid shutdown initiator triggers a simultaneous rapid shutdown of the PV modules whenever the inverter is disconnected from the grid voltage.

The PV array disconnect switches must disconnect the PV array from the inverter within a maximum of 15 seconds after Rapid Shutdown initiation.

The inverter is capable of grid support operation where in case of a power failure or by activating the AC disconnect, the inverter remains connected to the utility grid for a defined ride-through time and waits for voltage recovery. If grid voltage does not recover within the defined ride-through time, the inverter disconnects from the utility grid and Rapid Shutdown is initiated.

The Rapid Shutdown function is disabled by default. The Rapid Shutdown function should only be enabled when PV array disconnect switches have been installed within the PV array or between the PV array and the inverter. The Rapid Shutdown function can be enabled during or after inverter commissioning via the user interface by selecting the operating mode suitable for the PV array disconnect switches. If the Rapid Shutdown function is enabled but PV module switches are not installed, the inverter will be unable to discharge the connected DC input conductors during a rapid shutdown. As a result, the inverter can be damaged.

WARNING - THIS PV RAPID SHUTDOWN EQUIPMENT DOES NOT PERFORM ALL OF THE FUNCTIONS OF A COMPLETE PV RAPID SHUTDOWN SYSTEM. THIS PV RAPID SHUTDOWN EQUIPMENT MUST BE INSTALLED WITH OTHER EQUIPMENT TO FORM A COMPLETE PV RAPID SHUTDOWN SYSTEM THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF NEC (NFPA 70) FOR CONTROLLED CONDUCTORS OUTSIDE THE ARRAY. OTHER EQUIPMENT INSTALLED IN OR ON THIS PV SYSTEM MAY ADVERSELY AFFECT THE OPERATION OF THE PV RAPID SHUTDOWN SYSTEM. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE INSTALLER TO ENSURE THAT THE COMPLETED PV SYSTEM MEETS THE RAPID SHUT DOWN FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS. THIS EQUIPMENT MUST BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL.

4.5.11 Fast stop function

The fast stop function is a digital input on the inverter via which the inverter can be disconnected from the utility grid. It can be triggered by means of an external potential-free contact (break contact).

It can be configured whether the disconnection from the utility grid should take place when the contact is open or closed.

The fast stop function is deactivated by default and must be activated in the inverter.

4.5.12 SMA Dynamic Power Control

SMA Dynamic Power Control is a pre-installed software that allows a System Manager to control the active and reactive power of up to 5 inverters (including the System Manager).

4.5.13 SMA ShadeFix

The inverter is equipped with the shade management system SMA ShadeFix. SMA ShadeFix uses an intelligent MPP tracking system to determine the operating point with the highest output during shading conditions. With SMA ShadeFix, inverters use the best possible energy supply from the PV modules at all times to increase yields in shaded systems.

SMA ShadeFix is disabled by default, and can be enabled if required.

The time interval of SMA ShadeFix is usually 6 minutes. This means that the inverter determines the optimum operating point every 6 minutes. Depending on the PV system or shading situation, it may be useful to adjust the time interval.

4.5.14 SMA Smart Connected

SMA Smart Connected is the free monitoring of the product via the SMA Sunny Portal. Thanks to SMA Smart Connected, the operator and qualified person will be informed automatically and proactively about product events that occur.

SMA Smart Connected is activated during registration in Sunny Portal. In order to use SMA Smart Connected, it is necessary that the product is permanently connected to Sunny Portal and the data of the operator and qualified person is stored in Sunny Portal and up-to-date.

4.5.15 SMA Speedwire

The product is equipped with SMA Speedwire as standard. SMA Speedwire is a type of communication based on the Ethernet standard. SMA Speedwire is designed for a data transfer rate of 100 Mbps and enables optimum communication between Speedwire devices within systems.

The products supports the encrypted system communication with SMA Speedwire Encrypted Communication. In order to be able to use the Speedwire encryption in the system, all Speedwire devices, except for the energy meter, must support the function SMA Speedwire Encrypted Communication.

4.5.16 Surge arrester type 1+2 or type 2

The inverter has a DIN rail that serves as a mounting location for the DC overvoltage protection. The DC overvoltage protection with surge protection devices of the type 1+2 or type 2 is available as an accessory. The surge protection devices limit dangerous overvoltages.

4.5.17 Wi-Fi

The product is equipped with a Wi-Fi interface as standard. The inverter is delivered with the WLAN interface activated as standard. If you do not want to use WLAN, you can deactivate the WLAN interface.

In addition, the product has a WPS function. The WPS function is for automatically connecting the product to a network (e.g. via router) and establish a direct connection between the product and a smart device.

4.6 LED Signals

The LEDs indicate the operating state of the product.

LED signal	Explanation
Green LED and red LED flash simultaneously (2 s on and 2 s off)	No country data set set Operation of the product is stopped because no country data set is set. The product automatically starts operation as soon as the configuration has been carried out (e.g. using the commissioning wizard or via a System Manager).
The green LED is flashing (2 s on and 2 s off)	Waiting for feed-in conditions The conditions for feed-in operation are not yet met. As soon as the conditions are met, the product will start feed-in operation.
The green LED is glowing	Operation The product is in operation.
The green LED is off	No DC voltage is present.
The red LED is glowing	Error Operation of the product has been stopped. In addition, a specific event message and the associated event number are displayed on the user interface of the product or the System Manager (e.g. SMA Data Manager) (see Section 11.1, page 79).

LED signal	Explanation
Red LED is flashing (0.25 s on, 0.25 s off, 0.25 s on, 1.25 s off)	Warning Communication with the System Manager failed. The inverter continues to operate with restricted function (e.g., with set fallback level). In addition, a specific event message and the associated event number are displayed on the user interface of the product or the System Manager (e.g. SMA Data Manager) (see Section 11.1, page 79).
The blue LED is flashing slowly (2 s on and 2 s off)	Communication connection is being established. The product is establishing a connection with a local network or is establishing a direct connection to a smart device (e.g., smartphone, tablet or laptop).
The blue LED is flashing fast (0.25 s on and 0.25 s off)	A System Manager is requesting identification of the product.
The blue LED is glowing	There is an active connection with a local network or there is a direct connection with a smart device (e.g., smartphone, tablet or laptop).
Blue LED is off	There is no active connection.
All 3 LEDs are on	Product update or booting procedure.

5 Mounting

5.1 Requirements for Mounting

5.1.1 Requirements for the Mounting Location

⚠ WARNING

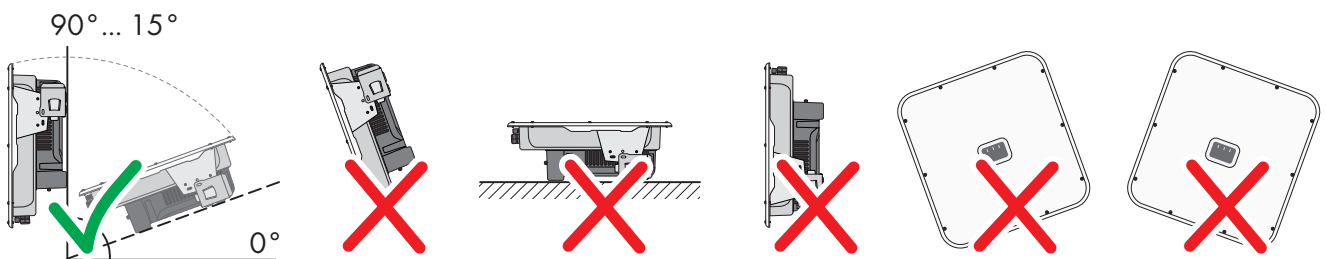
Danger to life due to fire or explosion

Despite careful construction, electrical devices can cause fires. This can result in death or serious injury.

- Do not mount the product in areas containing highly flammable materials or gases.
- Do not mount the product in potentially explosive atmospheres.

- ☐ A solid support surface must be available. When mounted on drywall or similar materials, the product emits audible vibrations during operation which could be perceived as annoying.
- ☐ The mounting location must be suitable for the weight and dimensions of the product.
- ☐ The installation site can be exposed to direct solar irradiation. There is, however, the possibility that the product reduces its power output to avoid overheating due to high temperatures.
- ☐ The installation site should be freely and safely accessible at all times without the need for any auxiliary equipment (such as scaffolding or lifting platforms). Non-fulfillment of these criteria may restrict servicing.
- ☐ The DC load-break switches of the product must always be freely accessible.
- ☐ All ambient conditions must be met.
- ☐ The ambient temperature should be 0°C to +45°C (32°F to +113°F) to ensure optimal operation.

5.1.2 Permitted and prohibited mounting positions



5.1.3 Dimensions for mounting

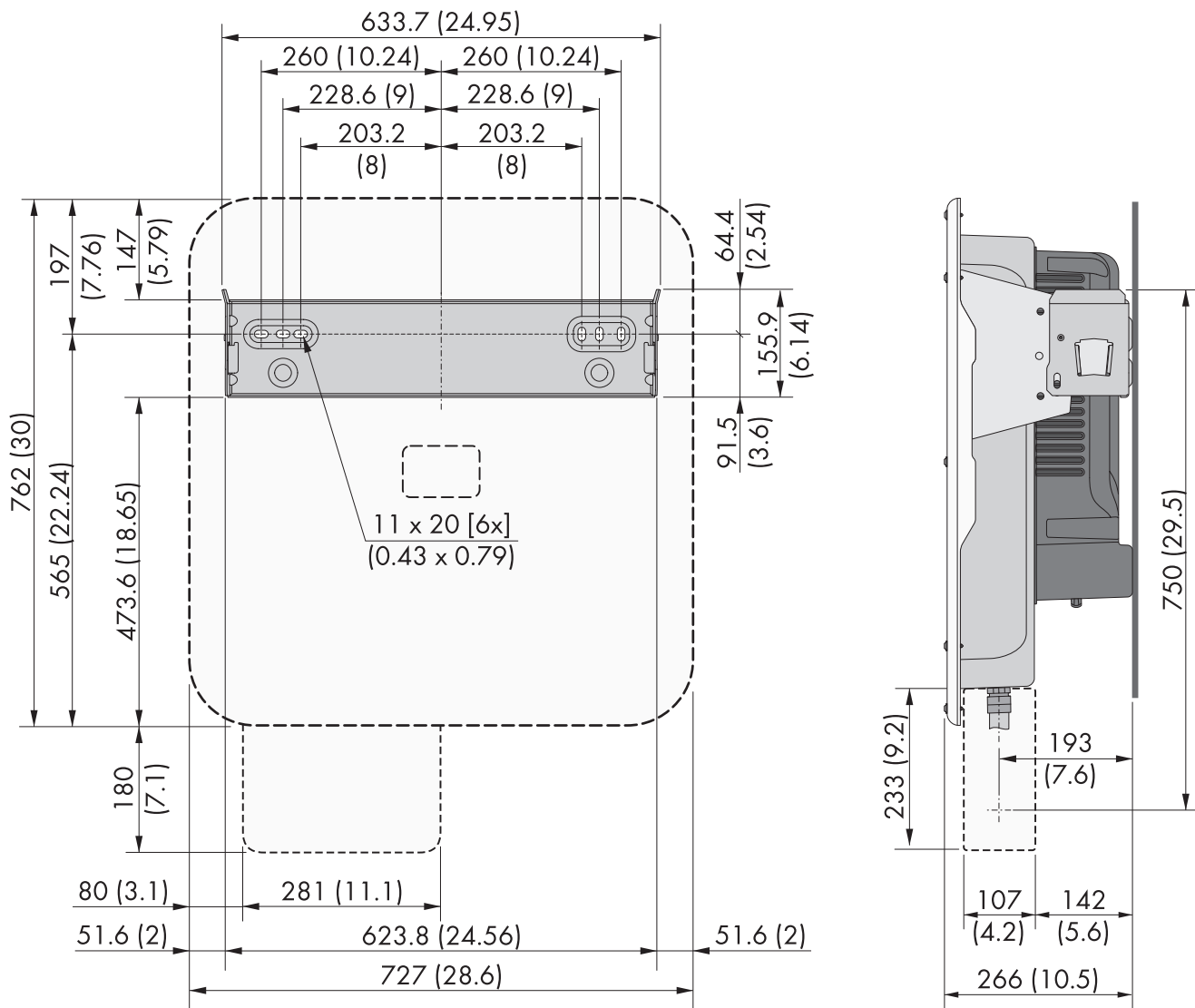


Figure 5: Position of the anchoring points (Dimensions in mm (in))

5.1.4 Recommended clearances for mounting

To guarantee optimal operation and adequate heat dissipation for the inverter, the following requirements for clearances should be observed. This will prevent the inverter power output from being reduced due to excessive temperatures. However, smaller distances are permissible without causing any risk to safety or service life of the product.

i Prescribed clearances in accordance with the **National Electrical Code®** or **Canadian Electrical Code® CSA C22.1**

Under certain conditions, the *National Electrical Code®* or the *Canadian Electrical Code®* CSA C22.1 specify greater working distances.

- Ensure that the prescribed working distances in accordance with the *National Electrical Code®* or *Canadian Electrical Code®* CSA C22.1 are adhered to.

- ☐ Recommended distances to walls, other devices and objects should be maintained.
- ☐ If multiple products are mounted in areas with high ambient temperatures, increase the clearances between the products and ensure sufficient fresh-air supply.

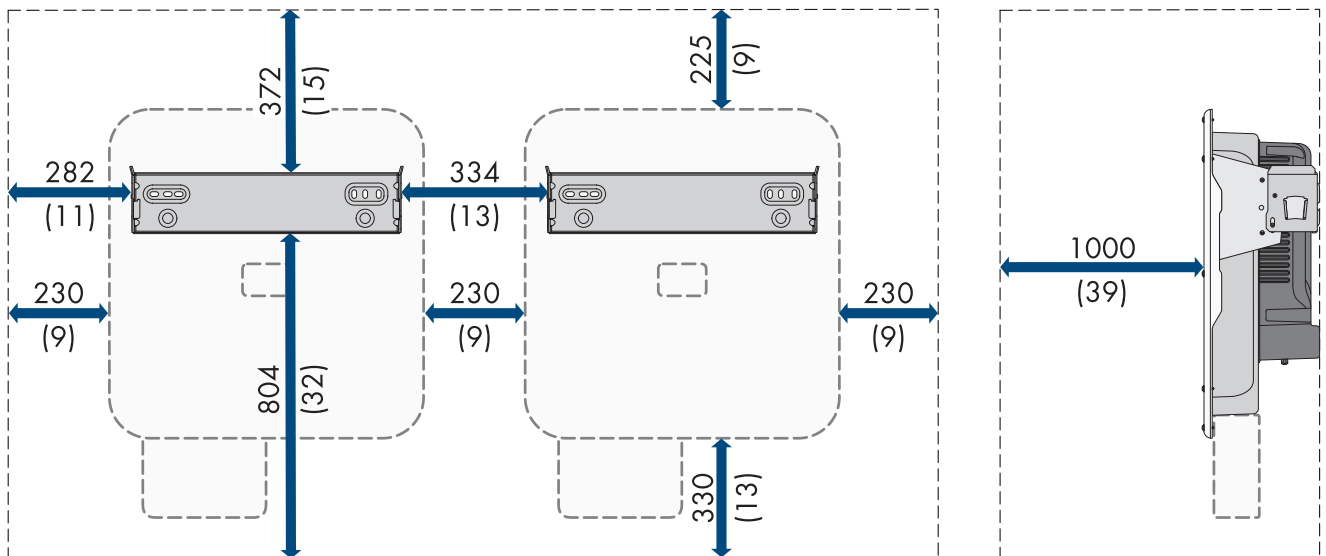


Figure 6: Recommended clearances (Dimensions in mm (in))

5.2 Mount the product.

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

Additionally required mounting material (not included in the scope of delivery):

- ☐ For transport with a hoist: 2 eye bolts (M8)
- ☐ For mounting:
 - 2 screws that are suitable for the support surface and the weight of the inverter
 - 2 washers suitable for the screws
- ☐ To protect the product against theft: 1 padlock suitable for outdoor use. The padlock shackle should have a 7.5 mm (0.375 in) diameter.

⚠ CAUTION

Risk of injury due to weight of product

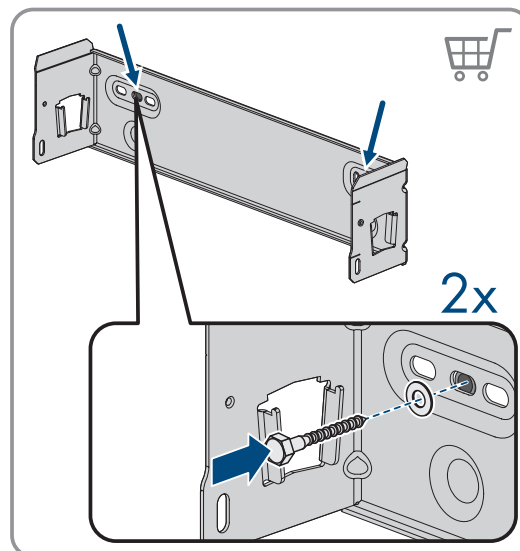
Injuries may result if the product is lifted incorrectly or dropped while being transported or mounted.

- Transport and lift the product carefully. Take the weight of the product into account.
- Use the carrying handles or hoist when transporting the product. To attach the hoist system, eye bolts must be screwed into the threads provided, which are located on the right and left of the product's mounting lugs.
- Wear suitable personal protective equipment for all work on the product.

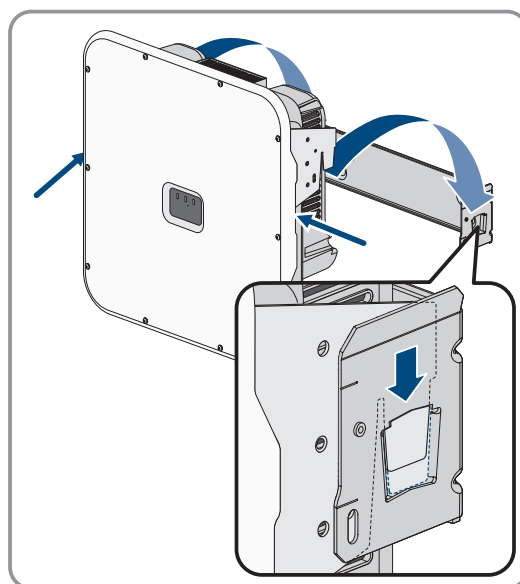
Procedure:

1. Align the mounting bracket horizontally and mark the position of the drill holes.
2. Set the mounting bracket aside and drill the marked holes.

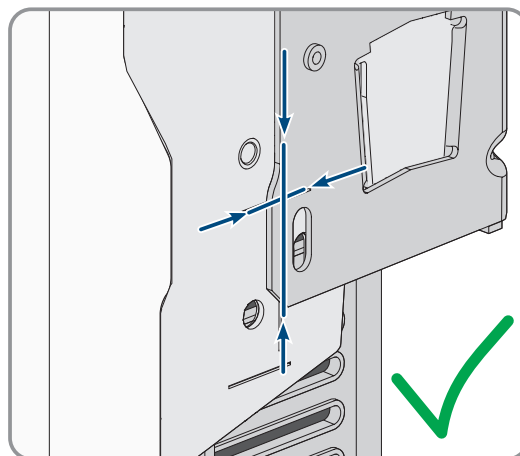
3. Tighten the mounting bracket horizontally with screws and washers.



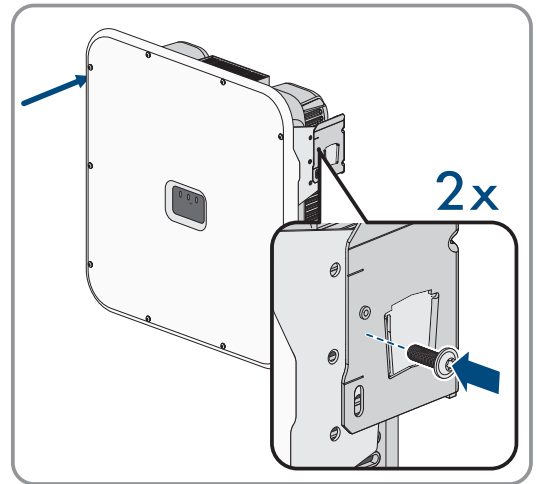
4. Hook the inverter into the mounting bracket.



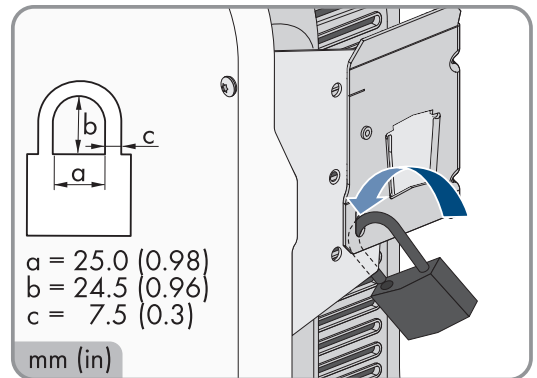
5. Ensure that the inverter is securely in place. The inverter is correctly hooked in when the openings in the mounting bracket and the mounting tab line up.



6. Secure the inverter to the mounting bracket on both sides with an M5x14 screw. Insert screws into the screw holes on the left and right tab of the mounting bracket and tighten them (TX25, torque: 1.5 Nm (13 in-lb)).



7. To secure the inverter against theft, guide the padlock shackle through the metal tab of the mounting bracket and through the mounting tab of the inverter before closing it.

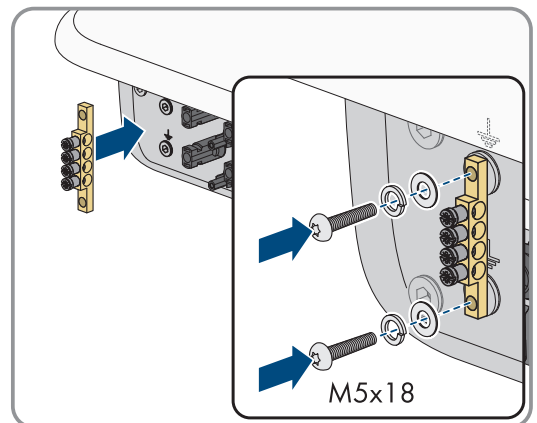


8. Keep the key of the padlock or the number combination for opening it in a safe place.

5.3 Mounting equipment grounding bar

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

- Fasten the equipment grounding bar with 1 washer, 1 serrated conical spring washer and 1 M5x18 screw each at the top and bottom of the screw point (TX25, torque: 4 Nm $\pm$ 0.3 Nm (35 in-lb $\pm$ 2.7 in-lb)).



5.4 Mount the DC terminal cover (optional)

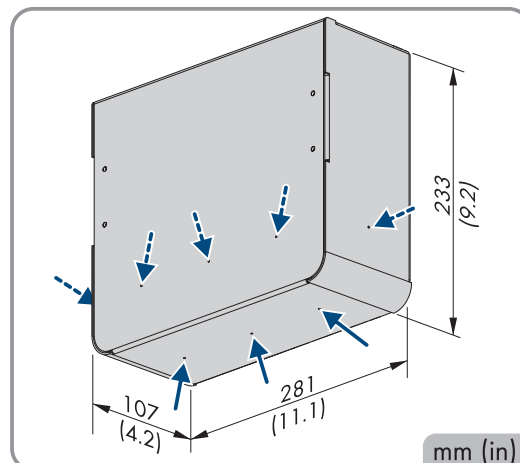
⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

Requirements:

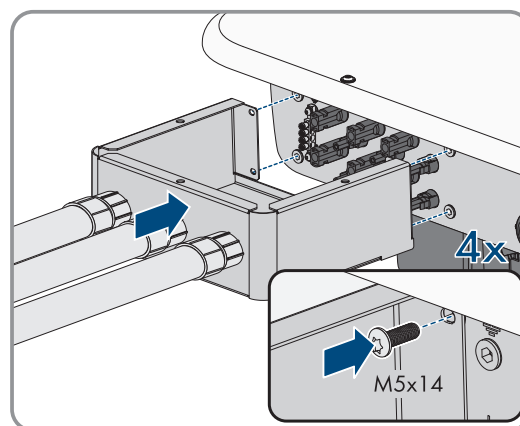
- ☐ The DC terminal cover must be available as an accessory .

Procedure:

1. Drill or punch holes required for connecting the conduits at the pre-notched spots.



2. Mount the enclosure on the bottom of the inverter using the M5x14 screws from the scope of delivery of the accessory kit (TX25, torque: 4 Nm (35 in-lb)).



3. Mount the conduits for the DC connection to the DC terminal cover.

6 Electrical Connection

6.1 Requirements for the electrical connection

6.1.1 Permitted grid configurations

The inverter approved for operation in the following utility grids:

- **STP 13-US-50:** 208 V / 120 V WYE

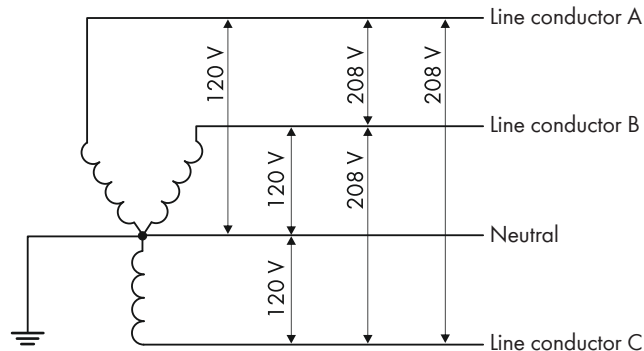


Figure 7: Permitted grid configuration for STP 13-US-50 (208 V)

- **STP 20-US-50 / STP 25-US-50 / STP 30-US-50:** 480 V / 277 V WYE

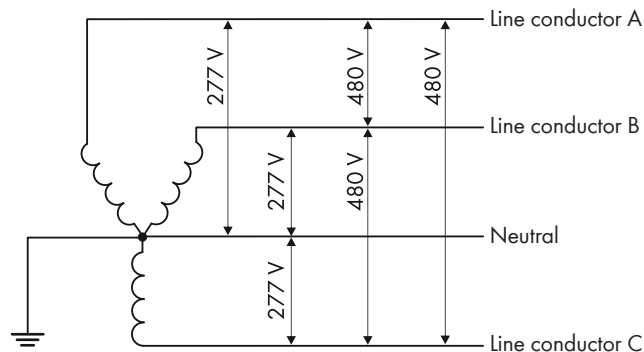


Figure 8: Permitted grid configuration for STP 20-US-50 / STP 25-US-50 / STP 30-US-50

6.1.2 Residual-current monitoring unit

The inverter does not require an external residual-current device when operating. If local regulations require the use of a residual-current device, the following must be observed:

- ☐ The inverter is compatible with residual-current devices of type A and B that have a rated residual current of 100 mA or higher. Each inverter in the system must be connected to the utility grid via a separate residual-current device.

6.1.3 Load-break switch and cable protection

- ☐ In PV systems with multiple inverters, protect each inverter with a separate three-phase circuit breaker. Make sure to observe the maximum permissible fuse protection (see Section 14, page 104). This will prevent residual voltage from being present at the corresponding cable after disconnection.
- ☐ Loads installed between the inverter and the circuit breaker must be fused separately.
- ☐ The load-break switch or circuit breaker must be suitable listed (see *National Electrical Code*® ANSI/NFPA 70) or *Canadian Electrical Code*® CSA C22.1).
- ☐ The overcurrent protective device for the AC output circuit is to be provided by others.

6.1.4 Overvoltage category

The product can be used in grids of overvoltage category III or lower in accordance with UL 62109-1. That means that the product can be permanently connected to the grid-connection point of a building. In case of installations with long outdoor cabling routes, additional measures to reduce overvoltage category IV to overvoltage category III are required (see the Technical Information "Overvoltage Protection" at www.SMA-Solar.com).

6.1.5 Requirements on the AC conductors

- ☐ Conductor type: copper wire
- ☐ The conductors must be solid or fine-stranded. When using fine-stranded wire, bootlace ferrules can be used.
- ☐ Conductor cross-section: 10 mm² to 16 mm² (8 AWG to 6 AWG)
- ☐ Insulation stripping length: 18 mm to 20 mm (0.71 in to 0.79 in)
- ☐ The conductors with regards to its ampacity, rated temperatures, operating conditions and its power loss must be made in accordance with the local standards and the *National Electrical Code*® ANSI/NFPA 70 or the *Canadian Electrical Code*® CSA C22.1. If the manufacturer (SMA Solar Technology AG) requires a higher conductor cross-section than the standard, the range of the manufacturer must be observed.

Also see:

- [Connecting the AC conductors](#) ⇒ page 37

6.1.6 Network cable requirements

The cable length and quality affect the quality of the signal. Observe the following cable requirements:

- ☐ Cable type: 100BaseTx
- ☐ Cable category: minimum CAT5e
- ☐ Plug type: RJ45 of Cat5, Cat5e or higher
- ☐ Shielding: SF/UTP, S/UTP, SF/FTP or S/FTP
- ☐ Number of insulated conductor pairs and insulated conductor cross-section: at least 2 x 2 x 0.22 mm² (2 x 2 x 24 AWG)
- ☐ Maximum cable length between two nodes when using patch cables: 50 m (164 ft)
- ☐ Maximum cable length between two nodes when using installation cables: 100 m (328 ft)
- ☐ UV-resistant if installed outdoors.

6.1.7 Requirements for the PV modules per input

- ☐ All PV modules should be of the same type.
- ☐ All PV modules should be aligned and tilted identically.
- ☐ The maximum permitted system voltages of the inverter must not be exceeded.
- ☐ The maximum short-circuit current must not be exceeded.
- ☐ The positive connection cables of the PV modules must be equipped with positive DC connectors.
- ☐ The negative connection cables of the PV modules must be equipped with the negative DC connectors.

6.1.8 Requirements on the equipment grounding conductor of the PV modules

- ☐ The conductors must be made of solid wire, stranded wire or fine stranded wire. When using fine stranded wire, bootlace ferrules must be used.
- ☐ Conductor type: aluminum and copper wire
- ☐ Conductor cross section: 2.5 mm² to 25 mm² (14 AWG to 4 AWG)

6.1.9 Requirements on DC Conductors

- ☐ Conductor cross-section: 3.31 mm² to 5.26 mm² (12 AWG to 10 AWG)
- ☐ Conductor type: copper wire
- ☐ Maximum permissible temperature: 90°C (194°F)
- ☐ The conductors with regards to its ampacity, rated temperatures, operating conditions and its power loss must be made in accordance with the local standards and the *National Electrical Code*® ANSI/NFPA 70 or the *Canadian Electrical Code*® CSA C22.1.

6.1.10 Signal cable requirements

The cable length and quality affect the quality of the signal. Observe the following cable requirements:

- ☐ Conductor cross-section: 0.5 mm² to 0.75 mm² (21 AWG to 19 AWG)
- ☐ External diameter: Max. 8 mm (0.3 in)
- ☐ Maximum cable length: 100 m (328 ft)
- ☐ Insulation stripping length: 6 mm (0.24 in)
- ☐ Sheath stripping length: 150 mm (5.9 in)
- ☐ UV-resistant for outdoor use
- ☐ The cable type and cable-laying method must be appropriate for the application and location.

6.1.11 Additionally required material for the connection to digital inputs

- ☐ 1 conduit (trade size: 27 mm (1 in) or smaller with suitable reducer bush)
- ☐ 1 rain-tight conduit fitting or conduit fitting for wet locations complying with UL 514B (trade size: 27 mm (1 in) or smaller with suitable reducing bush)

6.2 Overview of the Connection Area

6.2.1 View from Below

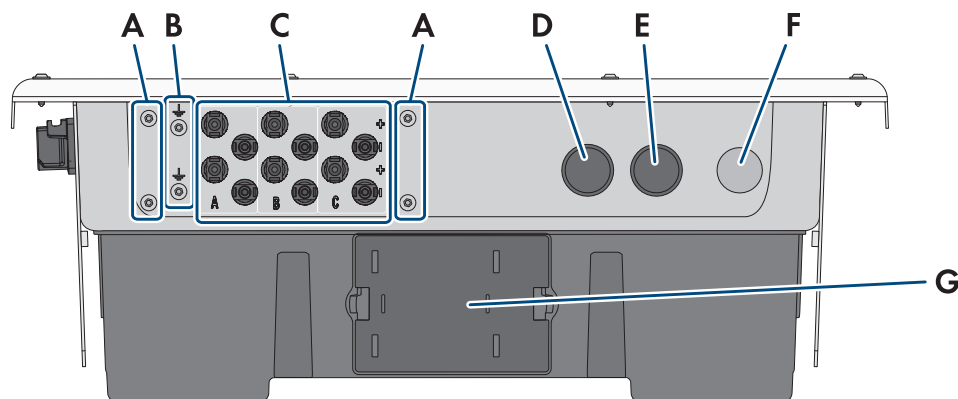


Figure 9: Bottom view of product

Position	Designation
A	Screw-on points for the DC-TERM-COVER (available as accessory)
B	Screw-on points for the equipment grounding bar
C	Positive and negative connectors for DC connection
D	Enclosure opening for the network cables and signal cables (for conduits of trade size 34.5 mm (1 in) or smaller with suitable reducer bushing)

Position	Designation
E	Enclosure opening for connecting to the digital inputs and to the multifunction relay (for conduits of trade size 34.5 mm (1 in) or smaller with suitable reducer bushing)
F	Enclosure opening for connecting the utility grid (for conduits of trade size 34.5 mm (1 in) or smaller with suitable reducer bushing)
G	Fan drawer

6.2.2 Interior View

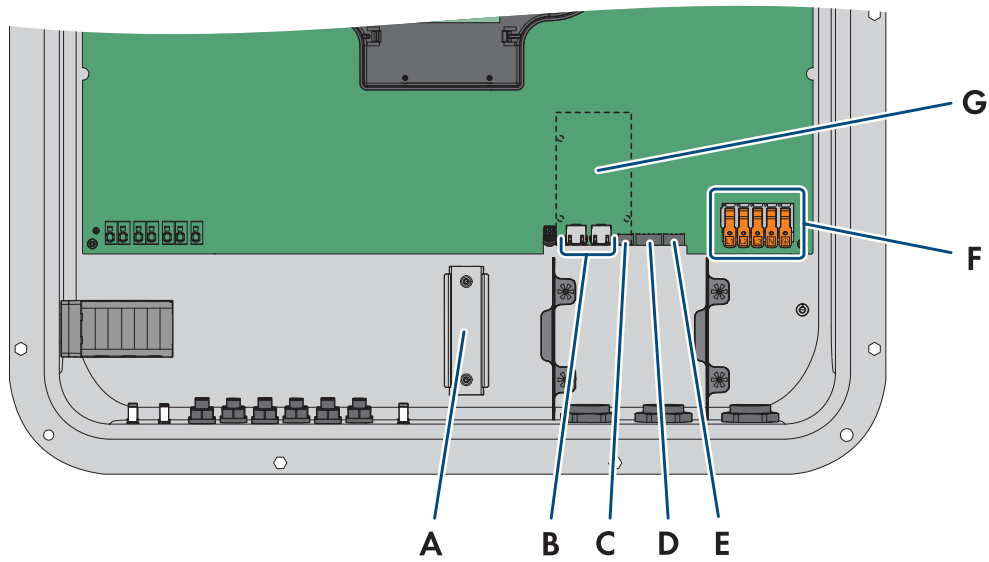


Figure 10: Connection areas in the interior of the product

Position	Designation
A	DIN rail for installing the DC overvoltage protection
B	Network Ports
C	MFR slot for connection to the multifunction relay
D	Slot DI 1-4 for connecting digital signal sources (e.g. for active power reduction)
E	Slot DI 5-6 for connecting digital signal sources (e.g. for fast stop) Slot DI 7 is not assigned
F	Terminal blocks for AC connection

6.3 Electrical connection procedure

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This section describes the procedure for the electrical connection of the product. It provides an overview of the steps, which must be performed in the prescribed sequence.

Procedure	See
1. Ensure that the requirements for the electrical connection are fulfilled.	Section 6.1, page 33
2. Connect the AC cables.	Section 6.4, page 37

Procedure	See
3. Connect the network cables.	Section 6.5, page 39
4. Connect to the multifunction relay (optional)	Section 6.6, page 40
5. Connect signal source to digital inputs (optional)	Section 6.7, page 42 Section 6.8, page 44
6. Connect the PV modules.	Section 6.9, page 47

6.4 Connecting the AC conductors

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Additionally required material:

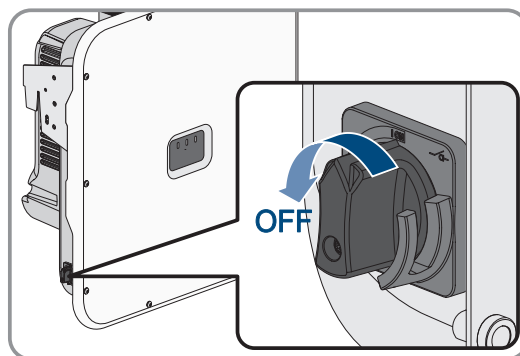
- ☐ 1 conduit (trade size: 27 mm (1 in) or smaller with suitable reducer bush)
- ☐ Sealing compound for sealing the join between the conduit and inverter if a weep hole has been added to the conduit
- ☐ 1 rain-tight conduit fitting or conduit fitting for wet locations complying with UL 514B (trade size: 27 mm (1 in) or smaller with suitable reducing bush)

Requirements:

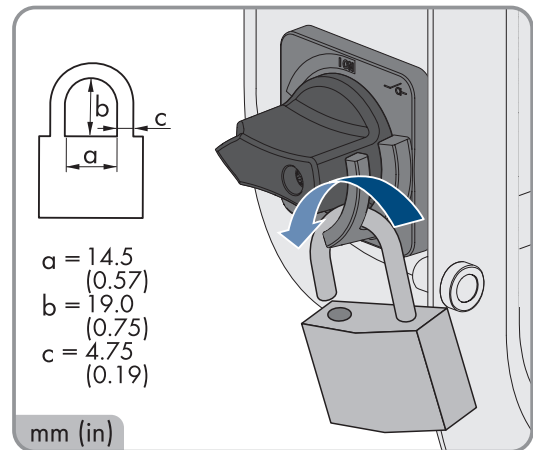
- ☐ The AC and DC electric circuits are isolated from the enclosure. If required by the National Electrical Code® ANSI/NFPA 70 or Canadian Electrical Code® CSA C22.1, the installer is responsible for grounding the system.
- ☐ All electrical installations must be carried out in accordance with the local standards and the *National Electrical Code®* ANSI/NFPA 70 or the *Canadian Electrical Code®* CSA C22.1.
- ☐ The grid voltage must be within the permissible range. The exact operating range of the inverter is specified in the operating parameters .

Procedure:

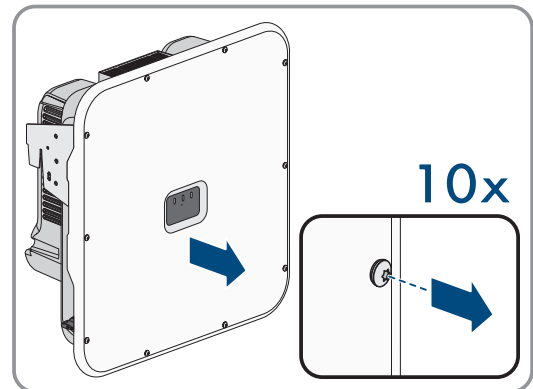
1. Disconnect the miniature circuit breaker from all 3 line conductors and secure against reconnection.
2. Ensure that the DC load-break switch is in the **○** position / **OFF**.



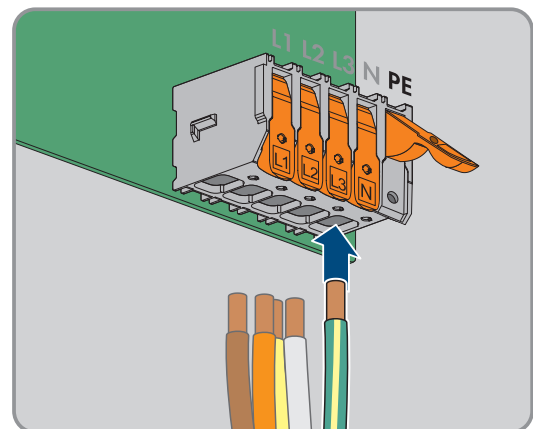
3. If your country requires the DC load-break switch to be protected against reconnection, secure the DC load-break switch against reconnection with a padlock.



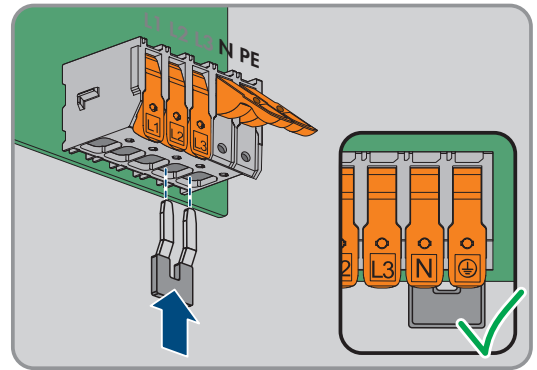
4. Unscrew the screws of the enclosure lid with a Torx screwdriver (TX 25) and remove the enclosure lid carefully forward.



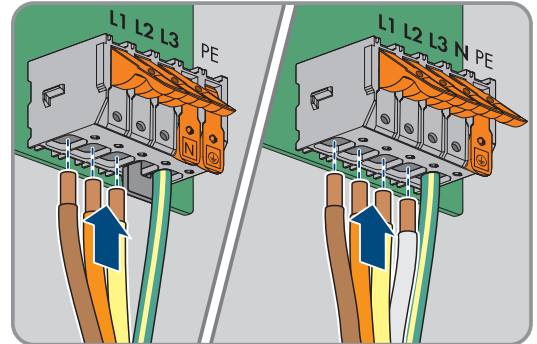
5. Remove the adhesive tape from the enclosure opening for the AC connection.
6. Attach the conduit to the enclosure opening.
7. Guide the conductors from the conduit into the inverter.
8. Strip off the conductor insulation by 0.71 in to 0.79 in each.
9. If necessary, provide each conductor with a bootlace ferrule.
10. Press the locking lever of terminal **PE** upward, guide the equipment grounding conductor into the terminal, and press the locking lever downward again.



11. For connection without a neutral conductor, use the jumper provided to bridge terminal blocks **PE** and **N**. For this, press the locking levers of terminals **PE** and **N** upward, guide the jumper into the terminals, and press the locking levers downward again.



12. Press the locking levers of terminals **L1**, **L2**, **L3**, and if applicable **N** upward, guide conductors **L1**, **L2**, **L3**, and if applicable **N** into the terminals according to the labeling, and press the locking levers downward again.



13. Ensure that the correct conductors are assigned to all the terminals.
 14. Ensure that all conductors are securely in place.
 15. If a weep hole has been added to the conduit, seal the conduit with sealing compound.

Also see:

- [Requirements on the AC conductors](#) ⇒ page 34

6.5 Connecting the Network Cables

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⚠ DANGER

Danger to life due to electric shock in case of overvoltages and if surge protection is missing

Overvoltages (e.g., in the event of a flash of lightning) can be further conducted into the building and to other connected devices in the same network via the network cables or other data cables if there is no surge protection. Touching live parts and cables results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Ensure that all devices in the same network are integrated in the existing overvoltage protection.
- When laying the network cable outdoors, ensure that there is suitable surge protection at the network cable transition from the product outdoors to the network inside the building.
- The Ethernet interface of the product is classified as "TNV-1" and offers protection against overvoltages of up to 1.5 kV.

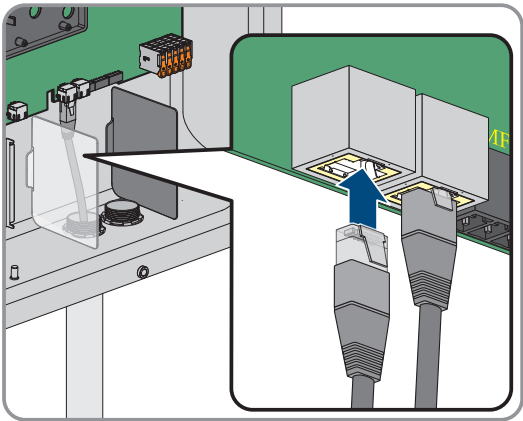
Additionally required material (not included in the scope of delivery):

- ☐ Network cables (see Section 6.1.6, page 34)
- ☐ Where required: Field-assembly RJ45 connector.
- ☐ 1 conduit (trade size: 27 mm (1 in) or smaller with suitable reducer bush)
- ☐ Sealing compound for sealing the join between the conduit and inverter if a weep hole has been added to the conduit

- 1 rain-tight conduit fitting or conduit fitting for wet locations complying with UL 514B (trade size: 27 mm (1 in) or smaller with suitable reducing bush)

Procedure:

1. Disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources (see Section 9, page 75).
2. Remove filler plug from the enclosure opening for the network cables.
3. Insert the conduit fitting into the opening and tighten from the inside using the counter nut.
4. Attach the conduit to the conduit fitting.
5. Guide the network cable out of the conduit into the inverter.
6. When using a self-assembly network cable, assemble the RJ45 connectors and connect them to each network cable (see connector documentation).
7. Insert each network cable into one of the network ports.



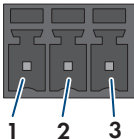
8. Ensure that the network cables are securely in place by pulling slightly on them.
9. If the inverter is installed outdoors, install overvoltage protection for all components in the network.
10. If you would like to integrate the inverter into a local network, connect the other end of a network cable to the local network (e.g., via a router).
11. If you want to connect the inverter directly to an energy meter or another inverter, connect the other end of the network cable to the energy meter or the other inverter.
12. If a weep hole has been added to the conduit, seal the conduit with sealing compound.

6.6 Connection to the Multifunction Relay

6.6.1 Digital output (MFR)

The multifunction relay (MFR) is a digital output that can be specifically configured to the system.
In a system with multiple inverters, you must carry out the connection to the multifunction relay of the System Manager.

6.6.2 Pin assignment MFR

Digital input	Pin	Assignment
	1	NO
	2	CO
	3	NC

6.6.3 Connect signal source to MFR

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Additionally required material:

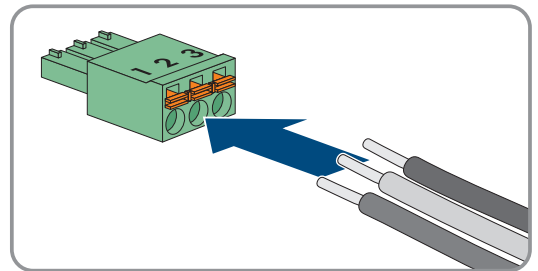
- ☐ Conduit (trade size: 27 mm (1 in) or smaller with suitable reducer bush)
- ☐ Sealing compound for sealing the join between the conduit and inverter if a weep hole has been added to the conduit
- ☐ Rain-tight conduit fittings or conduit fittings for wet locations complying with UL 514B (trade size: 27 mm (1 in) or smaller with suitable reducing bush)

Requirements:

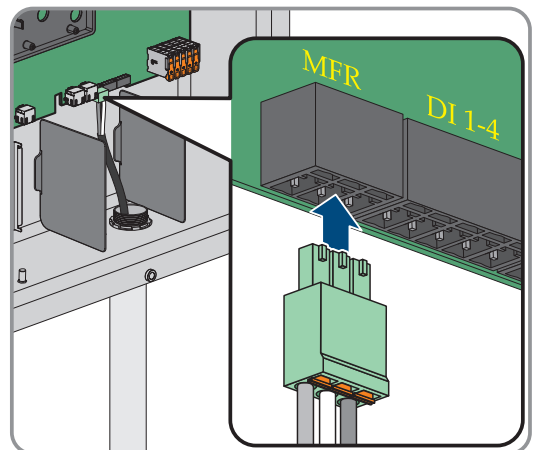
- ☐ The technical requirements of the multifunction relay must be met (see Section 14, page 104).

Procedure:

1. Disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources (see Section 9, page 75).
2. Insert the conduit fitting into the opening and tighten from the inside using the counter nut.
3. Remove the filler plug from the enclosure opening which is located at the bottom of the inverter.
4. Attach the conduit to the conduit fitting.
5. Guide the conductors from the conduit into the inverter.
6. Strip the insulation off the conductor 6 mm (0.24 in).
7. Connect the conductors to the 3-pole terminal block according to the operating mode. Ensure that the conductors are plugged completely into the terminal points up to their insulation.



8. Insert the three-pole terminal block with the connected conductors into the **MFR** slot.



9. Ensure that the terminal block is securely in place.
10. Ensure that all conductors are correctly connected.
11. Ensure that the conductors sit securely in the terminal points. Tip: To release the conductors, open the terminal points using a suitable tool.
12. If a weep hole has been added to the conduit, seal the conduit with sealing compound.

Also see:

- [Additionally required material for the connection to digital inputs ⇒ page 35](#)

- [Signal cable requirements](#) ⇒ [page 35](#)

6.7 Connection to digital input DI 1-4

6.7.1 Digital input DI 1-4

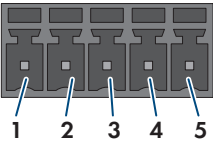
An external signal source can be connected to digital input **DI 1-4** (e.g. for active power limitation).

In a system with multiple inverters, the external signal source must be connected to digital input **DI 1-4** of the System Manager.

Also see:

- [Configuring the digital input DI 1-4 for the external setpoint](#) ⇒ [page 62](#)

6.7.2 Pin assignment DI 1-4

Digital input DI-4	Pin	Assignment
	1	Digital input 1
	2	Digital input 2
	3	Digital input 3
	4	Digital input 4
	5	Voltage supply output

6.7.2.1 Digital input DI 1-4

An external signal source can be connected to digital input **DI 1-4** (e.g. for active power limitation).

In a system with multiple inverters, the external signal source must be connected to digital input **DI 1-4** of the System Manager.

6.7.3 Circuitry overview DI 1-4

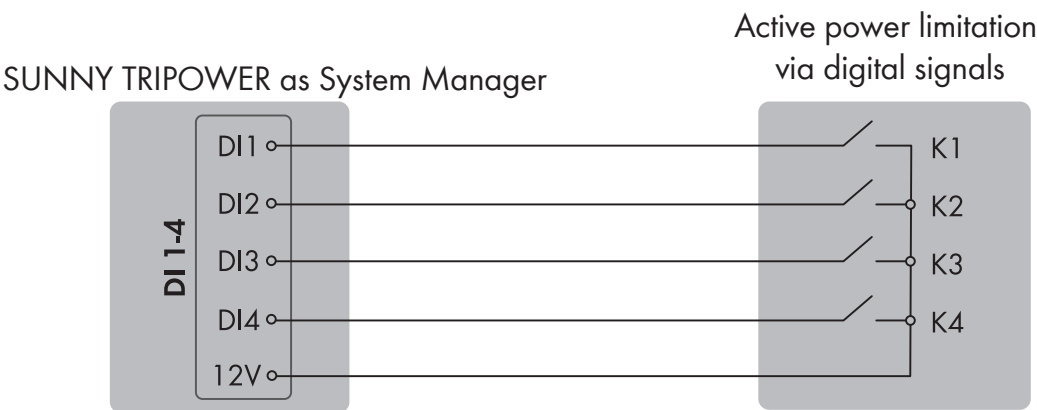


Figure 11: Connection of a signal source for active power limitation via digital signals on the Sunny Tripower, which is to be configured as a System Manager

6.7.3.1 Digital input DI 1-4

An external signal source can be connected to digital input **DI 1-4** (e.g. for active power limitation).

In a system with multiple inverters, the external signal source must be connected to digital input **DI 1-4** of the System Manager.

6.7.4 Connecting signal source to DI 1-4

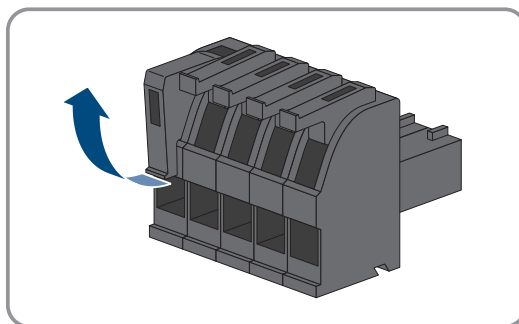
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Additionally required material:

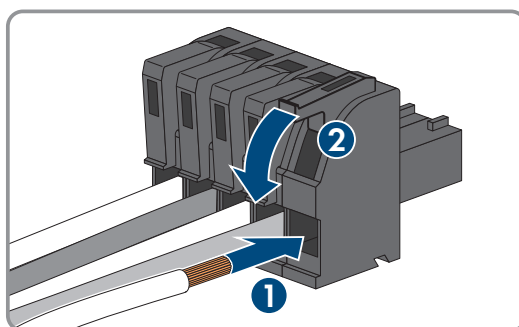
- ☐ Conduit (trade size: 27 mm (1 in) or smaller with suitable reducer bush)
- ☐ Sealing compound for sealing the join between the conduit and inverter if a weep hole has been added to the conduit
- ☐ Rain-tight conduit fittings or conduit fittings for wet locations complying with UL 514B (trade size: 27 mm (1 in) or smaller with suitable reducing bush)

Procedure:

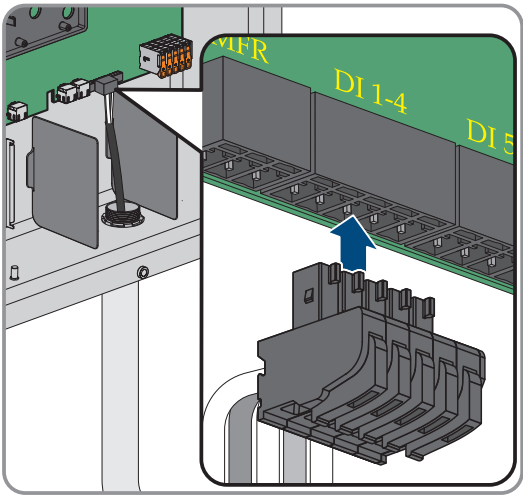
1. Connect the connection cable to the digital signal source (see the manual from manufacturer).
2. Disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources (see Section 9, page 75).
3. Remove the filler plug from the enclosure opening which is located at the bottom of the inverter.
4. Insert the conduit fitting into the opening and tighten from the inside using the counter nut.
5. Attach the conduit to the conduit fitting.
6. Guide the conductors from the conduit into the inverter.
7. Strip the insulation off the conductor 6 mm (0.24 in).
8. Release the conductor entries on the supplied five-pole connector.



9. Connect the conductors of the connection cable to the supplied five-pole connector. To do so, plug the conductors into the conductor entries and close the conductor entries. Observe the connector assignment.



10. Plug the five-pole connector into the socket **DI 1-4** on the product.
Observe the pin assignment.



11. Ensure that the connector is securely in place.
12. Ensure that all conductors are correctly connected.
13. Ensure that the conductors sit securely in the terminal points.
14. If a weep hole has been added to the conduit, seal the conduit with sealing compound.

Also see:

- [Digital input DI 1-4 ⇒ page 42](#)
- [Circuitry overview DI 1-4 ⇒ page 42](#)
- [Additionally required material for the connection to digital inputs ⇒ page 35](#)
- [Signal cable requirements ⇒ page 35](#)

6.8 Connection to digital input DI 5-6

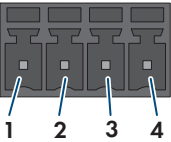
6.8.1 Digital input DI 5-6

An external signal source can be connected to digital input **DI 5-6** (e.g. for fast stop).

Also see:

- [Circuitry overview DI 5 ⇒ page 45](#)
- [Circuitry overview DI 6 ⇒ page 45](#)

6.8.2 Pin assignment DI 5-6

Digital input	Pin	Assignment
	1	Digital input 5
	2	Digital input 6
	3	Not assigned
	4	Voltage supply output

6.8.3 Circuitry overview DI 5

SUNNY TRIPOWER as System Manager

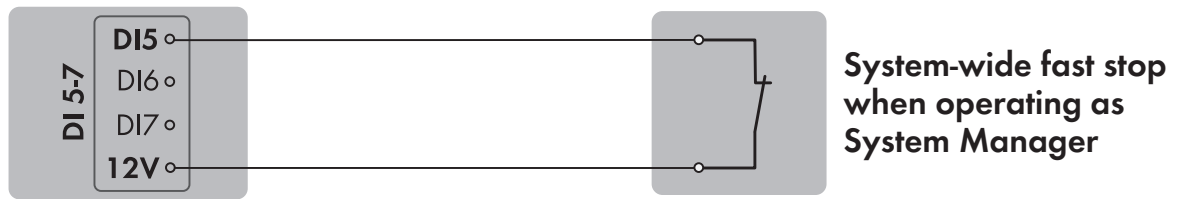


Figure 12: Connection of a system-wide fast-stop switch to digital input DI 5 of the Sunny Tripower that is to be configured as System Manager

6.8.4 Circuitry overview DI 6

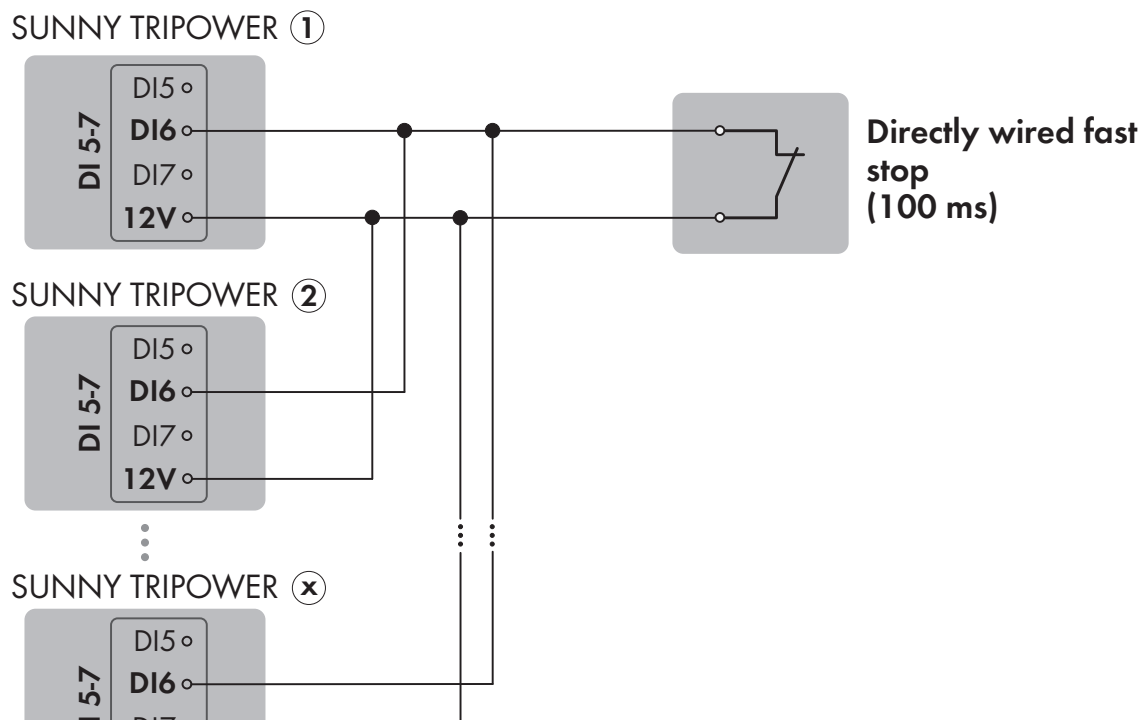


Figure 13: Connection of a fast-stop switch (100 ms) to digital input DI 6 of one or more Sunny Tripower in the system

6.8.5 Connecting Signal Source to Digital Input DI 5-6

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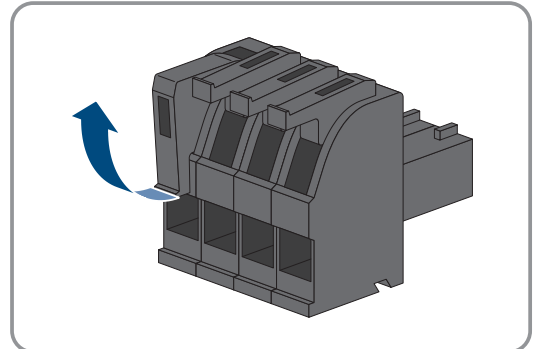
Additionally required material:

- ☐ Conduit (trade size: 27 mm (1 in) or smaller with suitable reducer bush)
- ☐ Sealing compound for sealing the join between the conduit and inverter if a weep hole has been added to the conduit
- ☐ Rain-tight conduit fittings or conduit fittings for wet locations complying with UL 514B (trade size: 27 mm (1 in) or smaller with suitable reducing bush)

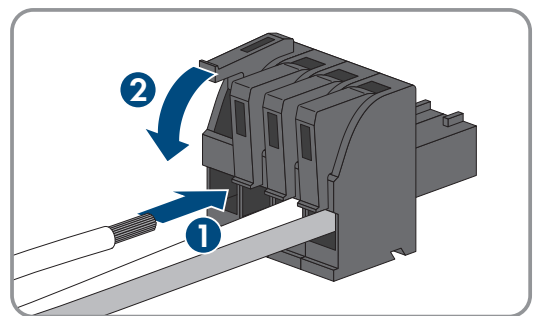
Procedure:

1. Connect the connection cable to the digital signal source (see the manual from manufacturer).
2. Disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources (see Section 9, page 75).
3. Remove the filler plug from the enclosure opening which is located at the bottom of the inverter.

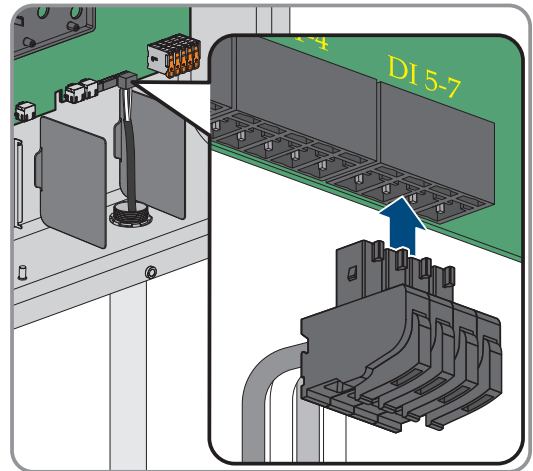
4. Insert the conduit fitting into the opening and tighten from the inside using the counter nut.
5. Attach the conduit to the conduit fitting.
6. Guide the conductors from the conduit into the inverter.
7. Strip the insulation off the conductor 6 mm (0.24 in).
8. Release the conductor entries on the supplied four-pole connector.



9. Connect the connection cable to the supplied four-pole connector. To do so, plug the conductors into the conductor entries and close the conductor entries. Observe the connector assignment.



10. Plug the four-pole connector into the socket **DI 5-7** on the product. Observe the pin assignment.



11. Ensure that the connector is securely in place.
12. Ensure that all conductors are correctly connected.
13. Ensure that the conductors sit securely in the terminal points.
14. If a weep hole has been added to the conduit, seal the conduit with sealing compound.

Also see:

- Additionally required material for the connection to digital inputs ⇒ page 35
- Signal cable requirements ⇒ page 35

6.9 DC connection

6.9.1 Assembling the DC Connectors

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For connection to the inverter, all PV module connection cables must be fitted with the DC connectors provided. Assemble the DC connectors as described in the following (refer to the manufacturer manual for further information on assembling the DC connectors). Be sure to observe the correct polarity.

DANGER

Danger to life due to electric shock when live components or DC cables are touched

When exposed to light, the PV modules generate high DC voltage which is present in the DC cables. Touching live DC cables results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Do not touch non-insulated parts or cables.
- Disconnect the product from voltage sources and ensure it cannot be reconnected before working on the device.
- Do not disconnect the DC connectors under load.
- Wear suitable personal protective equipment for all work on the product.

Additionally required material (not included in the scope of delivery):

- ☐ Stripping tool
- ☐ Crimping tool suitable for crimping the cold-formed contact ferrules (observe manufacturer information).
- ☐ Tool for tightening the swivel nut (observe manufacturer information).
- ☐ Where applicable, tool for checking whether the conductors with contact ferrules plug far enough into the DC connector (observe manufacturer information).

Procedure:

1. Strip off the conductor insulation by 7 mm $\pm$ 0.5 mm (0.28 in $\pm$ 0.02 in).
2. Thread the cold-formed contact ferrule onto the stripped conductor and crimp using a crimping tool suitable for the cold-formed contact ferrule.
3. Guide the conductor with the cold-formed contact ferrule into the connector until the cold-formed contact ferrule snaps audibly into place in the DC connector.
4. Ensure that the conductor with the cold-formed contact ferrule is plugged far enough into the DC connector and has snapped into place.
5. Tighten the DC connector swivel nut (torque: 3.5 Nm to 4 Nm (31 in-lb to 35 in-lb)).

Also see:

- [Requirements on DC Conductors](#) $\Rightarrow$ page 35

6.9.2 Connecting the PV Array

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WARNING

Danger to life due to electric shock from destruction of the measuring device due to overvoltage

Overvoltage can damage a measuring device and result in voltage being present in the enclosure of the measuring device. Touching the live enclosure of the measuring device results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Only use measuring devices with a DC input voltage range of 1000 V or higher.

NOTICE

Damage to the product due to ground fault on DC side during operation

Due to the transformerless topology of the product, the occurrence of ground faults on DC side during operation can lead to irreparable damage. Damages to the product due to a faulty or damaged DC installation are not covered by warranty. The product is equipped with a protective device that checks whether a ground fault is present during the starting sequence. The product is not protected during operation.

- Ensure that the DC installation is carried out correctly and no ground fault occurs during operation.

NOTICE

Damage to the DC connectors due to the use of contact cleaner of other cleaning agents

Some contact cleaners or other cleaning agents may contain substances that decompose the plastic of the DC connectors.

- Do not use contact cleaners or other cleaning agents for cleaning the DC connectors.

NOTICE

Destruction of the inverter due to overvoltage

If the open-circuit voltage of the PV modules exceeds the maximum input voltage of the inverter, the inverter can be destroyed due to overvoltage.

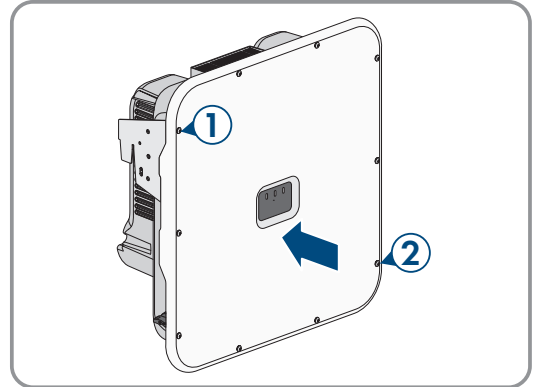
- If the open-circuit voltage of the PV modules exceeds the maximum input voltage of the inverter, do not connect any strings to the inverter and check the design of the PV system.

Requirements:

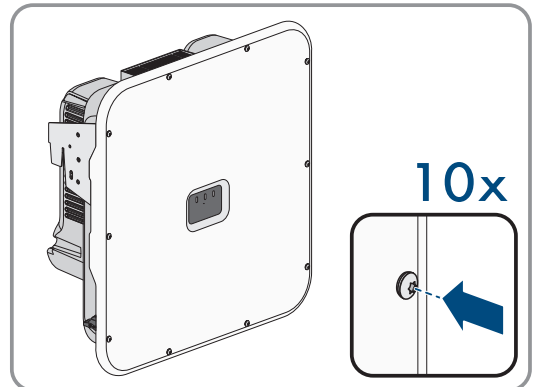
- ☐ The miniature circuit breaker must be switched off and prevented from being reconnected.
- ☐ The DC load-break switch must be set to **OFF** and, depending on local regulations, prevented from restarting using a padlock.
- ☐ The cables of the PV modules must be equipped with DC connectors.
- ☐ If the DC terminal cover is available as an accessory, the DC terminal cover must be mounted on the inverter and the DC cables must be routed through the conduits into the DC term cover (see Section 5.4, page 31).

Procedure:

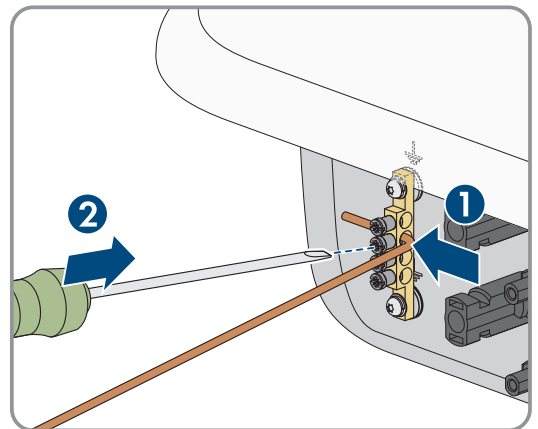
1. Position the enclosure lid and first insert the upper-left (position **1**) and lower-right (position **2**) screws and fasten them hand-tight (TX25).



2. Insert and tighten all screws (TX25, torque: $6 \text{ Nm} \pm 0.3 \text{ Nm}$ ($53 \text{ in-lb} \pm 2.65 \text{ in-lb}$)).

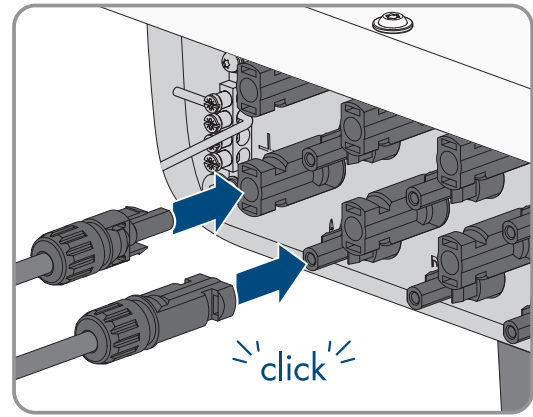


3. Strip the insulation of every equipment grounding conductor by 10 mm (0.4 in).
4. Connect every equipment grounding conductor of the PV modules to the equipment grounding bar. To do this, plug the equipment grounding conductor into a contact opening on the equipment grounding bar and tighten the corresponding screw using a cross-head screwdriver (torque: 4 Nm (35 in-lb)).



5. Measuring the voltage of the PV array. Ensure that the maximum input voltage of the inverter is adhered to and that there is no ground fault in the PV system.
6. Check whether the DC connectors have the correct polarity.
7. If the DC connector is equipped with a DC cable of the wrong polarity, the DC connector must be reassembled. When this is done, the DC cable must always have the same polarity as the DC connector.
8. Ensure that the open-circuit voltage of the PV array does not exceed the maximum input voltage.

9. Connect the assembled DC connectors to the inverter.



- ☑ The DC connectors snap into place.

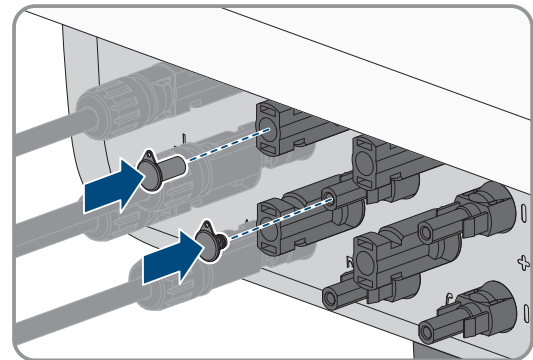
10. Ensure that all DC connectors are securely in place.

11. **NOTICE**

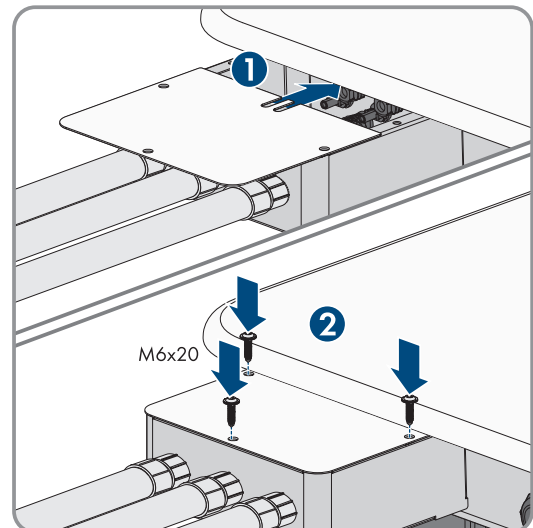
Damage to the product due to sand, dust and moisture ingress if the DC inputs are not closed

The product is only properly sealed when all unused DC inputs are closed with sealing plugs. Sand, dust and moisture penetration can damage the product and impair its functionality.

12. Seal the DC connectors that are not required on the product with the supplied sealing plugs.



13. If the DC terminal cover is available as an accessory, mount the cover of the DC terminal cover with the 3 M6x20 screws (TX25, torque: 6 Nm (53 in-lb)).



Also see:

- Requirements for the PV modules per input ⇒ page 34
- Requirements on the equipment grounding conductor of the PV modules ⇒ page 34

7 Commissioning

7.1 Procedure for commissioning as a subordinate device

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This section describes the procedure of commissioning an inverter that is used in systems with or without System Manager.

In systems with System Manager, only 1 device can be used as System Manager at a time (e.g. SMA Data Manager or an inverter as System Manager). All other devices must be configured as a subordinate device and recorded in the System Manager.

It provides an overview of the steps, which must be performed in the prescribed sequence.

Procedure		See
1.	Commission the inverter.	Section 7.3, page 52
2.	Establish a connection to the user interface of the inverter. There are various connection options to choose from for this: • Direct connection via Wi-Fi • Connection via WLAN in the local network • Connection via Ethernet in the local network	Section 8.1.2, page 56 Section 8.1.1, page 54
3.	If required, change the network configuration on the welcome page. The automatic network configuration recommended by SMA Solar Technology AG via DHCP server is activated by default. Only change the network configurations if the default configuration is not suitable for your network.	Commissioning Assistant
4.	Carry out the configuration using the Commissioning Assistant. When doing so, select Subordinate device in the device function.	Commissioning Assistant
5.	Register the inverter as an SMA Speedwire device in the System Manager.	Commissioning Assistant of the System Manager

Also see:

- [Device function](#) ⇒ page 18

7.2 Procedure for commissioning as System Manager

QUALIFIED PERSON

This section describes the procedure of commissioning an inverter that is used in systems as System Manager.

Only 1 device in the system can be used as System Manager at a time (e.g. SMA Data Manager or an inverter as System Manager). All other devices must be configured as a subordinate device and recorded in the System Manager.

It provides an overview of the steps, which must be performed in the prescribed sequence.

Procedure	See
1. Commission all SMA Speedwire devices that are to be subordinate to the System Manager (e.g., inverters, energy meters).	Manual of the devices
2. Commission the inverter that is to be configured as the System Manager.	Section 7.3, page 52
3. Establish a connection to the user interface of the inverter that is to be configured as System Manager. There are various connection options to choose from for this: • Direct connection via Wi-Fi • Connection via WLAN in the local network • Connection via Ethernet in the local network	Section 8.1.2, page 56 Section 8.1.1, page 54
4. If required, change the network configuration on the welcome page. The automatic network configuration recommended by SMA Solar Technology AG via DHCP server is activated by default. Only change the network configurations if the default configuration is not suitable for your network.	Commissioning Assistant
5. Carry out the configuration using the Commissioning Assistant. Select Inverter as System Manager in the device function.	Commissioning Assistant
6. Make further settings if necessary (e.g., configure multi-function relay, configure arc-fault circuit interrupter).	Section 8, page 54
7. To monitor the system in the Sunny Portal and view the data visually, create a user account in the Sunny Portal and create a system in the Sunny Portal or add devices to an existing system.	https://ennexOS.SunnyPortal.com

Also see:

- [Device function](#) ⇒ page 18

7.3 Commissioning the Inverter

QUALIFIED PERSON

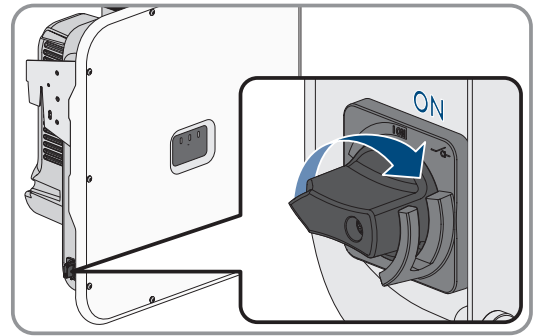
Requirements:

- ☐ The AC circuit breaker must be correctly rated and mounted.
- ☐ The product must be correctly mounted.
- ☐ All cables must be correctly connected.
- ☐ The enclosure lid must be mounted.

Procedure:

1. If necessary, switch on the supply of the connected signal sources.
2. If the DC load-break switch has been secured with a padlock, open and remove the padlock on the DC load-break switch.

3. Switch on the DC load-break switch.



4. Switch on the AC circuit breaker.

5. If the green and red LEDs flash simultaneously during initial commissioning, operation is stopped because no country data set has been set yet. For the inverter to begin operation, the configuration must be completed and a country data set must be set.
6. If the green LED is still flashing, the conditions for activating feed-in operation are not yet met. As soon as the conditions for feed-in operation are met, the inverter starts with feed-in operation and, depending on the available power, the green LED will light up continuously or it will pulse.
7. If the red LED lights up, an event has occurred. Find out which event has occurred and, if necessary, initiate countermeasures.
8. Ensure that the inverter feeds in correctly.

Also see:

- [Event messages](#) ⇒ [page 79](#)

8 Operation

8.1 Establishing a Connection to the User Interface

8.1.1 Connection in the local network

8.1.1.1 Access addresses for the product in the local network

i DHCP Server is recommended

The DHCP server automatically assigns the appropriate network settings to your nodes in the local network. A manual network configuration is therefore not necessary. In a local network, the Internet router is usually the DHCP server. If the IP addresses in the local network are to be assigned dynamically, DHCP must be activated in the Internet router (see the Internet router manual). In order to receive the same IP address by the internet router after a restart, set the MAC address binding.

In networks where no DHCP server is active, proper IP addresses must be assigned from the free address pool of the network segment to all network participants to be integrated during commissioning.

i Communication disturbances in the local network

The IP address range 192.168.12.0 to 192.168.12.255 is occupied for communication amongst SMA products and for direct access to SMA products.

Communication problems might occur if this IP address range is used in the local network.

- Do not use the IP address range 192.168.12.0 to 192.168.12.255 in the local network.

If the product is connected to a local network (e.g. via an Internet router or Wi-Fi), the product will receive a new IP address. Depending on the type of configuration, the new IP address will be assigned automatically by the DHCP server (Internet router) or manually by you.

Upon completion of the configuration, the product can only be reached via the listed access addresses in the local network:

- Generally applicable access address: IP address manually assigned or assigned by the DHCP server (Internet router) (identification via network scanner software or network configuration of the Internet router).
- Access address: **https://SMA[serial number]** (e.g. https://SMA0123456789)

8.1.1.2 Ports for data communication in the local network

In small local networks the use of certain ports is unrestricted. In industrial networks, the use of these ports may require authorization from the system administrator. For proper operation, the outgoing Internet connection must allow the use of the following ports and URLs:

Port and URL	Use
Port 80 and 443 (http/https) update.sunnyportal.de	Updates
Port 123 (NTP) ntp.sunny-portal.com	Time synchronization with Sunny Portal (if not provided by the Internet router)
Port 443 (https/TLS) ldm-devapi.sunnyportal.com	Data transmission
Port 443 (https/TLS) ennexos.sunnyportal.com	User interface
Port 9524 (TCP) wco.sunnyportal.com	SMA Webconnect 1.5 and SMA SPOT

8.1.1.3 Establishing a Connection via Ethernet in the local network

Requirements:

- ☐ The product must be connected to the local network via a network cable (e.g. via a router).
- ☐ The product must be integrated into the local network. Tip: You can change the network configuration on the welcome page of the product.
- ☐ A smart device (e.g. laptop) must be available.
- ☐ The smart device must be in the same local network as the product.
- ☐ The respective latest version of one of the following web browsers must be installed on the smart device: Chrome, Edge, Firefox or Safari.

Procedure:

1. Open the web browser of your smart device.
 2. Enter the access address of the product in the address bar of the web browser.
 3.  **Web browser displays warning**
After the access address of the product has been entered, a message might appear indicating that the connection to the user interface of the product is not secure.
 - Continue loading the user interface (scroll to bottom and click proceed/advance).
- ☒ When you connect to the user interface for the first time, the welcome page opens. The Commissioning Assistant for configuring the product can be started via the welcome page.
 - ☒ The login page of the user interface opens if the product has already been configured.

Also see:

- [SMA Speedwire ⇒ page 25](#)
- [Access addresses for the product in the local network ⇒ page 54](#)
- [Ports for data communication in the local network ⇒ page 54](#)

8.1.1.4 Establishing a Connection via WLAN in the Local Network

 Stable Wi-Fi connection required

An unstable Internet connection can disrupt the product's communication. SMA recommends connecting the product to the local network via Ethernet.

Requirements:

- ☐ The product must be commissioned.
- ☐ The product must be integrated into the local network. Tip: You can change the network configuration on the welcome page of the product.
- ☐ A smart terminal device (e.g., laptop) must be available.
- ☐ The smart terminal device must be in the same local network as the product.
- ☐ The respective latest version of one of the following web browsers must be installed on the smart terminal device: Chrome, Edge, Firefox or Safari.

Procedure:

1. Open the web browser of your smart terminal device.
2. Enter the access address of the product in the address bar of the web browser.

3. **Web browser displays warning**

After the access address of the product has been entered, a message might appear indicating that the connection to the user interface of the product is not secure.

- Continue loading the user interface (scroll to bottom and click proceed/advance).
- ☒ When you connect to the user interface for the first time, the welcome page opens. The Commissioning Assistant for configuring the product can be started via the welcome page.
- ☒ The login page of the user interface opens if the product has already been configured.

Also see:

- [Access addresses for the product in the local network ⇒ page 54](#)
- [Ports for data communication in the local network ⇒ page 54](#)

8.1.2 Direct connection via Wi-Fi

8.1.2.1 Connection options for Wi-Fi direct connection

You have several options to connect the product to a smart device. The procedure can be different depending on the devices. If the procedures described do not apply to your end device, establish the direct connection via Wi-Fi as described in the manual of your end device.

The following connection options are available:

- Direct Wi-Fi connection with WPS (see Section 8.1.2.3, page 56)
- Direct Wi-Fi connection with Wi-Fi network search (see Section 8.1.2.4, page 57)

8.1.2.2 Access information for direct Wi-Fi connection

Access information for the direct WiFi connection can be found below:

- SSID: **SMA[serial number]** (e.g., SMA0123456789)
- Device-specific Wi-Fi password: WPA2-PSK (see type label of the product)
- Default access address: **<https://smalogin.net>** or **<https://192.168.12.3>**

8.1.2.3 Establishing a direct Wi-Fi connection with WPS

Requirements:

- ☐ A smart device (e.g., laptop) with WPS function must be available.

Procedure:

1. Enable the WPS function on the inverter. To do this, tap on the enclosure lid of the inverter twice.
 - ☒ The blue LED flashes slowly for approx. 2 minutes. The WPS function is active during this time.
2. Ensure that the WPS function is enabled on your smart device.
3. Open the web browser of your smart end device and enter **<https://smalogin.net>** in the address bar.
 - ☒ When you connect to the user interface for the first time, the welcome page opens. The Commissioning Assistant for configuring the product can be started via the welcome page.
 - ☒ The login page of the user interface opens if the product has already been configured.
4. If the login page of the user interface does not open, enter the IP address **<https://192.168.12.3>** or, if your smart terminal supports mDNS services, **SMA[serial number].local** or **[https://SMA\[serial number\]](https://SMA[serial number])** in the address bar of the web browser.

Also see:

- [Access information for direct Wi-Fi connection ⇒ page 56](#)

8.1.2.4 Establishing direct Wi-Fi connection with Wi-Fi network search

1. Search for Wi-Fi networks with your smart device.
2. Select the SSID of the product **SMA[serial number]** in the list with the detected Wi-Fi networks.
3. Enter the device-specific Wi-Fi password (see WPA2-PSK on the type label).
4. Open the web browser of your smart end device and enter **https://smalogin.net** in the address bar.
 - ☒ When you connect to the user interface for the first time, the welcome page opens. The Commissioning Assistant for configuring the product can be started via the welcome page.
 - ☒ The login page of the user interface opens if the product has already been configured.
5. If the login page of the user interface does not open, enter the IP address **https://192.168.12.3** or, if your smart terminal supports mDNS services, **SMA[serial number].local** or **https://SMA[serial number]** in the address bar of the web browser.

Also see:

- [Access information for direct Wi-Fi connection ⇒ page 56](#)

8.2 WPS function

8.2.1 Connection options with WPS

You have several options to use the WPS function. Depending on the possible application of the WPS function, the procedure for activation will vary.

The following options are available:

- WPS for automatic connection to a network (e.g. via a router)
- WPS for direct connection between the product and a smart device

8.2.2 Activating WPS for automatic connection

Requirements:

- ☐ WLAN must be activated in the product.
- ☐ WPS must be activated on the router.
- ☐ The user interface is open and you are logged in.

Procedure:

1. Select the menu **Configuration**.
 2. Select **Network configuration** menu item.
 3. Click on the button **Use WPS** in the **Wi-Fi** section.
 4. Click on **[Save]**.
- ☒ The WPS function is activated and the automatic connection to the network can be established.

8.2.3 Activating WPS for direct connection to a smart device

- Tap on the enclosure lid of the product twice in direct succession.
- ☒ The WPS function is activated for about 2 minutes. Activation is indicated by a slow flashing blue LED.

8.3 Design of the User Interface

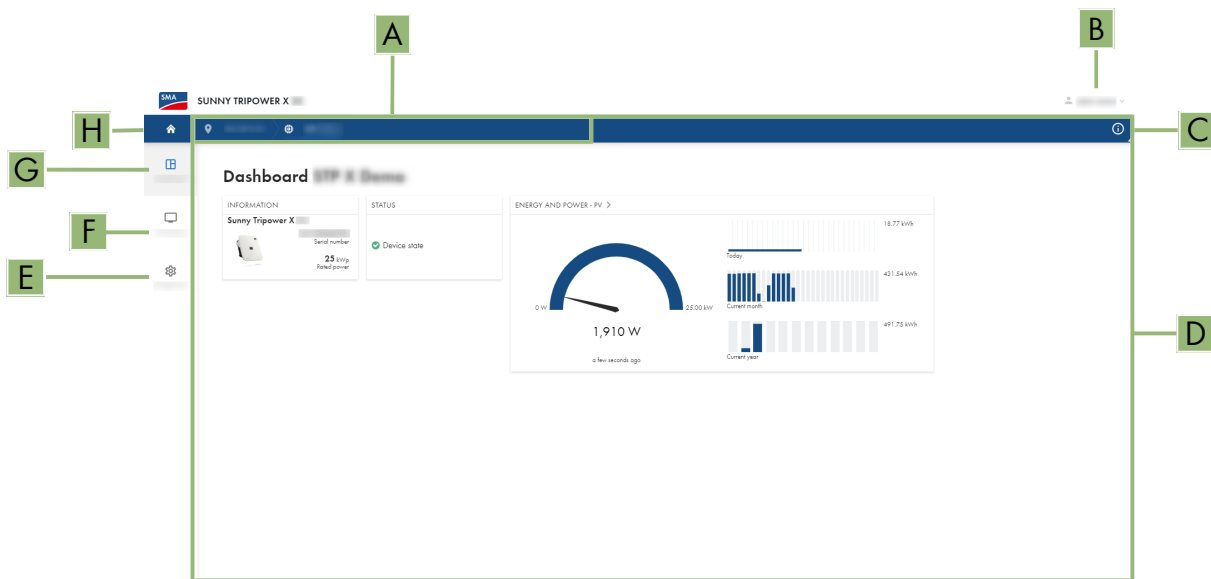


Figure 14: Design of the User Interface

Position	Designation	Description
A	Focus navigation	Enables the navigation between the following levels: • System • Device
B	User settings	Provides the following functions: • Configuring personal data • Logout
C	System information	Displays the following information: • System • Device information • Licenses • eManual
D	Content Area	Displays the dashboard or content of the selected menu.
E	Configuration	Offers different views for configuration, depending on the selected level and user role.
F	Monitoring	Offers different views for monitoring, depending on the scope of the connected devices.
G	Dashboard	Displays information and instantaneous values of the device or system currently selected.
H	Home	Opens the user interface home page

8.4 Access rights to the user interface

During registration, 1 user with administrator rights is created. With administrator rights, you can add further system users who can configure user rights or delete users.

This gives users access to the system and to the devices recorded in the system.

You can assign the following roles for users:

- User
- Installer

In addition, administrator rights can be assigned for each role.

8.5 Changing parameters

The parameters of the product are set to certain values by default. You can change the parameters to optimize the performance of the product.

This section describes the basic procedure for changing parameters. Always change parameters as described in this section.

Requirements:

- ☐ The product's user interface must be open and you must be logged in.
- ☐ Changes to grid-relevant parameters must be approved by the responsible grid operator, and can only be made as an **installer**.

Procedure:

1. Choose the product in the focus navigation.
2. Select the menu **Configuration**.
3. Select the **Parameters** menu item.
4. Call up the parameter via the search function or navigate to the parameter.
5. Change the parameter value.
6. Click on **[Save]**.

8.6 Bookmarking Instantaneous Values

If you frequently check certain instantaneous values, you can bookmark them. This makes it easier to quickly locate them in the inverter's user interface.

Requirements:

- ☐ The user interface must be open and you must be logged in.

Procedure:

1. Choose the product or system in the focus navigation.
2. Select the **Monitoring** menu.
3. Select the menu item **Realtime values**.
4. Call up the instantaneous value via the search function or navigate to the instantaneous value.
5. Click the star icon in the instantaneous value row, on the right under **Favorites**.
6. Select **Favorites** in the top-right corner of the table header to activate sorting.
 - ☒ Favorites now appear at the top of the instantaneous values list.

8.7 Arc-Fault Circuit Interrupter (AFCI)

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You can set the arc-fault circuit interrupter using the following parameters.

Channel	Name	Settings
AfcIsOn	AFCI switched on	Yes No

You can use the following parameters to set the manual restart after an arc fault detection.

Channel	Name	Settings
Operation.ManRstr.IsOn	Manual restart activated	Yes No
Operation.ManRstr.ManRstrAF CI	Manual restart after arc detection	On Off Yes, after 5 electric arc detections within 24 hrs

Also see:

- [Arc-Fault Circuit Interrupter \(AFCI\) ⇒ page 22](#)
- [Changing parameters ⇒ page 59](#)
- [Manual restart after electric arc ⇒ page 101](#)

8.8 Digital output (MFR)

8.8.1 Use of the digital output (MFR)

The digital output (MFR) can be switched depending on measured values or states.

You have several options to use the digital output.

Possible use	Category	Explanation
Notification in the event of an error	System state	System is in warning or error state.
Alarm in case of warning or error	System state	System is in error state.
Direct selling enabled	System state	The active power limitation of the direct seller is currently used for the point of interconnection.
Battery state of charge ¹⁾	Monitoring	Balanced state of charge of all batteries in the system
System active power ¹⁾	Monitoring	Sum of the active power of all PV inverters in the system.
System reactive power ¹⁾	Monitoring	Balance of the reactive power of all selected PV inverters in the system.
Reactive power setpoint ¹⁾	Setpoints	Reactive power value to be set.

¹⁾ Conditions for activating the outlet signal must be specified

Possible use	Category	Explanation
Setpoint of active power limitation ¹⁾	Setpoints	The active power value currently to be set.
Standardized measured voltage value for Q(V) ¹⁾	Grid connection point	Standardized measured voltage value from the point of interconnection. For this, you require a valid Q(V) configuration in the grid management services.
System active power (grid-supplied power) ¹⁾	Grid connection point	Currently drawn active power.
System active power (grid feed-in) ¹⁾	Grid connection point	Currently fed-in active power.
System reactive power at the grid connection point ¹⁾	Grid connection point	Current reactive power.

8.8.2 Configure the digital output (MFR)

QUALIFIED PERSON

Requirements:

- ☐ A signal source must be connected to the digital output (**MFR**).
- ☐ The inverter to which the signal source is connected, must be configured as System Manager.
- ☐ The user interface must be open and you must be logged in as **Installer**.

Procedure:

1. Select the product in the focus navigation.
2. Select the menu **Configuration**.
3. Select the menu item **I/O configurations**.
4. Select + **New I/O configuration** to add a new configuration.
5. Select the type of the I/O channel **Digital output**.
6. Select the use for the digital output.
7. If necessary, activate inversion of the signal. Observe the pin assignment of the terminal block.
8. Click on [**Save**].

Also see:

- [Use of the digital output \(MFR\) ⇒ page 60](#)

8.9 Digital input

8.9.1 Configure digital inputs

QUALIFIED PERSON

Requirements:

- ☐ The user interface must be open and you must be logged in.

Procedure:

1. Select the product in the focus navigation.
2. Select the menu **Configuration**.
3. Select the menu item **I/O configurations**.
4. Select + **New I/O configuration** to add a new configuration.

5. Select the type of the I/O channel **Digital input**.
6. Select the use for the digital input.
7. Adjust further required settings (if applicable).
8. Assign a name to the I/O channel.
9. Click on **[Save]**.

8.9.2 Configuring the digital input DI 1-4 for the external setpoint

QUALIFIED PERSON

If the grid operator specifications were not configured via the commissioning wizard, you can carry out the configuration as described below.

Requirements:

- ☐ A ripple control receiver or remote terminal unit for active power setpoints must be connected to digital input **DI 1-4**.
- ☐ The inverter that is connected to the ripple control receiver or the remote terminal unit must be configured as **System Manager**.
- ☐ The user interface must be open and you must be logged in as **Installer** or **Administrator**.

Procedure:

1. Select the product in the focus navigation.
2. Select the menu **Configuration**.
3. Select the menu item **Grid management service**.
4. For the active and reactive power select **Configuration & activation**.
5. Open the configuration wizard for **Grid operator specifications** under **Active power**.
6. Activate **Source for external setpoint**.
7. Select **Digital inputs**.
8. Select **+ New I/O configuration**.
9. Select the **System Manager** as the source for the digital signal.
10. Select the digital inputs 1-4.
11. Configure the grid operator specifications. You can add a new line for each default value and specify the combination of signals (bits).
12. Click on **[Accept]**.
13. Configure the fallback behavior for missing setpoints.
14. If necessary, configure the behavior in case of setpoint change.

8.9.3 Control and Regulation of Grid Management Services via Digital Inputs

During the configuration of grid management services, the operating modes **Open loop control** and **Closed loop control** can be selected via digital inputs.

- **Open loop control:** The System Manager limits the output power to the default value, ignoring any potential self-consumption.
- **Closed loop control:** This operating mode can only be selected when using the inverter in combination with an energy meter. The System Manager utilizes the measurement data from the energy meter at the point of interconnection to regulate the system's specified power output. As a result, self-consumption within the system is considered.

8.9.4 Instantaneous Values for Verifying Active Power Limitation

Instantaneous values listed below can be used to verify the correct operation of active power limitation through digital inputs.

Instantaneous values can be accessed on the inverter's user interface at the inverter level via **Monitoring > Realtime values**.

Channel	Name
GridMs.TotW.Pv	PV power
Operation.DrtStt	Reason for derating
Inverter.WModCfg.WCtlComCfg.WNom	Normalized active power limitation by PV system control

Also see:

- [Bookmarking Instantaneous Values ⇒ page 59](#)

8.10 Generating the I-V Characteristic Curve

QUALIFIED PERSON

Requirements:

- ☐ The user interface must be open and you must be logged in as **Installer**.

Procedure:

1. Select the product in the focus navigation.
2. Select the **Monitoring** menu.
3. Select the menu item **Diagnosis**.
4. Select the **I-V characteristic curve**.
5. Select [**New measurement**].
6. Use the measurement results to check whether there are any deviations or changes.
7. If necessary, carry out measures to correct the problems on the PV modules.
8. Export the results if necessary.

Also see:

- [Diagnostic function ⇒ page 22](#)

8.11 Activating a Digital Product

If you purchased a digital product via the SMA Online Shop at www.SMA-Onlineshop.com, you can activate this digital product as described below.

Each digital product can only be activated once and has no run-time restriction unless otherwise stated.

Requirements:

- An active Internet connection is required at the time of activation.
- The activation key must be present. You can find the activation key on the invoice that was sent to the e-mail address, which has been stored in the customer profile of the SMA Online Shop.
- The user interface must be open and you must be logged in as **Installer** or **Administrator**.

Procedure:

1. Select the product in the focus navigation.

2. Select the menu **Configuration**.
3. Select the **Digital products** menu item.
4. In the row of the product to be activated, click the [**Activate**] button.
 - ☒ The activation window opens.
5. Enter the activation key and click the [**Activate**] button. Please note: All letters are capital letters. All hyphens are mandatory fields.

8.12 Energy management

8.12.1 Activating the energy management

QUALIFIED PERSON

Requirements:

- ☐ A suitable energy meter is installed and configured at the point of interconnection within the system.
- ☐ A battery is available in the system and has been put into operation.
- ☐ The user interface is open and you are logged in.

Procedure:

1. Select the menu item **Energy management** in the menu **Configuration**.
2. Select **Advanced settings**.
3. Select **Control by SMA energy management**.
4. Finish by clicking [**Save**].

Also see:

- [Available operating modes](#) ⇒ page 66

8.12.2 Deactivating the energy management

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A single energy management profile cannot be deactivated, only changed. To deactivate the entire energy management, proceed as described in this section.

Requirements:

- ☐ The user interface must be open and you must be logged in.

Procedure:

1. Select the menu item **Energy management** in the menu **Configuration**.
 2. Select **Advanced settings**.
 3. Select **No control by SMA energy management**.
 4. Finish by clicking [**Save**].
- ☒ Energy management is deactivated. If there is a battery in the system, the respective battery or hybrid inverter must take over control itself. Otherwise, the battery will behave according to its fallback behavior Set battery fallback behavior when energy management is disabled.

Also see:

- [Available operating modes](#) ⇒ page 66

8.12.3 Predefined operating modes

The page of the user interface shows predefined operating modes that are stored in the product. These profiles form the basis for configuring the energy management using individual operating modes.

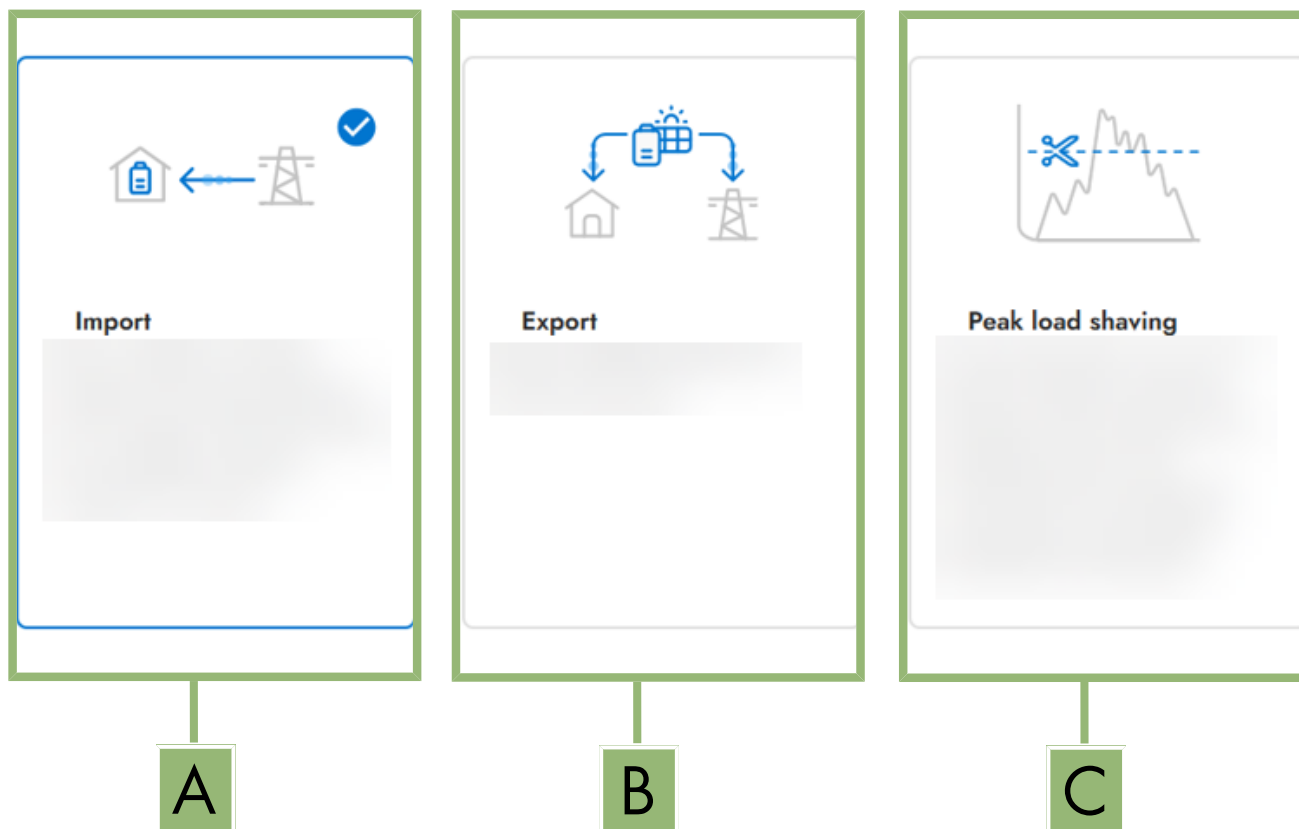


Figure 15: Overview of predefined energy management profiles

Position	Energy management profile	Explanation
A	Import	The battery is charged with excess energy from the PV system. If there is no excess energy available, the battery is charged from the utility grid.
B	Export	The available energy from the PV system is fed into the utility grid.
C	Peak Shaving	During peak loads, energy from the PV system or battery is used to reduce the amount of energy drawn from the utility grid. A combination of increased self-consumption and peak load shaving can be set (multiuse).
-	Maximum Increased Self-Consumption	This operating mode is always active if no other mode has been selected. Self-consumption is maximized through intelligent charging and discharging of the battery, and feed-in to the utility grid is minimized. The operating mode cannot be used as a basis for configuring individual operating modes.

Also see:

- [Add new operating mode](#) ⇒ page 66

8.12.4 Available operating modes

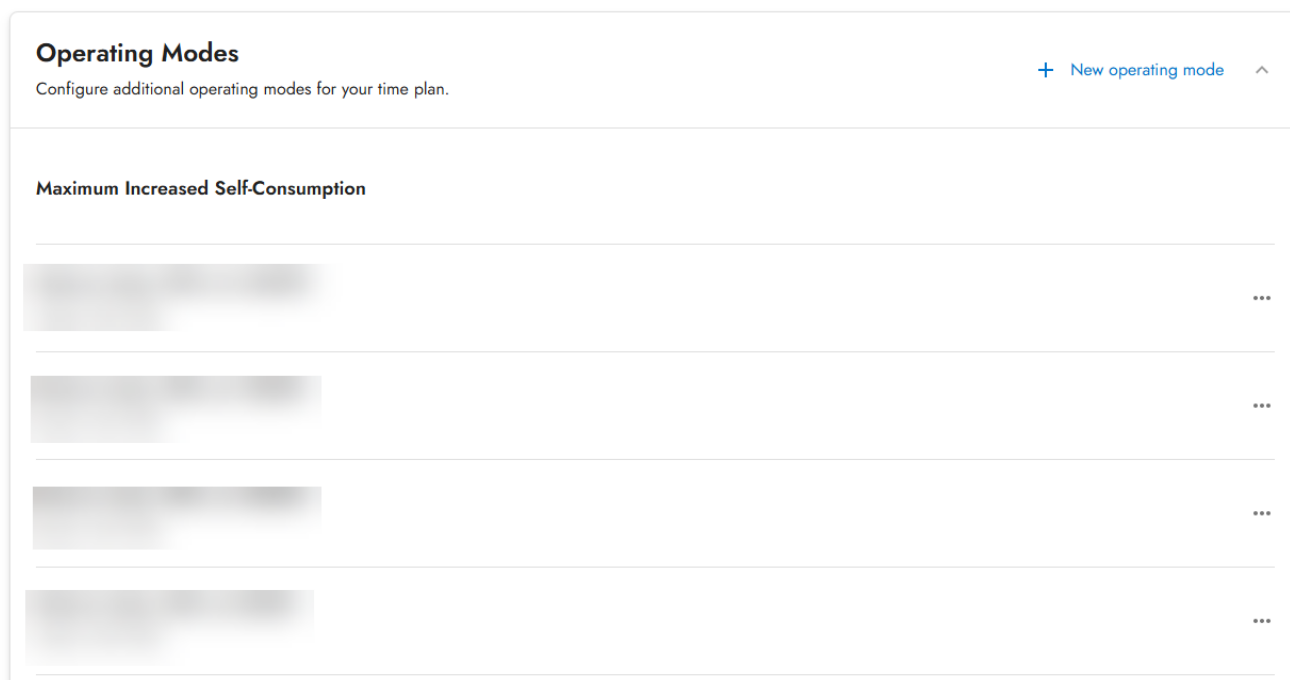


Figure 16: Overview of the used energy management profiles (example)

In the **Configuration > Energy management** menu, under **Operating modes**, you will find an overview of all available operating modes.

When energy management is started for the first time after commissioning, only the predefined profile **Maximum increased self-consumption** is displayed.

Also see:

- [Predefined operating modes ⇒ page 65](#)
- [Add new operating mode ⇒ page 66](#)
- [Activating the energy management ⇒ page 64](#)
- [Deactivating the energy management ⇒ page 64](#)

8.12.5 Add new operating mode

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

Requirement:

- ☐ Energy management is activated (see Section 8.12.1, page 64).
- ☐ The user interface is open and you are logged in.

Procedure:

1. Select the menu item **Energy management** in the menu **Configuration**.
2. In the **Operating modes** section, select the **New operating mode** button.
 - ☒ The overview of the predefined operating modes opens.
3. Select the preferred operating mode to serve as the basis for configuration.
4. Configure individual settings.

Also see:

- [Predefined operating modes ⇒ page 65](#)

- [Available operating modes](#) ⇒ page 66
- [Setting options for peak load shaving](#) ⇒ page 67

8.12.6 Setting options for peak load shaving

Setting option	Explanation
Threshold for peak load shaving	Limiting value for the grid supply from which the battery is to be used to reduce peak loads. Only whole numbers are accepted as an entry.
Battery charge for peak load shaving	The parameter Battery charge controls the charging behavior of the inverter during peak load shaving: If the state of charge of the battery should always be as high as possible, for example, activate or leave the option Recharge start voltage corresponds to threshold for peak load shaving activated for the parameter Battery state of charge. If recharging of the battery from the utility grid is to be avoided, for example, deactivate the option Recharge start voltage corresponds to threshold for peak load shaving and set the Recharge start voltage to 0 kW for the parameter Battery state of charge.
Averaging interval in the tariff	Interval for billing the performance prices: If the tariff of your electric utility company does not specify an interval for billing the performance prices or if the interval for billing the performance prices is not known, select the Unknown option.
Adjustment	If no value is specified for the Billing interval in the tariff, the option Immediate adjustment is always active. In this case, peak load shaving is controlled according to the instantaneous value of the grid supply at the point of interconnection. If a value for the Averaging interval in the tariff is specified, the option Billing interval can be selected. In this case, peak load shaving is controlled according to the averaging value of the grid supply at the point of interconnection. If a peak load that is too high cannot be curtailed, the resulting overload can be compensated for at another time in the averaging interval. It can happen that the inverter curtails the grid-supplied power even further than specified by the threshold for peak load shaving.
Automatic threshold adjustment	Only if a value for the Averaging interval in the tariff is specified, can the function Automatic threshold adjustment be used. If the option Adaptively increase threshold is activated and the threshold for peak load shaving could not be observed despite adjustment via the averaging interval, the threshold is automatically increased. Exceeding the original threshold specifies the measure for the adaptive increase. Optionally, the threshold for peak load shaving can be reset to the originally entered value at the end of the billing period.

Also see:

- [Add new operating mode](#) ⇒ page 66

8.12.7 Create a new schedule

Schedules control the use of operating modes. If no schedule is created, the operating mode **Maximum increased self-consumption** is always active.

Requirement:

- ☐ Energy management is activated (see Section 8.12.1, page 64).
- ☐ The user interface is open and you are logged in.

Procedure:

1. Select the menu item **Energy management** in the menu **Configuration**.
2. In the **Schedules** section, select the **New schedule** button.
3. Set the name of the schedule, standard operating mode, and time period.
4. Click on **[Next]**.
5. Use the **[New time window]** button to define which operating mode should be used in which time windows. If no time slots are defined, the default operating mode is active for the entire duration of the schedule.

8.12.8 Export schedules

To use a schedule in another facility, it can be exported.

Requirement:

- ☐ At least 1 schedule has been created.
- ☐ The user interface is open and you are logged in.

Procedure:

1. Select the menu item **Energy management** in the menu **Configuration**.
 2. In the **Schedules** section, select **...**.
 3. Select **Download schedules**.
 4. Select the button **[Download]**.
- ☒ A .zip file containing all created schedules has been created. The file cannot be unzipped and is only intended for import into another system.

Also see:

- [Import schedules](#) ⇒ page 68

8.12.9 Import schedules

Schedules that have already been created can be imported into another system.

Requirement:

- ☐ A .zip file containing schedules for another system is available.
- ☐ The user interface is open and you are logged in.

Procedure:

1. Select the menu item **Energy management** in the menu **Configuration**.
 2. In the **Schedules** section, select **...**.
 3. Select **Upload schedules**.
 4. Add file and select **[Upload]**.
- ☒ The schedules from the file and the corresponding operating modes are now available in the system. Existing schedules have been overwritten.

Also see:

- [Export schedules ⇒ page 68](#)

8.13 Backup file

8.13.1 Function and content of the backup file

The backup file is used to transfer configuration information, e.g., when commissioning a replacement device or when restoring previously saved parameter settings.

The backup file includes the following system and device configuration data for your product:

- Grid Management Services
- Ethernet
- Energy meter
- Sunny Portal setting
- Self-defined Modbus profiles
- System password
- User interface login data
- List of connected devices

The following information is not included in the backup file:

- Notifications
- Wi-Fi data
- Historic energy and performance values

8.13.2 Creating a Backup File

Requirements:

- ☐ The user interface must be open and you must be logged in.

Procedure:

1. Select the product in the focus navigation.
2. Select the menu **Configuration**.
3. Select the **Update and backup** menu item.
4. Select the **[Create backup file]** button.
5. Enter a password to encrypt the backup file and confirm with **[Create and download backup file]**. Please note that the password will be needed later for importing the backup file.
 - ☒ An lbd file with all parameter settings will be downloaded.

Also see:

- [Function and content of the backup file ⇒ page 69](#)

8.14 Carry out a manual firmware update

QUALIFIED PERSON

Functional limitations during the update

While an update is being performed, the functions of the product may be limited. The product is performing a restart and may be without function at times. This process takes several minutes and cannot be canceled.

Requirements:

- ☐ An update file with the desired firmware of the product must be available. You can download the update file, for example, from the product page under www.SMA-Solar.com.
- ☐ The user interface must be open and you must be logged in as **Installer**.

Procedure:

1. Select the product in the focus navigation.
2. Select the menu **Configuration**.
3. Select the **Update and backup** menu item.
4. In the **Manual update** area, click [**Select file**] and select the update file for the product.
 - ☒ The user interface confirms that the update file is compatible.
5. If the user interface does not confirm the compatibility of the update file, replace the update file.
6. Select [**Start update**].
7. Follow the instructions in the dialog.
 - ☒ The product is performing a restart after the firmware update.
8. Select the **Monitoring** menu.
9. Select the menu item **Event monitor**.
10. Check the events to see whether the firmware update has been completed successfully.

8.15 Device Administration

8.15.1 Register Devices

You can register new devices and add them to the system on system level. This is required, for example, if your system has been expanded.

Requirements:

- ☐ The user interface must be open and you must be logged in.

Procedure:

1. Select the system in the focus navigation.
2. Select the menu **Configuration**.
3. Select the **Device management** menu item.
4. Select the **+** button.
5. Follow the steps of the device registration wizard.

8.15.2 Delete devices

You can delete registered devices on system level.

Requirements:

- ☐ The user interface must be open and you must be logged in.

Procedure:

1. Select the system in the focus navigation.
2. Select the menu **Configuration**.
3. Select the **Device management** menu item.
4. In the row of the device to be deleted, click the **...** button.

5. Select **Delete device**.
6. Select [**Delete**] in the displayed message.

8.16 Restart the inverter via the user interface

Requirements:

- ☐ The user interface must be open and you must be logged in as **Installer**.

Procedure:

1. Choose the product in the focus navigation.
2. Select the menu **Configuration**.
3. Select the **Parameters** menu item.
4. Call up the parameter **Initiate device restart (Sys.DevRstr)** via the search function or navigate to the parameter.
5. Change the parameter value to **Execute**.
6. Click on [**Save**].
 - ☒ The inverter is performing a restart.

8.17 Resetting the product to default setting

Loss of data due to replacement or due to resetting to default settings

If the product is reset to the default settings or replaced, all data saved in the product and the admin account will be deleted. Some of the data saved in Sunny Portal can be transmitted to the product after calling up the Sunny Portal system again.

Requirements:

- ☐ The user interface must be open and you must be logged in.

Procedure:

1. Select the product in the focus navigation.
2. Select the menu **Configuration**.
3. Select the menu item **Device properties**.
4. Select the button [**If you want to reset the device to the default settings, click here**].
5. Select [**Reset**].

8.18 Delete user accounts

QUALIFIED PERSON

If the password is lost, all user accounts can be reset and recreated. All system data will be retained.

Individual user accounts can be deleted via **Configuration > User management** if a user with administrator rights is still able to log in.

Requirements:

- ☐ The Device Key from the label on the back of the supplied manual must be present.
- ☐ The login page of the user interface must be open.

Procedure:

1. Click [**Delete user accounts?**] button.

2. Enter Device Key.

3. Select [**Delete**].

☒ The product is performing a restart. Then a new user account can be created.

Also see:

- [Device Key \(DEV KEY\) ⇒ page 21](#)

8.19 Configuring Service Access

The PUK 2.0 function allows you to grant an SMA-authorized service user access to the product's user interface in the event of a product malfunction or when performing warranty services. With PUK 2.0, you can configure yourself whether and for how long service access to your system is possible. If no service access is configured, your system cannot be accessed.

In order for the service user to access your system, a VPN connection may also need to be set up.

Requirements:

- ☐ The product's user interface must be open and you must be logged in.

Procedure:

1. In the user settings, select **PUK 2.0 configuration**.
2. Select [**Configure**].
3. Select the desired duration for service access.
4. Click on [**Save**].

8.20 Q on Demand 24/7

If the "Q on Demand 24/7" function is activated for longer than 24 hours, a self-test is performed. The inverter is disconnected from the utility grid for a few minutes. The self-test should be carried out at a time when the sun is shining. As soon as enough DC power is available, the PV inverter starts operating again. The time for the self-test is set via the parameter **Time of cyclic insulation measurement**.

The general setting of the grid management services (e.g. cos phi setpoint or Q(V) characteristic curve) can not be fully set independently of the "Q on Demand 24/7" function via the relevant parameters - "Q on Demand 24/7" only permits Q specifications. It is to be noted here that certain settings can have an influence on other grid-support settings and functions.

This means that if the "Q on Demand 24/7" function" is active, no other grid-supporting functions (e.g., cos phi) are possible between day and night operation of the inverter. Should an independent reactive power provision be desired between day- and night operation, the reactive power provision must be communicated to the inverter via a superordinate control unit.

The function "Q on Demand 24/7" is not compatible with the reactive power modes **cos φ(P) charac. curve** or **cos φ(V) charac. curve**.

The provision of reactive power can only be read off in the instantaneous values (**GridMs.TotVAr, Reactive power**) or requested via Modbus.

You can set the reactive power mode using the following parameters.

Channel	Name	Settings
Inverter.VArModCfg.QoDEna		On
		Off
Inverter.VArModCfg.VArCnstCfgDmd.VArNom	Manual reactive power setpoint for zero power output	0% to 100%

Channel	Name	Settings
Inverter.VArModCfg.VArModZ-erW	Reactive power for zero active power	Selection of various reactive power modes
Inverter.VArModCfg.VArModZ-erWFlb	Reactive power fallback process in case of zero active power	Selection of various reactive power modes
Operation.LeakRisMsTm	Time of cyclic insulation measurement	Time in minutes starting from 0:00 a.m. (e.g., 600 minutes for 10:00 a.m.)

8.21 Country standard

The product is not set to any country data set at the factory. While commissioning the product using the commissioning wizard, a country data set appropriate for the installation site and intended purpose must be selected for the product to start operating.

You can change the country standard via the user interface. First select the country data set and then the grid type suitable for your application.

i The country data set must be set correctly.

If you select a country data set which is not valid for your country and purpose, it can cause a disturbance in the PV system and lead to problems with the grid operator. When selecting the country data set, you must always observe the locally applicable standards and directives as well as the properties of the PV system (e.g. PV system size, grid-connection point).

- If you are not sure which standards and directives are valid for your country or purpose, contact the grid operator.

i The grid type must be set correctly

If you select the wrong grid type, it can cause a disturbance in the PV system and lead to problems with the grid operator.

Channel	Name	Settings
CntrySet	Set country standard	Selection of different country data sets
Inverter.GriTyp	Grid type	Selection of different grid types
Cntry	Country standard	Display of the currently set country data set
CntryBas	Underlying country standard	Display of the country data set on which the current settings are based
GridMs.GriTyp	Grid type	Display of the currently set grid type

8.22 Overview of Grid Types

Depending on the selected country data set, some of the listed grid types can be selected.

Designation	Explanation
GriTyp3P4W_480V_LL	3 line conductors and neutral conductor (3P4W), nominal voltage: 480 V line conductor - line conductor
GriTyp3P4W_400V_LL	3 line conductors and neutral conductor (3P4W), nominal voltage: 400 V line conductor - line conductor

Designation	Explanation
GriTyp3P4W_208V_LL	3 line conductors and neutral conductor (3P4W), nominal voltage: 208 V line conductor - line conductor
GriTyp3P4W_220V_LL	3 line conductors and neutral conductor (3P4W), nominal voltage: 220 V line conductor - line conductor

9 Disconnecting the Inverter from Voltage Sources

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

Prior to performing any work on the product, always disconnect it from all voltage sources as described in this section. Always adhere to the prescribed sequence.

⚠ WARNING

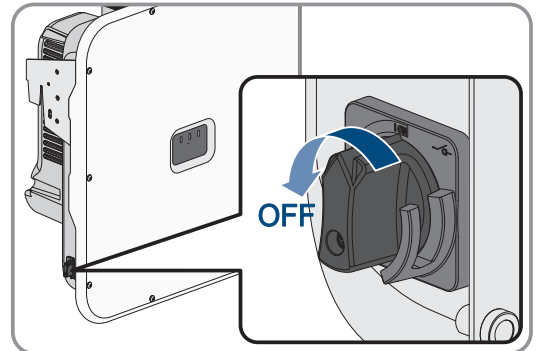
Danger to life due to electric shock from destruction of the measuring device due to overvoltage

Overvoltage can damage a measuring device and result in voltage being present in the enclosure of the measuring device. Touching the live enclosure of the measuring device results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

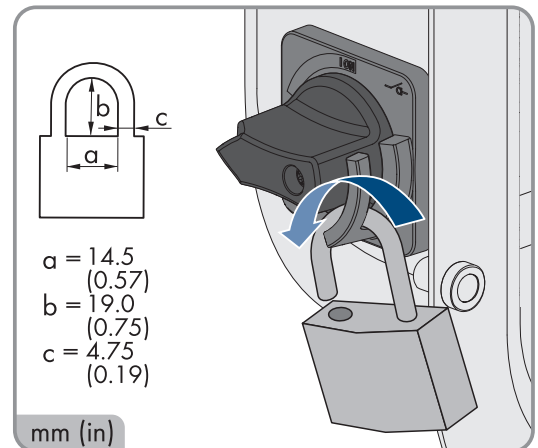
- Only use measuring devices with a DC input voltage range of 1000 V or higher.

Procedure:

1. Disconnect the AC miniature circuit breaker and secure against reconnection.
2. Turn the DC load-break switch of the inverter to position **O**.

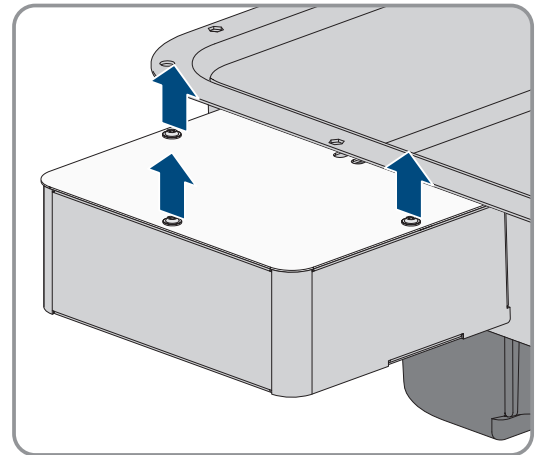


3. If your country requires the DC load-break switch to be protected against reconnection, secure the DC load-break switch against reconnection with a suitable padlock.

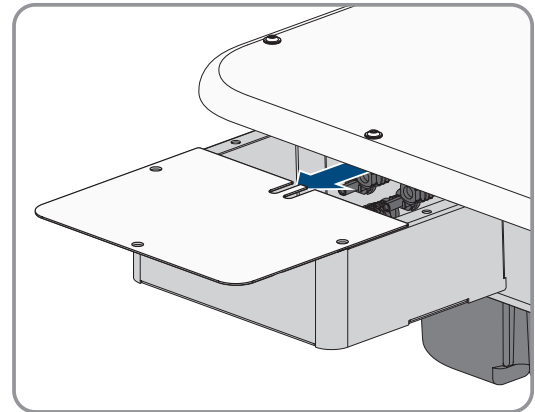


4. If the multifunction relay is used, switch off any supply voltage to the load.
5. Switch off the supply voltage of the digital signal sources if necessary.
6. Wait until the LEDs have gone out.

7. Unscrew the screws (TX25) of the lid if the DC terminal cover is present.



8. Remove the lid downwards if the DC terminal cover is present.



9. Use a current clamp to ensure that no current is present in the DC cables.

10. Note the position of the DC connectors.

11.

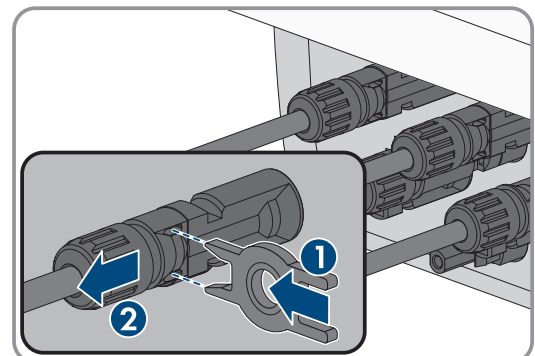
⚠ DANGER

Danger to life due to electric shock when touching exposed DC conductors or DC plug contacts if the DC connectors are damaged or loose

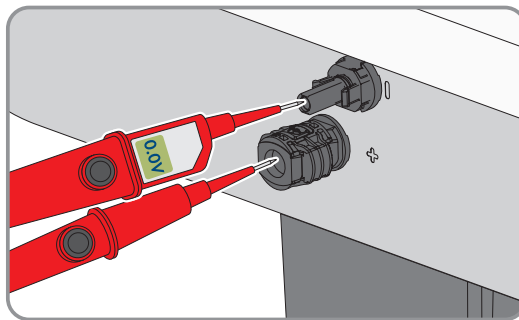
The DC connectors can break or become damaged, become free of the DC cables, or no longer be connected correctly if the DC connectors are released and disconnected incorrectly. This can result in the DC conductors or DC plug contacts being exposed. Touching live DC conductors or DC plug connectors will result in death or serious injury due to electric shock.

- Wear insulated gloves and use insulated tools when working on the DC connectors.
- Ensure that the DC connectors are in perfect condition and that none of the DC conductors or DC plug contacts are exposed.
- Carefully release and remove the DC connectors as described in the following.

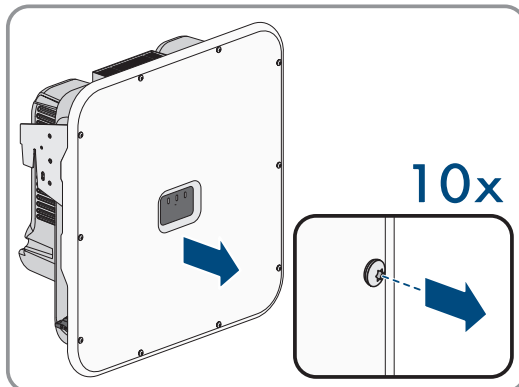
12. Unlock the DC connector using the corresponding unlocking tool and remove (refer to the manufacturer manual for further information).



13. Ensure that no voltage is present at the DC inputs on the inverter using a suitable voltage detector.

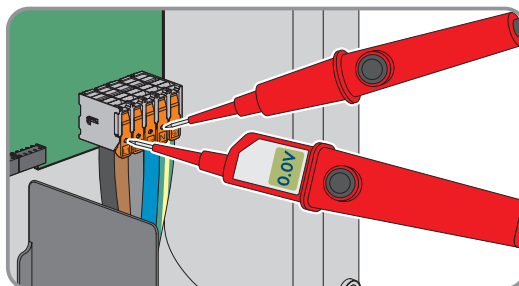


14. Loosen all ten screws of the enclosure lid (TX25) and remove the enclosure lid towards the front.

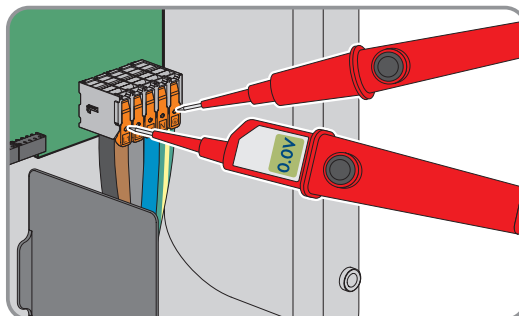


15. Set the screws and the enclosure lid aside and store safely.

16. Check that there is no voltage between L1 and N, L2 and N, and L3 and N at the AC terminal block for connecting the utility grid. Use a suitable voltage detector for this purpose. To do this, insert the test probes through the openings on the terminal block.



17. Check that there is no voltage between L1 and grounding conductor, L2 and grounding conductor, and L3 and grounding conductor at the AC terminal block for connecting the utility grid. Use a suitable voltage detector for this purpose.



10 Cleaning

The product must be cleaned regularly to ensure that the product is free of dust, leaves and other dirt.

NOTICE

Damage to the product due to cleaning agents

The use of cleaning agents may cause damage to the product and its components.

- Clean the product and all its components only with a cloth moistened with clear water.

Also see:

- [Cleaning the Fans](#) ⇒ page 100

11 Troubleshooting

11.1 Event messages

11.1.1 Event 101

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Grid incident**

Explanation:

The grid voltage or grid impedance at the connection point of the inverter is too high. The inverter has disconnected from the utility grid.

Corrective measures:

- Check whether the grid voltage at the connection point of the inverter is permanently in the permissible range.
If the grid voltage is outside the permissible range due to local grid conditions, contact the grid operator. The grid operator must agree with an adjustment of the voltage at the feed-in point or with a change of the monitored operating limits.
If the grid voltage is permanently within the permissible range and this message is still displayed, contact the Service.

11.1.2 Event 102

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Grid incident**

Explanation:

The grid voltage or grid impedance at the connection point of the inverter is too high. The inverter has disconnected from the utility grid.

Corrective measures:

- Check whether the grid voltage at the connection point of the inverter is permanently in the permissible range.
If the grid voltage is outside the permissible range due to local grid conditions, contact the grid operator. The grid operator must agree with an adjustment of the voltage at the feed-in point or with a change of the monitored operating limits.
If the grid voltage is permanently within the permissible range and this message is still displayed, contact the Service.

11.1.3 Event 103

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Grid incident**

Explanation:

The grid voltage or grid impedance at the connection point of the inverter is too high. The inverter has disconnected from the utility grid.

Corrective measures:

- Check whether the grid voltage at the connection point of the inverter is permanently in the permissible range.
If the grid voltage is outside the permissible range due to local grid conditions, contact the grid operator. The grid operator must agree with an adjustment of the voltage at the feed-in point or with a change of the monitored operating limits.
If the grid voltage is permanently within the permissible range and this message is still displayed, contact the Service.

11.1.4 Event 105**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- **Grid incident**

Explanation:

The grid voltage or grid impedance at the connection point of the inverter is too high. The inverter has disconnected from the utility grid.

Corrective measures:

- Check whether the grid voltage at the connection point of the inverter is permanently in the permissible range.
If the grid voltage is outside the permissible range due to local grid conditions, contact the grid operator. The grid operator must agree with an adjustment of the voltage at the feed-in point or with a change of the monitored operating limits.
If the grid voltage is permanently within the permissible range and this message is still displayed, contact the Service.

11.1.5 Event 301**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- **Grid incident**

Explanation:

The ten-minute average value of the grid voltage is no longer within the permissible range. The grid voltage or grid impedance at the connection point is too high. The inverter disconnects from the utility grid to maintain power quality.

Corrective measures:

- During the feed-in operation, check whether the grid voltage at the connection point of the inverter is permanently in the permissible range.
If the grid voltage is outside the permissible range due to local grid conditions, contact the grid operator. The grid operator must agree with an adjustment of the voltage at the feed-in point or with a change of the monitored operating limits.
If the grid voltage is permanently within the permissible range and this message is still displayed, contact the Service.

11.1.6 Event 302

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Active power limited AC voltage**

Explanation:

The inverter has reduced its power due to a too-high grid voltage to ensure grid stability.

Corrective measures:

- If possible, check the grid voltage and observe how often fluctuations occur. If fluctuations occur frequently and this message is displayed often, contact the grid operator and request approval to change the operating parameters of the inverter. If the grid operator gives approval, discuss any changes to the operating parameters with the Service.

11.1.7 Event 401

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Grid incident**

Explanation:

The inverter has disconnected from the utility grid. A stand-alone grid or a very large change in the grid frequency was detected.

Corrective measures:

- Make sure there is no power outage or work being done on the utility grid and contact a grid operator if necessary.
- Check the grid connection for significant short-term frequency fluctuations.

11.1.8 Event 404

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Grid incident**

Explanation:

The inverter has disconnected from the utility grid. A stand-alone grid or a very large change in the grid frequency was detected.

Corrective measures:

- Make sure there is no power outage or work being done on the utility grid and contact a grid operator if necessary.
- Check the grid connection for significant short-term frequency fluctuations.

11.1.9 Event 501

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Grid incident**

Explanation:

The grid frequency is not within the permissible range. The inverter has disconnected from the utility grid.

Corrective measures:

- If possible, check the grid frequency and observe how often fluctuations occur.
If fluctuations occur frequently and this message is displayed often, contact the grid operator and request approval to change the operating parameters of the inverter.
If the grid operator gives approval, discuss any changes to the operating parameters with the Service.

11.1.10 Event 507**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- **Active power limit AC frequency**

Explanation:

The inverter has reduced its power due to a too-high grid frequency to ensure grid stability.

Corrective measures:

- If possible, check the grid frequency and observe how often fluctuations occur. If fluctuations occur frequently and this message is displayed often, contact the grid operator and request approval to change the operating parameters of the inverter. If the grid operator gives approval, discuss any changes to the operating parameters with the Service.

11.1.11 Event 601**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- **Grid incident**

Explanation:

The inverter has detected an excessively high proportion of direct current in the grid current.

Corrective measures:

- Check the grid connection for direct current.
- If this message is displayed frequently, contact the grid operator and check whether the monitoring threshold on the inverter can be raised.

11.1.12 Event 701**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- **Frequency not permitted**
- **Check parameter**

Explanation:

The grid frequency is not within the permissible range. The inverter has disconnected from the utility grid.

Corrective measures:

- Check the AC wiring from the inverter to the feed-in meter.

- If possible, check the grid frequency and observe how often fluctuations occur.
If fluctuations occur frequently and this message is displayed often, contact the grid operator and request approval to change the operating parameters of the inverter.
If the grid operator gives approval, discuss any changes to the operating parameters with the Service.

11.1.13 Event 1001

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **L / N swapped**

Explanation:

Incorrect installation of the L / N connection.

Corrective measures:

- Check the AC wiring from the inverter to the feed-in meter.
- Check the AC voltages on the inverter connection.
- If this message is still displayed, contact the Service.

11.1.14 Event 1101

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Installation error**
- **Check connection**

Explanation:

A second line conductor is connected to N.

Corrective measures:

- Connect the neutral conductor to N.

11.1.15 Event 1302

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Waiting for grid voltage**
- **Grid connection installation failure**
- **Check grid and fuses**

Explanation:

The grid monitor of the inverter has detected that one or more line conductors or the neutral conductor are not connected. This may be due to the absence of neutral point grounding for the grid transformer or the absence of grounding for the main grounding busbar. The inverter cannot connect to the AC grid. The event message may also occur if the inverter cannot identify the connected AC grid. In these cases, an incorrectly configured country data set may be the cause.

Corrective measures:

- Ensure that the miniature circuit breaker is switched on.

- Ensure that the correct country data set has been configured in the inverter.
- Ensure that the AC connection at the inverter and at the point of interconnection is correctly executed. Repair or replace defective terminal points and fuses.
- Ensure that the AC voltage at the AC connection of the inverter and in the subdistributor is in the permissible range. There should only be a few volts of difference between the values. For three-phase inverters, perform the measurements for all connection line conductors.
- If the inverter is connected to a TN-C system, ensure that the voltage between N and PE is less than 0.3 V.
- If the inverter is connected to a TT system, ensure that the voltage between N and PE is less than 10 V.
- Ensure that the voltage between the line conductor and protective conductor is the same as the mains voltage and in the permissible range. For three-phase inverters, perform the measurements for all connection line conductors.
- Ensure that the voltage between the line conductor and neutral conductor is the same as the mains voltage and in the permissible range. For three-phase inverters, perform the measurements for all connection line conductors.
- Ensure that all grounding measures are correctly executed. If necessary, check that the neutral point grounding of the system transformer is correct.

11.1.16 Event 1501

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Reconnection fault grid**

Explanation:

The changed country standard or the value of a parameter you have set does not correspond to the local requirements. The inverter cannot connect to the utility grid.

Corrective measures:

- Ensure that the country data set has been configured correctly. To do this, select the parameter **Set country standard** and check the value.

11.1.17 Event 3501

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Insulation failure**
- **Check generator**

Explanation:

The insulation resistance of the DC installation is or was too low. The inverter disconnects from the utility grid for safety reasons and/or fails to connect during self-test mode. The cause is often defective insulation or a faulty plug connection on the PV modules or within the DC wiring. The event message can occur temporarily as it is influenced by ambient conditions such as rain or dew. In addition, mechanical influences (e.g. strong wind) can cause live DC cables to come into contact with grounded system parts if the cable insulation is defective. Inverters without a transformer can be destroyed by a ground fault during operation.

Corrective measures:

- Check the frequency and duration of the event message in the inverter's user interface or in the Sunny Portal. The measurements listed below should be performed under the same ambient conditions and at the same time of day as when the error occurred—ideally while an event message is active.

- If module electronic components, such as SunSpec-compatible module disconnectors, are present, an additional device is required to maintain the SunSpec PLC signal.
- Verify through measurement of the open-circuit voltage of the PV strings that the measured values correspond to the system design and prevailing irradiation conditions.
- Measure the voltage of each PV string between DC+ and PE, and between DC– and PE, using a suitable measuring device. If a stable voltage is measured that approximately equals the string voltage, this indicates a ground fault. Correct the ground fault on the relevant PV string and only then reconnect.
- Measure the insulation resistance of each PV string using an insulation resistance meter. Ensure that the PV string is short-circuited during these measurements and that the maximum permissible system voltage of the PV modules is not exceeded. If the insulation resistance is too low, it indicates a ground fault. Correct the ground fault on the relevant PV string and only then reconnect.
- Visually inspect the entire DC installation (PV modules, cables, plug connections, and any existing components such as module optimizers or disconnectors) to ensure there are no signs of damage, such as porosity, cracks, crushing, deformation, or discoloration. Replace or repair any defective components.

Tip: Use an IR camera for support.

11.1.18 Event 3523

Event message:

- Start of cyclic insulation test

Explanation:

During the cyclic insulation test, it is tested whether the electric strength of the battery and PV system is within the safe range. The inverter will be restarted once during an insulation test.

11.1.19 Event 3601

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- High discharge current
- Check generator

Explanation:

The leakage current of the inverter and the PV module is too high. There is a ground fault, a residual current or a malfunction.

The inverter interrupts feed-in operation immediately after exceeding a threshold. When the fault is eliminated, the inverter automatically reconnects to the utility grid.

Corrective measures:

- Check the PV system for ground faults.

11.1.20 Event 3701

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- Residual current too high
- Check generator

Explanation:

The inverter has detected a momentary insulation error of the PV modules. As soon as the values are back in the permissible range, the inverter reconnects. The error is exacerbated by climatic conditions such as high humidity in the morning and evening, as well as when it is raining.

Corrective measures:

- Ensure that the AC voltage between L and N, L and PE, and N and PE at the AC connection of the inverter and in the subdistributor is in the permissible range. For three-phase inverters, perform the measurements for all connection line conductors.
- Using a suitable measuring device, ensure that the voltage between N and PE is less than 10 V.
- Ensure that the module frame is correctly grounded.
- Check the PV system for ground faults.
- Check the frequency and duration of the event message in the inverter's user interface or in the Sunny Portal. The measurements listed below should be performed under the same ambient conditions and at the same time of day as when the error occurred—ideally while an event message is active.
- If module electronic components, such as SunSpec-compatible module disconnectors, are present, an additional device is required to maintain the SunSpec PLC signal.
- Verify through measurement of the open-circuit voltage of the PV strings that the measured values correspond to the system design and prevailing irradiation conditions.
- Measure the voltage of each PV string between DC+ and PE, and between DC– and PE, using a suitable measuring device. If a stable voltage is measured that approximately equals the string voltage, this indicates a ground fault. Correct the ground fault on the relevant PV string and only then reconnect.
- Measure the insulation resistance of each PV string using an insulation resistance meter. Ensure that the PV string is short-circuited during these measurements and that the maximum permissible system voltage of the PV modules is not exceeded. If the insulation resistance is too low, it indicates a ground fault. Correct the ground fault on the relevant PV string and only then reconnect.
- Visually inspect the entire DC installation (PV modules, cables, plug connections, and any existing components such as module optimizers or disconnectors) to ensure there are no signs of damage, such as porosity, cracks, crushing, deformation, or discoloration. Replace or repair any defective components.

Tip: Use an IR camera for support.

11.1.21 Event 3901**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- **Waiting for DC start conditions**
- **Start conditions not met**

Explanation:

The feed-in conditions for the utility grid are not yet fulfilled.

Corrective measures:

- Ensure that the PV module is not covered by snow or otherwise shaded.
- Wait for higher irradiation.
- If this message is displayed frequently in the morning, increase the voltage limit for starting grid feed-in. Change the parameter **Critical voltage to start feed-in**.
- If this message is displayed frequently with medium irradiation, ensure that the PV module is correctly rated and wired.

11.1.22 Event 3902

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Waiting for DC start conditions**
- **Start conditions not met**

Explanation:

The feed-in conditions for the utility grid are not yet fulfilled.

Corrective measures:

- Ensure that the PV module is not covered by snow or otherwise shaded.
- Wait for higher irradiation.
- If this message is displayed frequently in the morning, increase the voltage limit for starting grid feed-in. Change the parameter **Critical voltage to start feed-in**.
- If this message is displayed frequently with medium irradiation, ensure that the PV module is correctly rated.

11.1.23 Event 4301

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Serial el.arc in String |s0| detected by AFCI mod. / EvtAfcI**

Explanation:

The arc-fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) of the inverter has detected a serial electric arc in the indicated string. If "String N/A" is displayed, the string could not be uniquely assigned. The inverter interrupts feed-in operation. This is often caused by a defect in the series connection of the PV modules, especially in the area of the PV connectors. Defects in the module connection socket or within the PV module are less common, but cannot be ruled out. Recurring errors may cause damage to neighboring conductors and system components, which could result in more extensive system failures and damage and even to uncontrolled electric arcs and fires.

The PV system should immediately be inspected by qualified persons. If it is not possible to identify the cause of the error, the inverter should be taken out of operation until the investigation and corrective action can be completed.

Corrective measures:

- Perform the following measures either for the indicated PV string or, if no string has been identified, for all PV strings.
- Ensure that there are no optimizers installed at the PV modules. The arc-fault circuit interrupter is not designed for operation with optimizers.
- When using additional components in the DC installation, for example module switches, ensure compatibility.
- Ensure that only PV connectors of the same type and from the same manufacturer are connected to each other.
- Visually inspect the entire DC installation (PV modules, cables, plug connections, and any existing components such as module disconnectors) to ensure there are no signs of damage, such as porosity, cracks, crushing, deformation, or discoloration. Replace or repair any defective components.
Tip: Use an IR camera for support.
- If the arc-fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) with manual restart is activated, start the manual restart.

11.1.24 Event 6001-6499

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- Self-diagnosis
- Interference device

Explanation:

The cause must be determined by the Service.

Corrective measures:

- Contact Service.

11.1.25 Event 6101

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- Interference device / DevFlt
- Self-diagnosis / SlfDiag

Explanation:

The event message indicates an error in the program sequence of the inverter or a corrupt record. The red LED on the inverter lights up and the inverter discontinues feed-in.

Corrective measures:

- If the event message occurs briefly during starting in the morning or briefly before disconnection in the evening, no further measures are required. In this case, the cause is voltage supply instability due to low radiation conditions.
- If the event message occurs after a parameter change, ensure that the parameter settings are correct.
- If the event message is permanently present, disconnect the inverter from the voltage source and then restart it.
- If the event message persists after the restart, the assembly or inverter needs to be replaced.

11.1.26 Event 6107

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- Execution (State machine)
- Interference device / DevFlt
- Self-diagnosis / SlfDiag

Explanation:

The event message indicates an error in the program sequence of the inverter. The set time defined in the software for an operating state has been exceeded. The red LED on the inverter lights up and the inverter discontinues feed-in.

Corrective measures:

- If the event message occurs briefly during starting in the morning or briefly before disconnection in the evening, no further measures are required. In this case, the cause is voltage supply instability due to low radiation conditions.
- If the event message occurs after a parameter change, ensure that the parameter settings are correct.

- If the event message is permanently present, disconnect the inverter from the voltage source and then restart it.
- If the event message persists after the restart, the assembly or inverter needs to be replaced.

11.1.27 Event 6202

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Self-diagnosis**
- **Interference device**

Explanation:

The inverter reports **Self-diagnosis** or **Interference device** and the red LED lights up. This indicates a disturbance in the device-internal residual current monitoring unit (RCMU, RCD) of the inverter. When the error occurs, the inverter discontinues feed-in.

Corrective measures:

- If the message occurs only briefly when starting up or shutting down the inverter, no further action is required. In this case, the cause may be the fluctuating PV power in the lower power range.
- If the message occurs rarely or after a firmware update, no further action is required.
- If the message is permanently present, the assembly or inverter needs to be replaced.

11.1.28 Event 6401

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Self-diagnosis**
- **Interference device**

Explanation:

The event message may indicate a hardware defect in the inverter, for example a faulty sensor for measuring the insulation resistance or a faulty string.

Corrective measures:

- If the event message occurs once or very rarely and the inverter reconnects to the utility grid within a few minutes, no further measures are required.
- If the event message occurs regularly or is permanently present, check the insulation resistance of the PV system (all strings) using an insulation meter.
If module electronic components, such as SunSpec-compatible module disconnectors, are present, an additional device is required to maintain the SunSpec PLC signal.
- If a faulty string is identified, the inverter can be recommissioned with another string (if present).
- If the event message persists, there is a hardware defect and the inverter must be replaced.
- If the event message is no longer displayed, perform further test steps (insulation and voltage measurement) within the faulty string and rectify errors in the corresponding area (PV module, DC lines, DC line connections).
- Once the error has been rectified, reconnect the string.
- If the event message recurs, the insulation error has permanently damaged the inverter. Replace the inverter.

11.1.29 Event 6404

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- Self-diagnosis
- Interference device

Explanation:

The inverter has detected an overcurrent on the AC grid side and disconnected from the utility grid.

Corrective measures:

- If the event message occurs once or rarely, no further measures are required.
- If the event message is permanently present, the assembly or inverter needs to be replaced.

11.1.30 Event 6405

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- Self-diagnosis
- Interference device

Explanation:

The inverter has detected DC overvoltage in the DC link. This fault can have internal or external causes.

Corrective measures:

- If the event message occurs once or rarely, no further measures are required.
- In the inverter event memory, check whether event message 3801/3802 is additionally displayed.
- If the event message is displayed frequently, ensure that the PV modules have been correctly rated and wired using Sunny Design.
- Ensure that the technical data for the DC input of the inverter is observed.
- Ensure that the DC connection is correctly executed. Possible error sources: DC plug connections, DC cabling, PV modules.
- If the event message persists despite successful checks, the assembly or inverter needs to be replaced.

11.1.31 Event 6406

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- Self-diagnosis
- Interference device

Explanation:

The inverter has detected that the current at input A has exceeded the maximum values as laid down in the technical specifications.

Corrective measures:

- If the event message occurs once or rarely, no further measures are required.
- In the inverter event memory, check whether event message 3801/3802 is additionally displayed.

- If the event message is displayed frequently, ensure that the PV modules have been correctly rated and wired using Sunny Design.
- Ensure that the technical data for the DC input of the inverter is observed.
- Ensure that the DC connection is correctly executed. Possible error sources: DC plug connections, DC cabling, PV modules.
- If the event message persists despite successful checks, the assembly or inverter needs to be replaced.

11.1.32 Event 6407

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- Self-diagnosis
- Interference device

Explanation:

The inverter has detected that the hardware threshold for overcurrent has been exceeded at the DC input in question.

Corrective measures:

- If the event message occurs once or rarely, no further measures are required.
- If the event message is displayed frequently, ensure that the PV modules have been correctly rated and wired using Sunny Design.
- Ensure that the technical data for the DC input of the inverter is observed.
- If the event message is permanently present, the assembly or inverter needs to be replaced.

11.1.33 Event 6422

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- Self-diagnosis
- Interference device

Explanation:

The inverter has detected a device fault.

Corrective measures:

- Connect to the inverter user interface and perform a restart.
- If the event message persists, disconnect the inverter from the voltage source.
- Wait until all LEDs are off.
- Recommission the inverter.
- If the event message persists, the assembly or inverter needs to be replaced.

11.1.34 Event 6438

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- Self-diagnosis
- Interference device

Explanation:

The conditions for operation of the internal AC converter stage of the inverter have not been met. The inverter disconnects from the utility grid for safety reasons.

If the event message occurs frequently or is permanently present, perform the following corrective measures.

Corrective measures:

- Disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources.
- Wait until the LEDs have gone out.
- Ensure that the technical data for the DC input of the inverter is observed.
- Ensure that the mains voltage at the AC connection of the inverter and in the subdistributor is in the permissible range.
- Recommission the inverter and make sure that the internal relays audibly switch.
- If the event message persists or the relays do not audibly switch and the inverter possibly reports event message 7702, the inverter needs to be replaced.

11.1.35 Event 6501**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- **Self-diagnosis**
- **Overtemperature**

Explanation:

The inverter has switched off due to excessive temperature.

Corrective measures:

- Clean the cooling fins on the rear of the enclosure and the air ducts on the top using a soft brush.
- Ensure that the inverter has sufficient ventilation.
- Ensure that the inverter is not exposed to direct solar irradiation.
- Ensure the maximum ambient temperature is not exceeded.

11.1.36 Event 6511**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- **Self-diagnosis**
- **Overtemperature**

Explanation:

An overtemperature has been detected in the choke area.

Corrective measures:

- Clean the cooling fins on the rear of the enclosure and the air ducts on the top using a soft brush.
- Ensure that the inverter has sufficient ventilation.
- Ensure that the inverter is not exposed to direct solar irradiation.

11.1.37 Event 6512

Event message:

- **Minimum operating temperature not reached**

Explanation:

The inverter will only recommence grid feed-in once the temperature has reached at least -25°C .

11.1.38 Event 6602

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON**Event message:**

- **Overvoltage grid (SW)**

Explanation:

The effective value of the grid voltage is above the permitted voltage threshold values for a specified period of time (AF limit).

Corrective measures:

- Check the grid voltage and connection on the inverter.
If the grid voltage lies outside the permissible range due to local grid conditions, ask your grid operator if the voltage can be adjusted at the feed-in point or if it would be acceptable to change the monitored operating limits.

11.1.39 Event 7001

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON**Event message:**

- **Fault sensor interior temperature**

Explanation:

A temperature sensor in the inverter is defective and the inverter interrupts the feed-in operation. The red LED on the inverter lights up.

Corrective measures:

- The assembly or inverter needs to be replaced.

11.1.40 Event 7014

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON**Event message:**

- **Fault boost converter temperature sensor**

Explanation:

Fan is always on.

Corrective measures:

- Contact Service.

11.1.41 Event 7015

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Fault sensor interior temperature**

Explanation:

A temperature sensor in the inverter is defective and the inverter interrupts the feed-in operation. The cause must be determined by the Service.

Corrective measures:

- Contact Service.

11.1.42 Event 7702

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Relay defect**
- **Self-diagnosis / SlfDiag**
- **Interference device / DevFlt**

Explanation:

Error during the relay test. An internal relay can no longer be opened or closed. This means that the inverter cannot connect to the utility grid. The cause may be a faulty relay. The relay contacts can be damaged by transient overvoltages in the AC grid or a ground fault in the DC installation. The event message may also occur temporarily in the event of fluctuations in the utility grid.

Corrective measures:

- Ensure that the AC connection at the inverter and at the point of interconnection is correctly executed. Repair or replace defective terminal points and fuses.
- Ensure that screw-type fuses are not used as load-break switches.
- Check the system's AC grid. Do this by measuring the voltage between N and the individual line conductors. The voltage should be the same as the mains voltage and almost identical for all conductors. Also measure the voltage between N and PE. This should be less than 10 V.

Greater voltage differences may indicate a displaced neutral point due to faulty or insufficient grounding measures.

- If the event message persists after the corrective measures, the assembly or inverter needs to be replaced.

11.1.43 Event 7703

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- **Self-diagnosis / SlfDiag**
- **Interference device / DevFlt**

Explanation:

Error during the relay test. An internal relay can no longer be opened or closed. This means that the inverter cannot connect to the utility grid. The cause may be a faulty relay. The relay contacts can be damaged by transient overvoltages in the AC grid or a ground fault in the DC installation. The event message may also occur temporarily in the event of fluctuations in the utility grid.

Corrective measures:

- Ensure that the AC connection at the inverter and at the point of interconnection is correctly executed. Repair or replace defective terminal points and fuses.
- Ensure that screw-type fuses are not used as load-break switches.
- Check the system's AC grid. Do this by measuring the voltage between N and the individual line conductors. The voltage should be the same as the mains voltage and almost identical for all conductors. Also measure the voltage between N and PE. This should be less than 10 V.

Greater voltage differences may indicate a displaced neutral point due to faulty or insufficient grounding measures.

- If the event message persists after the corrective measures, the assembly or inverter needs to be replaced.

11.1.44 Event 7801**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- **Fault overvoltage protector**

Explanation:

One or more surge arresters have tripped or one or more surge arresters or the telecommunication cable are not inserted correctly.

Corrective measures:

- Ensure that the surge arrester and the telecommunication cable are inserted correctly.
- If surge arresters have tripped, replace the tripped surge arresters with new surge arresters.

11.1.45 Event 8501**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- **DC current sensor C offset**

Corrective measures:

- If this message is displayed again, contact the Service.

11.1.46 Event 8708**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- **Timeout in communication for active power limitation**

Explanation:

Communication to the system control absent. Depending on the fallback setting, either the last received values will be retained or the active power will be limited to the set percentage value of the inverter nominal power.

Corrective measures:

- Ensure that the connection to the System Manager is intact and that no cables are damaged or that no plugs have been pulled.

11.1.47 Event 8709**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- Timeout in communication for reactive power spec.

Explanation:

Communication to the system control absent. Depending on the fallback setting, either the last received values will be retained or the active power will be limited to the set percentage value of the inverter nominal power.

Corrective measures:

- Ensure that the connection to the System Manager is intact and that no cables are damaged or that no plugs have been pulled.

11.1.48 Event 8710**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event number:**

- Timeout in communication for cos-Phi spec.

Explanation:

Communication to the system control absent.

Corrective measures:

- Ensure that the connection to the System Manager is intact and that no cables are damaged or that no plugs have been pulled.

11.1.49 Event 9002**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- Installer code invalid

Explanation:

The SMA Grid Guard code entered is incorrect. The operating parameters are still protected and cannot be changed.

Corrective measures:

- Enter the correct SMA Grid Guard code.

11.1.50 Event 9003**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- Grid parameter locked

Explanation:

Changes to the grid parameters are now blocked.

Corrective measures:

- In order to be able to make changes to the grid parameters, you must be logged in as **Administrator** or **Installer** on the user interface. All changes to grid-relevant parameters should be coordinated with the grid operator.

11.1.51 Event 9007**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- **Abort self-test**

Explanation:

The self-test was terminated.

Corrective measures:

- Ensure that the AC connection is correct.
- Ensure that the country data set has been entered correctly.
- Restart the self-test.

11.1.52 Event 9033**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- **Rapid shutdown has been triggered**

Explanation:

The inverter detected the triggering of a rapid shutdown. The AC side of the inverter has been disconnected or the external rapid shutdown initiator has been activated. The PV inputs are being discharged.

11.1.53 Event 9034**⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON****Event message:**

- **Error in the rapid shutdown system**

Explanation:

This message can have the following causes:

- The rapid shutdown function was not correctly configured.
- The PV module could not be correctly disconnected. Voltage can be applied to the DC inputs of the inverter.
- The standby voltage of all PV module switches of a string is $> 30\text{ V}$.
- With DC lines laid in parallel, another inverter in the system has caused the Sunspec signal to be overwritten.

Corrective measures:

- Check the settings of the rapid shutdown function and ensure that the operating mode selected is selected according to the DC disconnection unit used.
- Check the functionality of the PV module switches.
- Check the standby voltage of the PV module switches used and ensure that the standby voltage of all PV module switches of a string $< 30\text{ V}$.

11.1.54 Event 9035

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- Rapid shutdown performed successfully

Explanation:

The voltage at the DC inputs and at the AC output of the inverter was successfully discharged.

11.1.55 Event 9038

QUALIFIED PERSON

Event message:

- Redundant rapid shutdown discharge function not assured

Explanation:

The cause must be determined by the Service.

Corrective measures:

- Contact Service.

11.2 Calculating the insulation resistance

The expected total resistance of the PV system or of an individual string can be calculated using the following formula:

The exact insulation resistance of a PV module can be obtained from the module manufacturer or the datasheet.

$$\frac{1}{R_{\text{total}}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \dots$$

The exact insulation resistance of a PV module can be obtained from the module manufacturer or the datasheet.

For the resistance of a PV module an average value can be assumed: for thin-film PV modules approximately 40 MOhm and for polycrystalline and monocrystalline PV modules approximately 50 MOhm per PV module.

Also see:

- [Checking the PV System for Ground Faults](#) ⇒ page 99

11.3 Checking the PV System for Ground Faults

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

If the red LED is glowing and the event number 3501, 3601 or 3701 is being displayed in the **Results** menu on the inverter user interface, there may be a ground fault present. The electrical insulation from the PV system to ground is defective or insufficient.

⚠ DANGER

Danger to life due to electric shock when touching live system components in case of a ground fault

If a ground fault occurs, parts of the system may still be live. Touching live parts and cables results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Disconnect the product from voltage sources and ensure it cannot be reconnected before working on the device.
- Only touch the cables of the PV modules on their insulation.
- Do not touch any parts of the substructure or frame of the PV array.
- Do not connect PV strings with ground faults to the inverter.
- Ensure that no voltage is present and wait 5 minutes before touching any parts of the PV system or the product.

⚠ WARNING

Danger to life due to electric shock from destruction of the measuring device due to overvoltage

Overvoltage can damage a measuring device and result in voltage being present in the enclosure of the measuring device. Touching the live enclosure of the measuring device results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Only use measuring devices with a DC input voltage range of 1000 V or higher.

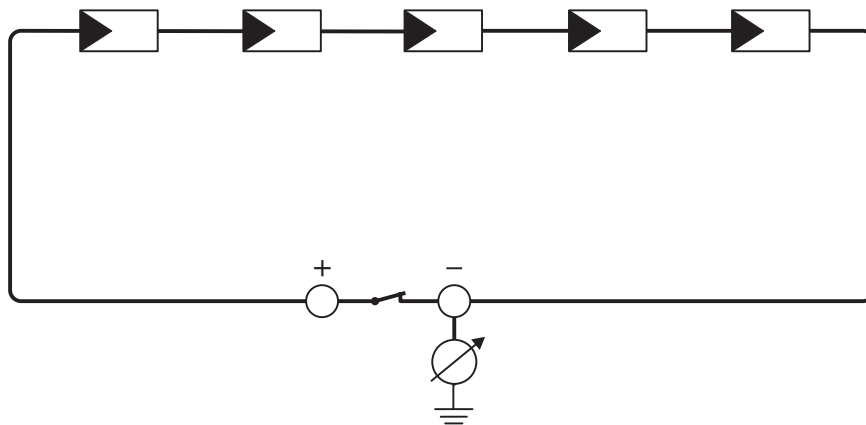


Figure 17: Schematic diagram of the measurement

Required equipment:

- ☐ Suitable device for safe disconnection and short-circuiting
- ☐ Measuring device for insulation resistance

i Device required for safe disconnection and short-circuiting of the PV modules

The insulation resistance can only be measured with a suitable device for safe disconnection and short-circuiting of the PV modules. If no suitable device is available, the insulation measurement must not be carried out.

Procedure:

1. Calculate the expected insulation resistance per string.
2. Disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources (see Section 9, page 75).
3. Install the short circuit device.
4. Connect the measuring device for insulation resistance.
5. Short-circuit the first string.
6. Set the test voltage. The test voltage should be as close as possible to the maximum system voltage of the PV modules but must not exceed it (see datasheet of the PV modules).
7. Measure the insulation resistance.
8. Eliminate the short circuit.
9. Measure the remaining strings in the same manner.
 - ☒ If the insulation resistance of a string deviates considerably from the theoretically calculated value, there is a ground fault present in that string.
10. Reconnect to the inverter only those strings from which the ground fault has been eliminated.
11. Reconnect all other strings to the inverter.
12. Recommission the inverter.
13. If the inverter still displays an insulation error, contact the Service. The PV modules might not be suitable for the inverter in the present quantity.

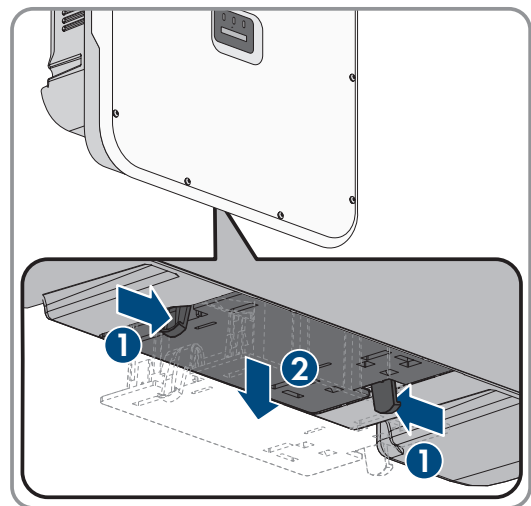
Also see:

- [Calculating the insulation resistance ⇒ page 98](#)

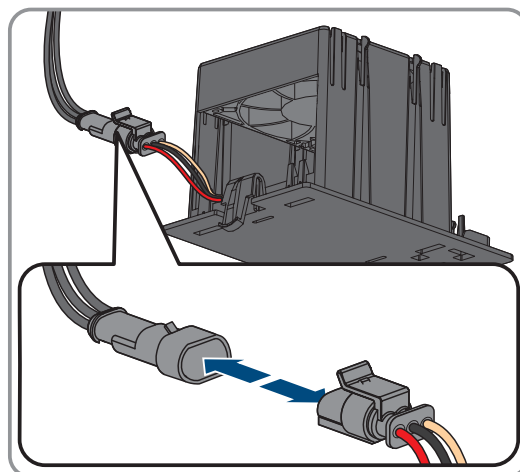
11.4 Cleaning the Fans

If the inverter reduces its power due to overtemperature or even switches off, it is possible that the fan on the bottom of the inverter is no longer working properly due to contamination. Clean the fan as described in the following.

1. Disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources (see Section 9, page 75).
2. Press the two locking tabs together to release the fan drawer and carefully pull the enclosure with the fan out downward.



3. Disconnect the fan connector in the unlocked state.



4. Clean the fan assembly with a soft brush or a vacuum cleaner.

5. Reinstall the serviced fan assembly in the inverter.

6. Recommission the inverter (see Section 7.3, page 52).

11.5 Manual restart after electric arc

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

If manual restart is configured and an electric arc is detected, the feed-in operation will automatically stop. You can use the following parameter to resume feed-in operation after an electric arc has been detected.

Channel	Name	Settings
Operation.OpMod	General operating mode	Start

Also see:

- [Arc-Fault Circuit Interrupter \(AFCI\) ⇒ page 22](#)
- [Arc-Fault Circuit Interrupter \(AFCI\) ⇒ page 60](#)

11.6 Create Diagnostics Data

Download the diagnostic data of the device in case of failure. Diagnostic data makes it easier for SMA Service to analyze errors.

Requirements:

- ☐ The user interface must be open and you must be logged in.

Procedure:

1. Select the product in the focus navigation.
2. In the **Monitoring** menu, select **Diagnostics**.
3. Select **Diagnostic data**.
4. Select the required values and click **[Download]**.
5. Provide diagnostic data to the SMA Service.

12 Decommissioning the Product

QUALIFIED PERSON

To decommission the inverter completely upon completion of its service life, proceed as described in this Section.

CAUTION

Risk of injury due to weight of product

Injuries may result if the product is lifted incorrectly or dropped while being transported or mounted.

- Transport and lift the product carefully. Take the weight of the product into account.
- Use the carrying handles or hoist when transporting the product. To attach the hoist system, eye bolts must be screwed into the threads provided, which are located on the right and left of the product's mounting lugs.
- Wear suitable personal protective equipment for all work on the product.

Procedure:

1. Disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources (see Section 9, page 75).

2.  CAUTION

Risk of burns due to hot enclosure parts

- Wait 30 minutes for the enclosure to cool down.

3. If the DC terminal cover is present, disassemble the DC terminal cover. To do so, unscrew the M5x14 screws (TX25).
4. Remove the equipment grounding conductor of the PV modules from the equipment grounding bar. To do so, loosen the screws using a cross-head screwdriver.
5. Remove the equipment grounding bar from the inverter. To do this, unscrew the M5x18 screws (TX25) and remove the screws, washers and serrated conical spring washers.
6. Remove the AC conductors from the inverter. Press the locking levers all the way upward and pull the conductors out of the terminal blocks for the AC connection.
7. Press down the locking levers of the terminal blocks for the AC connection.
8. If the multifunction relay is used, remove the connection cable from the inverter.
9. If other cables (e.g. network cables or signal cables) are connected, remove them from the inverter.
10. If a module is plugged in, remove it from the inverter.
11. Close the enclosure lid of the inverter.
12. If the inverter is protected against theft, open the padlock and remove it.
13. Unscrew the two M5x14 screws protecting the inverter from being lifted off with a screwdriver (TX25).
14. Lift the inverter up and off the mounting bracket.
15. If the inverter is to be stored or shipped in packaging, pack the inverter. Use the original packaging or packaging that is suitable for the weight and dimensions of the inverter.

13 Disposal

The product must be disposed of in accordance with the locally applicable disposal regulations for waste electrical and electronic equipment.

14 Technical Data

14.1 General Data

Width x height x depth	728 mm x 762 mm x 266 mm (28.7 in x 30 in x 10.5 in)
Weight	35 kg
Length x width x height of the packaging	800 mm x 880 mm x 400 mm (31.5 in x 34.6 in x 15.7 in)
Transport weight (including pallet)	40.5 kg (89.2 lbs)
Operating temperature range	-25°C to +60°C (-13°F to +140°F)
Storage temperature	-40°C to +70°C (-40°F to +158°F)
Max. permissible value for relative humidity (condensing)	100%
Maximum operating altitude above mean sea level (MSL)	4000 m (13123 ft)
Typical noise emission	59 dB(A)
Power loss in night mode	< 5 W
Topology	Transformerless (Non-isolated)
Cooling method	SMA OptiCool
Number of fans	1 exterior fan, 2 interior fan
Pollution degree of all enclosure parts	2
Enclosure degree of protection according to UL 50	Type 4X
Corrosivity classification according to IEC 61701 (at a minimum distance of 0.5 km (0.3 mile) from the coast)	C5
Protection class	I
Radio technology	WLAN 802.11 b/g/n
Radio spectrum	2.4 GHz
Maximum transmission power	100 mW
Wi-Fi range in free-field conditions	10 m (33 ft)
Quantity maximum detectable Wi-Fi networks	32

Grid configurations

S TP 13-US-50: 208 V / 120 V wye connection; STP 20-US-50 / STP 25-US-50 / STP 30-US-50: 480 V / 277 V wye connection

National standards and approvals, as per 04/2023

UL 62109-1, UL 1699B Ed. 1, IEEE 1547-2018, UL 1741 SB, UL 3741, UL 1998, *Canadian Electrical Code*® CSA 22.2 No. 62109-1:16 / 62109-2:16, FCC Part 15 (Class A), PV Rapid Shutdown System Equipment in accordance with UL1741:2021, CA Rule 21, HECO Rule 14H, ISO-NE

14.2 DC Input

	STP 13-US-50	STP 20-US-50	STP 25-US-50	STP 30-US-50
Maximum power of PV array	26000 W _p STC	30,000 W _p STC	37500 W _p STC	45000 W _p STC
Maximum input voltage	800 V	1000 V	1000 V	1000 V
MPP voltage range	230 V to 720 V	350 V to 800 V	430 V to 800 V	515 V to 800 V
Rated input voltage	307 V	685 V	710 V	710 V
Minimum input voltage	150 V	150 V	150 V	150 V
Initial input voltage	188 V	188 V	188 V	188 V
Maximum usable input current per input	24 A	24 A	24 A	24 A
Maximum short-circuit current per input ²⁾	37.5 A	37.5 A	37.5 A	37.5 A
Maximum reverse current into the PV modules	0 A	0 A	0 A	0 A
Number of independent MPP inputs	3	3	3	3
Strings per MPP input	2	2	2	2
Overvoltage category in accordance with UL 62109-1	II	II	II	II

14.3 AC Output

	STP 13-US-50	STP 20-US-50	STP 25-US-50	STP 30-US-50
Rated power at 277 V, 60 Hz	13000 W	20000 W	25000 W	30000 W

²⁾ In accordance with UL 62109-1: $I_{SC,PV}$

	STP 13-US-50	STP 20-US-50	STP 25-US-50	STP 30-US-50
Maximum apparent power	13000 VA	20000 VA	25000 VA	30000 VA
Rated apparent power	13000 VA	20000 VA	25000 VA	30000 VA
Nominal grid voltage	208 V / 120 V	480 V / 277 V	480 V / 277 V	480 V / 277 V
Rated grid voltage	277 V	277 V	277 V	277 V
Voltage range ³⁾	108 V to 132 V	244 V to 305 V	244 V to 305 V	244 V to 305 V
Rated current at 277 V	24 A	24 A	30 A	36 A
Maximum output current	36 A	24 A	30 A	36 A
Maximum output current under fault conditions	682.5 A _{peak} / 10 ms	682.5 A _{peak} / 10 ms	682.5 A _{peak} / 10 ms	682.5 A _{peak} / 10 ms
The total harmonic distortion of the output current and AC voltage must each be <2%. This condition applies when the AC power is > 50% of the rated power.	< 3%	< 3%	< 3%	< 3%
Inrush current	< 10% of the nominal AC current for a maximum of 10 ms	< 10% of the nominal AC current for a maximum of 10 ms	< 10% of the nominal AC current for a maximum of 10 ms	< 10% of the nominal AC current for a maximum of 10 ms
Rated grid frequency	60 Hz	60 Hz	60 Hz	60 Hz
Grid frequency ³⁾	60 Hz	60 Hz	60 Hz	60 Hz
Operating range at grid frequency 60 Hz	54 Hz to 66 Hz	50 Hz to 66 Hz	50 Hz to 66 Hz	50 Hz to 66 Hz
Power factor at rated power	1	1	1	1
Displacement power factor, adjustable	0.8 overexcited to 0.8 underexcited	0.8 overexcited to 0.8 underexcited	0.8 overexcited to 0.8 underexcited	0.8 overexcited to 0.8 underexcited
Feed-in phases	3	3	3	3
Connection phases	3-(N)-PE	3-(N)-PE	3-(N)-PE	3-(N)-PE
Overvoltage category in accordance with UL 62109-1	III	III	III	III

³⁾ Depending on the configured country data set

14.4 Digital inputs

Digital inputs

Quantity	6
Input voltage	12 V DC
Maximum cable length	100 m (328 ft)

14.5 Digital output (multifunction relay)

Number	5
Execution	Potential-free relay contacts
Maximum switching voltage	30 V DC
Maximum switching current	1 A
Minimum switching current	10 mA
Minimum electrical endurance when the maximum switching voltage and maximum switching current are complied with ⁴⁾	100000 switching cycles
Bounce time	5 ms
Reset time	5 ms
Maximum cable length	< 30 m (98 ft)

14.6 Communication

SMA devices	Max. 5 subordinate devices with SMA Speedwire (inverters, charging stations and energy meters), 100 Mbit/s
I/O systems and meters	Ethernet, 10/100 Mbit/s, Modbus TCP

14.7 Data Storage Capacity

1-minute values	7 days
5-minute values	7 days
15-minute values	30 days
60-minute values	3 years
Event messages	1024 events

14.8 Efficiency

	STP 13-US-50	STP 20-US-50	STP 25-US-50	STP 30-US-50
CEC weighted efficiency, η_{CEC}	97%	97.5%	98%	98%

⁴⁾ Corresponds to 20 years at 12 switching operations per day

14.9 Protective Devices

DC reverse polarity protection	Short-circuit diode
Input-side disconnection point	DC load-break switch
DC overvoltage protection	Surge arrester type 1+2 or type 2 (optional)
AC short-circuit current capability	Current control
Grid monitoring	SMA Grid Guard 10.0
Maximal output overcurrent protection	60 A
Ground fault monitoring	Insulation monitoring: $R_{iso} > 100 \text{ k}\Omega$
All-pole sensitive residual-current monitoring unit	Available
Arc fault detection AFCI, type 1, listed according to UL1699B Ed. 1	Available
Rapid Shutdown Equipment	Self discharge at all DC and AC connection lines < 30 V
Active anti-islanding method	Frequency shift

14.10 Climatic Conditions

Installation in accordance with IEC 60721-3-4, Class 4K26

Extended temperature range	-25 °C to +60 °C (-13 °F to +140 °F)
Extended humidity range	0% to 100%
Threshold for relative humidity, non-condensing	100 %
Extended air pressure range	79.5 kPa to 106 kPa

Transport in accordance with IEC 60721-3-4, Class 2K12

Temperature range	-40 °C to +70 °C (-40 °F to +158 °F)
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14.11 Equipment

DC connection	Amphenol DC connector
AC terminal	Spring-cage terminals
Digital output (multifunction relay)	As standard
Digital inputs, DI 1 – 4	As standard
Digital inputs, DI 5 – 7	As standard
DC surge protection devices type 1+2 or type 2	Optional

14.12 Torques

Screws for protecting the inverter from being lifted (TX25)	1.5 Nm (13.3 in-lb)
Equipment grounding bar screws (TX25)	4 Nm (35.4 in-lb ±2.7 in-lb)

Screw installation DC terminal cover (TX25)	4 Nm (35 in-lb)
Enclosure lid screws (TX25)	6 Nm ± 0.5 Nm (53.1 in-lb ± 4.4 in-lb)

15 Accessories

You will find the accessories for your product in the following overview. If required, these can be ordered from SMA Solar Technology AG or your distributor.

Accessories	SMA order number
DC overvoltage protection type 1+2 DC overvoltage protection as an accessory for Sunny Tripower X 30-US PV inverters, consisting of base incl. connection cable and connected surge arresters type 1+2	DC_SPD_KIT7_T1T2
DC overvoltage protection type 2 DC overvoltage protection as an accessory for Sunny Tripower X 30-US PV inverters, consisting of base incl. connection cable and connected surge arresters type 2	DC_SPD_KIT6-10
DC terminal cover DC connection cover as an accessory for Sunny Tripower X 30-US PV inverters, consisting of enclosure, cover, and mounting material	DC-TERM-COVER
SMA Sensor Module-US SMA Sensor Module-US with interfaces for the connection of different sensors as accessories for Sunny Tripower X 30-US, Sunny Tripower CORE1-US, and Sunny Boy PV inverters of type SB3.0-1SP-US-40/-41 / SB3.0-1SP-US-40/-41 / SB5.0-1SP-US-40/-41 / SB6.0-1SP-US-40/-41 / SB7.0-1SP-US-40/-41 / SB7.7-1SP-US-40/-41, consisting of module, mounting material, and terminal blocks	MD.SEN-US-40
AC Disconnect Kit AC circuit breaker as an accessory for Sunny Tripower X 30-US PV inverters, consisting of aluminum mounting bracket, AC circuit breaker unit with plastic enclosure, and mounting materials	210841-00.01
Roof Mount Kit Mounting system as an accessory for ground-mounted or rooftop installation of Sunny Tripower X 30-US PV inverters, consisting of aluminum sheet and mounting materials	210462-00.01

16 Compliance Information

FCC Compliance

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules and with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s).

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. this device may not cause harmful interference, and
2. this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence.

L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes :

1. l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et
2. l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Changes or modifications made to this equipment not expressly approved by SMA Solar Technology AG may void the FCC authorization to operate this equipment.

17 Contact

If you experience any technical problems with our products, please contact the Service. The following data is required in order to provide you with the necessary assistance:

- Device type
- Serial number
- Firmware version
- Device configuration (System Manager or subordinate device)
- Special country-specific settings (if available)
- Event message
- Installation site and mounting height
- Type and number of PV modules
- Optional equipment (e.g. accessories used)
- Use the name of the system in Sunny Portal (if available)
- Access data for Sunny Portal (if available)
- Operating mode of the multifunction relay (if used)
- Detailed description of the problem

You can find your country's contact information at:



<https://go.sma.de/service>

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